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WEEKS BILL STYLED A PATRIOTIC VICTORY BY FORESTRY EXPERT

Philip W. Ayres Says Passage of Conservation Measure Means Much to New England States.

WIRE TO CAPITAL

Author of Successful Legislation Looks on This as First Step in New National Policy.

WASHINGTON—In a statement issued today Representative Weeks declared that the passage of the Appalachian forest reserve bill Wednesday by the Senate was a step of extreme importance in promoting a conservative policy.

"While this bill is known as the Appalachian bill," the statement says, "it is country-wide in application and after the benefits are understood, I have no doubt that the sentiment for a continuation of this conservation plan will be universal, so that we may properly consider it a fixture in our national policy."

The bill passed the Senate by a vote of 57 to 9.

The adoption of the Weeks bill for the creation of national forest reserves in the north and south Appalachian mountains by Congress was declared today to be the culmination of a patriotic movement which has been going on for years by Philip W. Ayres of Concord, N. H., forester of the Society for the

BILLS TO ALLOW BANKS TO INVEST IN REAL ESTATE

Three bills to permit savings banks to invest in first mortgage bonds secured by real estate located within the commonwealth were considered by the legislative committee on banks and banking today. J. Porter Russell appeared in advocacy of the bills, which were considered jointly.

Mr. Russell said that under the present law it has been found very difficult in many cases to finance large building operations, dealers in Boston who have desired to put up large blocks sometimes finding it impossible to borrow the necessary money from the banks.

Francis Parkman, representing the savings bank interests, said the only objection to such legislation is that it might possibly be granted without proper safeguards, but if the committee will throw every possible safeguard about it he felt there would be no danger from the passage of such a bill. He proposed that all the safeguards included in the three bills before the committee be grouped into one, and the petitioners assented to this proposal. The hearing was closed.

RUSSIA MOVES AGAINST CHINA

LONDON—The foreign office was today notified by Russia that she intended to make a military demonstration against China in order to force compliance with the treaty of 1881. Similar notes, it is understood, have been sent to the other powers.

The extent of the movement, it is added, in the diplomatic note, will depend entirely upon the attitude assumed by China. The vital questions involved are free trade in Mongolia, the extraterritorial rights of Russians in China, and the establishment of a Russian consulate at Khabarovsk.

In 1881 Russia evacuated all in return for consular and commercial privileges in Mongolia and Manchuria. It is considered likely that the Russian troops sent to northern Mongolia will occupy the town of Uliassutai.

SIMMONS CLASS AT GREENHOUSE

Section C of the course in horticulture at Simmons College met today at the greenhouse, 78 Bellevue street. This is the third and last section of the course.

The junior "prom" will be held on April 28 at 321 Brookline avenue.

CONSERVES NIAGARA FALLS.

WASHINGTON—An important joint resolution relative to conserving the scenic beauty of Niagara Falls was reported favorably Wednesday from the Senate committee on foreign relations. It extends the provisions of the act for the regulation of the amount of water that may be diverted from the Niagara river so that they shall be in force during the life of the treaty with Great Britain upon the same subject.

Royal Painter Is Guest of Mrs. John L. Gardner While on Visit in Boston



PRINCESS LWOFF-PARLAGHY. Picture shows visitor alighting from her carriage.

Mrs. John L. Gardner is entertaining the Princess Lwoff-Parlaghy of Hungary and suite at the Fenway palace today, also visiting with her the Museum of Fine Arts and the Boston public library.

Friday afternoon from 5 o'clock until 7 o'clock a reception will be held in honor of the princess at the home of the Rev. and Mrs. Theodore Chickering Williams at 90 Mt. Vernon street.

At this reception the princess will meet President Emeritus Charles W. Eliot of Harvard, President Lowell of Harvard and Dr. Munsterberg.

Her highness has received word from New York that all arrangements are complete for the formal presentation of her portrait of Joseph H. Choate to the American Museum of Natural History.

Henry F. Osborn, president of the board of directors of the museum, has arranged the presentation for Feb. 28.

FACTORY INSPECTION CALLED INADEQUATE BY CHAMBER REPORT

State inspection of factories and workshops in Massachusetts is improperly organized and defective in other important particulars, according to a report issued today by the industrial relations committee of the Boston Chamber of Commerce.

The report says that losses of working people could be greatly reduced if the inspection were better organized, and the chamber have voted to favor legislation looking to reorganization.

The committee in a second report also recommends that the chamber favor provision being made by the Legislature for a further investigation of the method of providing compensation for working people for injuries.

This report, with the indorsement of the board of directors, will go before the members of the chamber at their meeting at the American house on Tuesday evening. The committee says that while the need for action is great, there is not sufficient information on which to base a proper law.

The report recommends that the factory inspection system be organized along the following lines:

"First, all authority exercised for this purpose should be brought under one head which should be a board with a small membership representing the various interests concerned. Under this board a director or commissioner of industrial inspection should be the active head of the department, but his rulings should be subject to revision by the board. Under his direction should be such deputies as may be necessary and an adequate force of inspectors.

"Second, the board and the officers subordinate to it should have power:

"(a) To make reasonable rules and regulations to govern conditions affecting health and safety in industrial establishments;

"(b) To enter and inspect all industrial establishments;

"(c) To require that, so far as practicable, efficient means shall be employed in such establishments to prevent personal injury among employees."

CHELSEA CITIZENS ASK ANNEXING OF CITY TO BOSTON

A committee of Chelsea citizens called on Mayor Fitzgerald today in regard to annexation of that city to Boston. The arguments put forth by the committee were that Chelsea's interests are closely identified with those of Boston; that her manufacturing prestige compares favorably with that of any municipality in the commonwealth, and that she would have a great advantage in being able to place the label "Made in Boston" on her numerous products.

WINS TECH POSTER CONTEST.

Felix Arnold Burton of Newton Center, a graduate student at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, is announced as the winner of the Tech show 1911 poster competition. He won the poster contest in 1909.

BOSTON Y. M. C. A. DESIRES TO CONFER COMMERCE DEGREE

Application Is Made to Legislature for the Right Thusto Recognize Proficiency of Students.

THREE-YEAR COURSE

A bill is now before the Massachusetts Legislature making provision for the granting of degrees by the school of commerce and finance conducted by the Boston Young Men's Christian Association.

This school, which has been in successful operation since 1907, has been raising its grade constantly since that time.

(Continued on Page Four, Column Two.)

MANY PLACES SEEK SHARE OF \$100,000 STATE HARBOR FUND

Representatives from nearly every city and town on the Massachusetts coast were present at a hearing before the water and land commissioners at the State House today, each seeking a share of the annual appropriation of \$100,000 for the development and improvement of ports along the seacoast.

From the data secured at the hearing today the commissioners will apportion the money among the several cities and towns which are believed deserving of appropriations for the improvement of their water front. The allotments will be made public soon.

Counsel for street railway interests of the state are expected before the committee on street railways to protest against a bill which provides that transfers shall be received as legal fare any hour of the day on which they are issued, and another which would oblige street railway companies to equip every car with a lifting-jack.

The Governor's recommendation that Massachusetts create a public utilities board similar to the New York public service commission which shall take over the functions of the railroad, gas and electric light, highway and Boston transit commissions, is up for consideration again today before the special committee named by the Legislature to study this matter.

BARNARD COLLEGE DEAN IS INSTALLED

NEW YORK—Miss Virginia Gildersleeve, daughter of former Supreme Court Justice Gildersleeve, was installed as dean of Barnard College this afternoon. A company of educators which included the heads of most of the eastern girls' colleges, attended the exercises.

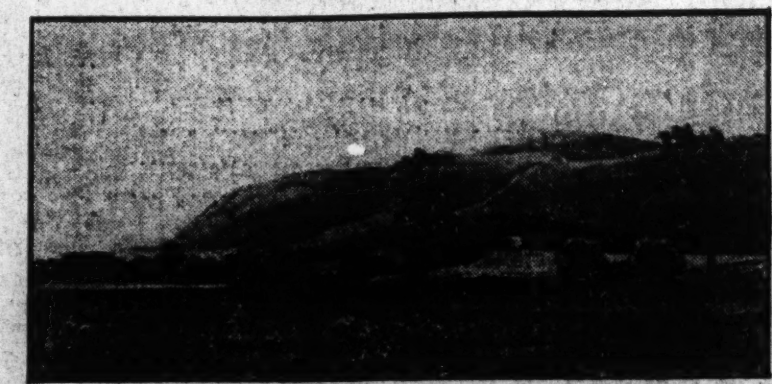
BOARD ADVISES NEW HIGHWAYS TO MT. EVERETT

Mt. Everett, or the "Dome of the Taconics," as it is often called, is brought to public attention by the report of the M. Everett state reservation commission, being circulated throughout the state today. The report recommends the purchase of additional land about the base of the mountain and the construction of highways thereon.

Mt. Everett is the second highest peak in Massachusetts—the crowning glory of the southern Berkshires. From its summit may be seen wide valleys, placid lakes and quiet villages, and far to the west, on clear days, may be seen the Hudson river.

The reservation has recently been brought four miles nearer the railroad by the completion of an electric railway from Great Barrington to South Egremont. An interstate macadam road is now being built over the summit of the Taconic range from New York to Massachusetts, about three miles north of Mount Everett, thus facilitating transportation to the reservation.

SECOND HIGHEST PEAK IN BAY STATE



Mt. Everett, Berkshire county, from the northeast, a report on which is being sent out today.

CITIZENS' CAUCUS AT BROOKLINE FOR TOWN OFFICERS

A citizens' caucus will be held this afternoon and evening in Brookline. Nominations for all town officers will be made and a moderator chosen for the annual town meeting in March.

All the present members of the board of selectmen are candidates for re-election and reelection. They are Chairman Philip S. Parker, Horace James, John A. Curtin, George S. Baldwin, Everett M. Bowker. Opposition to the present board is found in Walter J. Cusick and Patrick J. Cantwell who have taken as their platform greater economy in the management of the town's affairs.

In the school committee of nine members the terms of three expire this month. Two of them, Dr. Walter Channing and William H. White, are candidates for reelection. Edward C. Mills has declined to serve further and for his place Dr. Arthur A. Cushing and Dr. Frederick L. Hayes have announced themselves as candidates. Fred H. Williams is unopposed for moderator. The caucus will open at 4:15 and close at 10 o'clock.

NEW HAVEN MEASURE SENT BACK TO HOUSE FOR RECOMMITTAL

After a conference today with counsel for the railroads and other parties interested in the petition of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company to take over the Boston, Revere Beach & Lynn railroad, the legislative committee on railroads voted to ask the Legislature to be relieved of considering the matter alone, and to recommend to that body that the petition be referred to the committees on metropolitan affairs and railroads sitting jointly.

The hearing on the petition and accompanying bill scheduled for today was postponed indefinitely.

Representative Roger Wolcott of Milton, speaking for the committee, announced to those present at the hearing that the scope of the bill was too broad to warrant a report on it to the Legislature by the committee on railroads alone.

It also seemed to the committee, he said, that the undertaking asked for in the petition was closely connected with several railroad problems which are at present before the committee on metropolitan affairs.

Some of these problems, said Mr. Wolcott, are the electrification of railroads in the metropolitan district, the proposed construction of the Boston & Eastern railroad, and the proposed tunnel between the North and South stations.

The action of the committee in voting to refer the petition of the New Haven road back to the Legislature was taken following a conference with Woodward Hudson, representing the New York Central lines, William H. Coolidge, counsel for the Boston & Maine railroad, Charles S. Baxter of Medford, representing the Boston & Eastern Railroad Company, and Arthur G. Wadleigh, city solicitor for Lynn.

The room where the hearing was to have been held today was crowded with those interested in the petition.

Henry M. Whitney of Boston was present, but said that he had not intended to speak.

John A. Fenno, superintendent of the Boston & Revere Beach railroad, and Ralph S. Bauer, president of the Lynn Board of Trade, also were there.

FREIGHT RAISES MAY BE ONE HALF

CHICAGO—Reports received in local financial circles today from Washington are to the effect that the interstate commerce commission will allow certain freight advances.

The western railroads are expected to get about 50 per cent of what they asked for and the eastern railroads about 35 per cent except the New York Central which will probably get 50 per cent.

HOUSE CARRIES RESUBMISSION.

AUGUSTA, Me.—The prohibition amendment to the Maine state constitution was practically ensured of resubmission to the people in a special election in September by a 105 to 40 vote of the state House of Representatives today.

NEW ENGLAND COURT TO UNIFY RAILROAD LAWS RECOMMENDED

Joint Commission Makes Report of the Character of Outstanding Securities of New Haven System.

VALUE IS \$496,280,801

No Dissenting Opinions From Document Which Is Result of Investigation Ordered by Legislature.

Legislation to make the law and policy of the state regarding railroad security issues correspond, and a tribunal established by concurrent action of the New England states, to be initiated by the General Court or the Governor of Massachusetts, having ample and sufficient powers to draw up a standard of uniform policy and statute for New England, are recommended in the detailed report filed today by the railroad commissioners, the bank and the tax commissioners, acting as a joint commission, with the Legislature.

The commission was appointed last June to examine the outstanding securities and property of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, with a view to validating that company's assets and advising future

(Continued on Page Two, Column One.)

GOVERNOR PROPOSES TO CUT PRINTING BILL

"The cost of the public documents in this commonwealth is scandalous," said Governor Foss in a message sent to the Legislature this afternoon in which he urges economy in the publication of state documents.

The Governor declares that in his opinion the executive, with the cooperation of the Legislature, can save the state annually a sum of from \$50,000 to \$100,000 in this work.

Mr. Foss adds that he believes in the fullest publicity necessary to keep the people of the commonwealth in touch with their legislators, but that the heavy expense incurred at present in issuing documents and reports is without justification.

The Governor says in part: "The last auditor's report on state printing contains items which aggregate slightly over \$100,000.

"As a matter of record, however, the state pays annually the sum of approximately \$300,000 for its printed matter. The sum of \$250,000 goes to the state printers and \$50,000 is spent directly by the commonwealth in the purchase of paper for printing and binding.

"I urge that the board of publications be abolished, because it has not met the requirements of the case. In place of this board I call upon you to empower the executive to employ as an editor and manager of publications a duly qualified expert in the publication of technical books.

"I urge you now to accept this opportunity to cooperate with the executive in reducing the expenses of the commonwealth and to enact the necessary legislation without delay."

STADIUM BRIDGE MEETING CLEARS AWAY OBSTACLES

Cambridge citizens, especially in college circles, are expressing their pleasure today over news despatches from Washington to the effect that all obstacles to the building of the new stadium bridge apparently have been overcome.

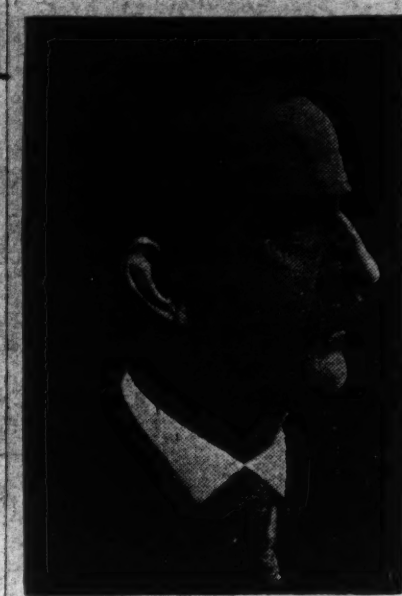
The messages say that abutments and owners of property interests on the Charles river above the bridge have agreed to withdraw objection to the proposed bridge with the understanding that a commission shall be appointed to pass upon any claims of damages that may be instituted.

The agreement was reached during a conference between the joint committee having the bill in charge and Gen. Edgar R. Champlin and Samuel L. Powers, representing interests of property owners. As the bill now stands, with the agreement inserted, the bridge can be begun as soon as the Massachusetts Legislature enacts a law authorizing the supreme court of the state to appoint a commission to adjudicate claims of damages.

SOMERVILLE POLICEMAN HELD.

William E. Taylor, a Somerville policeman, was held for the grand jury in the Somerville police court today on the charge of larceny from the Clarendon Hills car stables of electric batteries. On other charges of larceny he was sentenced to five months in the house of correction. He appealed and was held in bonds of \$2100.

Acting for President in Urging Senators to Give Reciprocity Right of Way



SENATOR CRANE OF BAY STATE.

Recommendations Made By the Joint Commission

New laws to better regulate the issue of railroad capital.
Establishment of a New England court to consider a standard of uniform policy.
Legislative authorization for the issue of capital stock by consolidated corporations chartered in two or more states.
Permission for a consolidated corporation to buy into other transportation companies under designation of Legislature.
Authorization for issue of bonds in excess of amount of capital stock if approved by competent authority to be designated by the Legislature.

GOVERNOR PROPOSES TO CUT PRINTING BILL

CHARGE OF OPPOSING GOVERNOR IS DENIED BY SENATOR BARNES

Senator George L. Barnes of the first Norfolk senatorial district gave out a public statement today in which he pronounced as unfounded and unwarranted the assertion made by Speaker Joseph Walker in a statement Wednesday that the Massachusetts Senate was endeavoring to embarrass Governor Foss in making an investigation of state institutions and departments.

After reviewing the steps which have already been taken to give the Governor the power to employ experts to investigate, Senator Barnes says:

"The Governor is charged only with the responsibility of making recommendations, while the Legislature actually expends the money raised by taxation.

"I am unable to comprehend how any one can say that there is anything unfair or unjust in providing that those who actually expend the people's money shall have as much information as, their disposal as to how it shall be expended.

"For this purpose and for this reason, I voted in the Senate, with the utmost sincerity and with quite as much public interest as any of those who have criticized our action, to join with the Governor, the chairman of the ways and means committee of both the House and Senate, which committees draft the measures for the actual expenditures of the people's money."

Senator Barnes laid stress on the burden of the \$100,000 cost, and said that there would have been no agitation of the question if "political ambition" had not won support for the Governor's proposal.

BILL TO AMERICANIZE BOSTON-OWNED SHIPS IS FAVORED IN HOUSE

WASHINGTON—The House committee on merchant marine and fisheries today ordered a favorable report on the Humphrey bill, granting American registry to the 17 ships of the United Fruit Company.

At the Boston office of the United Fruit Company it was said this afternoon that no news of the passage of the Humphrey bill had reached the officials here.

The company operates a fleet of about 80 vessels. It is understood to be their desire to operate a number of its liners running between the United States and Jamaica, Central and South American ports under American colors.

Four of the company's vessels now fly the American flag at the taffrail. The majority, however, are under the British flag, and some are of German, Norwegian and Danish registry.

CANADA'S ANNEXATION URGED ON PRESIDENT IN HOUSE RESOLUTION

Introduced by New York Republican, It Asks Mr. Taft to Begin Negotiations With Great Britain.

RECIPROCITY MOVES

Opponents of Bill in Senate Committee Promise Mr. Taft to Report It and Without Amendment.

WASHINGTON—Annexation of Canada as an immediate proposition was proposed in a resolution introduced in the House today by Representative Bennett, a New York Republican. It read: "That the President be requested to commence and continue negotiations with the British government to secure the annexation of the Dominion of Canada to the United States."

Mr. Bennett said that he introduced the resolution purely on his own initiative, and added: "Annexation of Canada to the United States will have to come sometime. It might as well be now."

Republican members of the Senate finance committee who are opposed to the reciprocity agreement with Canada promised President Taft today that the agreement would be reported with reasonable promptness and unamended.

The committee will probably meet tomorrow and if not tomorrow on Saturday. If the promises made to the President are kept the agreement will be in the Senate early next week.

In agreeing that it shall be reported, Republican members of the committee with one or two exceptions, told the President frankly that they would oppose the agreement on the floor of the Senate. They also told him they did not believe the agreement could be ratified at this session.

The President began calling the Republican members of the finance committee to the White House last night and he continued the proceeding today. Senators Lodge of Massachusetts, Burrows of Michigan and Smoot of Utah were with him for nearly an hour this morning. Senator Root of New York, though not a member of the committee, was also present at today's conference.

It was after this conference broke up that announcement was made that a promise had been given to the President that the finance committee would report the agreement unamended and report it without unnecessary delay.

Senator Smoot, who acted as spokesman for the members of the committee in the conference, said everybody had agreed that it would be bad politics for the committee to attempt to smother the agreement.

"I am opposed to the agreement," said he, "but I am willing that it shall be thrown into the Senate for general discussion."

"Do you believe it will be ratified at this session?"

"My own opinion is that it will not," said the senator.

"In case it is not ratified do you look for an extra session?"

"To express my personal opinion again, I think there will be an extra session." The arrangement is for Senator Burrows of Michigan as the ranking member of the finance committee in the absence of Senator Aldrich, to have charge of the agreement on the floor of the Senate. He is strongly opposed to it.

In explaining why he does not believe the Senate can possibly reach a vote on the agreement at this session, Senator Smoot pointed to the crowded legislative conditions in the Senate. He asserted that the Senate already has more business before it than it could possibly get out of the way before March 4.

It is understood that Senator Lodge will offer an amendment cutting off the Canadian fisheries bounty.

Mr. Crane's activity following a conference with the President leads to the opinion that he has been instructed by Mr. Taft to take full charge of the agreement and try to get it through the Senate. Determined to have it ratified without an extra session of Congress of possible, it is said that the President instructed Mr. Crane to approach various senators having measures pending and try to persuade them to step aside and allow reciprocity clear sailing.

Moreton Frewen, a member of the British Parliament, who called at the White House today, deprecated the speech of Champ Clark regarding the annexation of Canada, but added that he did not think it would prevent ratification of the agreement.

"I might say that it was an unfortunate utterance at this stage of the proceedings," he said, "but I could not well say more. The 8,000,000 people of the Dominion will get a market from the 90,000,000 people of the United States. I cannot see why they should not wish to grasp such an opportunity without delay."

"I even favor the reciprocity proposals as they relate to the English markets." (Continued on Page Two, Column Five.)

SEND YOUR "WANT" AD TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

If you are looking for employment, or for an employee
The Monitor offers you an opportunity to supply your need without the expense of advertising.

THIS OFFER DOES NOT APPLY TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

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Street.....
City..... State.....
CUT ON THIS LINE

State your "want" in 20 words and attach the above coupon, properly filled out. The above coupon must be attached to insure insertion.

IT WILL BE RUN FREE ONE WEEK ON THE CLASSIFIED AD PAGE

Write your advertisement, attach blank and mail direct to The Christian Science Monitor, Boston, Mass.

The Christian Science Monitor is read in every city in America.

NEW ENGLAND COURT TO UNIFY RAILROAD LAWS RECOMMENDED

(Continued from Page One.)

legislation for the regulation of issues of capital. A validation certificate was filed Dec. 30, 1910.

Valuation of the New Haven's property is stated to aggregate \$496,280,801, including all working assets, cash and securities. The physical property, consisting of the railroad proper and its equipment (excluding trolley lines), is valued at \$279,871,566.

A valuation of the system's property, in excess of official book values, is shown to a total of approximately \$100,000,000, which has been put into the property from earnings and increase in land values. Prof. George F. Swain cut down the book values of some of the New Haven's security holdings, particularly those in the subsidiary New England Navigation Company, the Rhode Island company and the Connecticut company.

In view of the modified public policy of Massachusetts since the passage of the present law and the situation as it is found, the board says that there should be general legislation enacted as follows:

"First—To authorize such issues of capital stock and bonds and such consolidations and extensions of road by a consolidated corporation chartered in two or more states, including authority to subscribe for, take and hold the stock, bonds or other evidences of indebtedness or guarantee the bonds or dividends of any other corporation engaged in the business of transporting passengers or freight or both as a common carrier, or in any business properly incidental thereto, as the public policy of any one of such states, as evidenced by legislative acts, may require or permit to such consolidated corporation within the exclusive jurisdiction of that state.

"Second—To authorize a consolidated corporation to subscribe for, take and hold the stock, bonds or other evidences of indebtedness or guarantee the bonds or dividends of any corporation engaged in the business of transporting passengers or freight or both as a common carrier, or in any business properly incidental thereto, such other corporation or corporations to be designated by the Legislature of Massachusetts and of any other state or states in which such consolidated corporation may be chartered.

"Third—Both of these provisions should be conditioned upon the supervision by Massachusetts authority to an extent sufficient to secure a proper value for all investments in the securities of other corporations and for all expenditures for the purchase of franchises or property in connection with consolidations or extensions of lines, which supervision would be in effect an approval by Massachusetts of stock or bond issues in respect of the value of the rights, franchises or property received therefor. Provision should, however, be made to authorize the issue of capital and other obligations which have been duly authorized or required by laws of any other state within which a consolidated corporation has been

chartered where the proceeds of the securities so issued are to be exclusively expended in such state, upon the filing with the designated authority in Massachusetts of satisfactory proof by affidavit or otherwise that the proceeds are to be so expended and for purposes of transportation or incidental thereto.

"Fourth—Provision should also be made to authorize the issue of bonds in excess of the amount of capital stock, if approved by competent authority to be designated by the Legislature for that purpose.

There are no dissenting opinions in the report, the findings submitted being concurred in by all its five members. The document includes approximately 300 typewritten pages, 60 of which set forth the board's recommendations; 163 more comprise the statement of Prof. George F. Swain, chief expert adviser of the board; while the remaining pages consist of an appraisal of the New Haven's security holdings made by Stone & Webster.

No attempt was made to estimate intangible assets, although, the report states, "these may amount to a very considerable item."

Professor Swain states that the John F. Stevens appraisal of the New Haven property made several years ago, was low.

To protect the public welfare of this state and to preclude the New Haven company from possible unwise investments or financial undertakings the report recommends adequate and complete control; first, if possible, by uniform legislation in the states in which both the New Haven and Boston & Maine roads are incorporated.

This course is considered doubtful of consummation on account of the apparent differences of public policy with respect to the control of railroad corporations in the several jurisdictions, but if adjudged feasible by the General Court it is noted as being the most opportune.

Attorney Frederick W. Mansfield, Edward J. Hyde and laboring men of the water, sewer and health departments spoke for a bill to consolidate these departments of Nahant under one superintendent who is to be elected by the people annually and to receive a salary of \$1500.

The bill was opposed by Edward S. Underwood, Samuel L. Guild, Allerton James and other citizens of Nahant on the ground that it would destroy the efficiency of the department.

BANK OFFICIALS ARE INDICTED.

PETERSBURG, Va.—The grand jury has returned 17 indictments, charging embezzlement and other irregularities, against Charles Hall Davis, former president, and Carter Bishop, former cashier, of the Appomattox Trust Company. The pecuniary loss is \$135,766, it is said.

WEEKS BILL STYLED A PATRIOTIC VICTORY BY FORESTRY EXPERT

(Continued from Page One.)

Protection of New Hampshire Forests. Telegrams of congratulation were sent today to Representative Weeks and Senator Crane by the Boston Chamber of Commerce.

"The proposition has been fought to a finish with leading politicians of both parties," said Mr. Ayres. "This matter has been before the people for 10 years, and cooperation has been secured in the work not only from the people of New England but from people all over the country."

"Satisfaction was expressed at the headquarters of the society which Mr. Ayres represents, at 6 Hancock avenue and appreciation was voiced to all who helped in the cause."

"Cutting on the White Mountains has been progressing with great rapidity," continued Mr. Ayres, "and the question now is how soon the federal act can be made effective. In any event the purchase of lands by the government will not be by large, contiguous blocks. The policy of the government will be, rather, to acquire lands on the several watersheds of the White Mountains wherever they can be acquired reasonably within certain large areas."

"The government has already outlined large territories in northern New Hampshire and in Maine, within which the purchases will be made. The states have already passed acts enabling the federal government to purchase the desired lands."

"Owing to the fact that the White Mountains are the watershed of all the New England rivers, except the Penobscot, this bill is of great importance. These rivers affect the well-being directly of all the New England states, except Rhode Island, and Rhode Island has been generous in its faithful support of this measure."

"The fire damage is more extensive in the White Mountains, and the erosion is greater in the southern Appalachians. The reason for this is that more cutting has been done among the more valuable woods in the former, and also because the soil of the White Mountains, composed in large part of granolithic sand, erodes less quickly than the clays of the southern range. Still, there has been a tremendous amount of erosion in the north."

"A big sand bar at the mouth of the Connecticut river has been shown to be due to the erosion of the granolithic sand of the mountains. This costs the federal government an enormous expense to clear away year by year."

"What we hope for now is a more rational system of logging, so that the younger growth will not be cut down, but left to mature."

The Boston Chamber of Commerce is receiving congratulations upon its work

for the bill, and is also extending congratulations to the other organizations and individuals who took part in the campaign.

The negative voices were cast by Senators Bristow, Burton, Clark of Wyoming, Cullom, Gronna and McCumber, Republicans, and Senators Davis, Paynter and Shively, Democrats.

The bill passed the House of Representatives last session and as it was accepted by the Senate without change, it lacks only the signature of the President to elevate it into a statute.

The entire day was given to the subject by the Senate. Senators Brandegee of Connecticut and Gallinger of New Hampshire stood as the special sponsors for the measure. Mr. Brandegee made a brief speech in support, but Mr. Gallinger sacrificed an intended speech in the interest of an early vote. Senators Simons of North Carolina and Nevada spoke in support of the bill, and Senators Burton of Ohio and Heyburn of Idaho, in opposition.

The supporters of the measure resisted all efforts at amendment on the theory that any change would send the bill back to the House and imperil its passage. They were successful.

The bill known as the Weeks forestry measure was introduced in the House by Representative John W. Weeks of Massachusetts. It is the first conservation measure of general scope to pass both branches of Congress.

The passage of this bill will mean an investment by the government of \$2,000,000 annually until 1915 in the purchase of forest areas to be under the control of the department of agriculture. It will also mean the cooperation of the national and state governments for protection against forest fires.

FLOATING FACTORY PLANNED FOR FISH

A floating fish factory for use along the coast where menhaden are caught will be established by the American Fisheries Company on the steamer Mills, which formerly was used in the coal trade between Newport News and Boston, and which recently has been in the Philadelphia and Isthmus of Panama trade. She was recently fitted for a section dredge.

The vessel will meet the trawlers and relieve them of their catches, in place of the trawlers having to go to the factories along the coast. Oil will be extracted from the fish on board the Mills, and the chum will be prepared. When the steamer is ready to discharge she will be sent to some point from which to ship the products. Chum is used for fertilizer largely.

PLAN DISCUSSION OF PLAYGROUNDS

Newton citizens are to meet tonight in the Mason school to discuss proposed additions to the city's playground system. The speakers are to be Mayor Charles E. Hatfield, Charles J. Bucknam, forest commissioner, and representatives from the various Newton improvement associations.

CANADA'S ANNEXATION URGED ON PRESIDENT IN HOUSE RESOLUTION

(Continued from Page One.)

If this treaty goes into effect, we in the British Isles shall hope for an eventual trade relation with the United States under terms more favorable than at present. I represent an Irish constituency and I know that my own people would welcome such a condition."

The President's letter to Representative McCall explaining that the agreement has no political significance but is simply a commercial contract has, it was said today, served to allay any misapprehension caused by Mr. Clark's speech, which was made in an entirely humorous vein.

Mr. Knox Urges It

CHICAGO—Secretary Knox addressed the Chicago Association of Commerce on Wednesday night on the Canadian reciprocity agreement and James J. Hill, who was also a speaker, urged the adoption of the measure.

(Continued on Page Four, Column Four.)

GENERAL BLISS GOES TO BORDER

WASHINGTON—To direct the United States cavalry troops patrolling the Mexican border, Brig.-Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, in command of the department of California, today went to Calexico, Cal. Brigadier-General Duncan, in command of the department of Texas, has proceeded to El Paso.

EL PASO, Tex.—General Navarro, with 700 federals, started out today in a campaign against the Mexican insurgents in the valley. Navarro announced that he would first attack the insurgent provisional government at Guadalupe with 300 picked men.

PROPOSE BRIDGING PANAMA CANAL

COLON—The construction of a permanent combined railway and highway bridge over the Panama canal was recommended today by the board of engineers.

It is proposed to make the bridge 175 feet above the surface of the water, so that the largest vessel afloat could pass under it without inconvenience.

COMMENDS NEW FACTORY POLICY.

Miss Mary C. Wiggins, secretary of the National Consumers League, in a report at the annual meeting Wednesday at the Twentieth Century Club, commended the policy of factories which have dispensed with child labor.

DENVER NAMED FOR APPLE TRADE HUB IN COLORADO

DENVER—Clinton L. Oliver, secretary of the American Apple Congress, organized recently in this city has announced that an American apple exchange soon will be formed with Denver as headquarters. Denver may thus become the center of an apple trade valued at \$40,000,000 annually.

"Colorado apples are the best on the market," said Mr. Oliver, "because of our equable climate and our soil. We should make Denver the apple market of the world. No more suitable place than this can be found as a storage place for apples."

Colorado now produces, he says, about one fourth of the apple crop of the nation, and one eighth of the apples of the West. He declared that the state was capable of producing in a normal year apples worth \$6,000,000.

CUBA HOUSE GIVES AMERICANS GRANT

HAVANA—The House passed the Senate bill Wednesday, giving a concession to an American company, organized under the laws of Cuba as the "Compania de Puertos de Cuba," for dredging and making improvements which include the removal of wrecks and obstructions in the harbors of Havana, Cienfuegos, Cardenas, Matanzas, Esperanza, San Fernando de Nuevitas and Guantanamo. The concession will run for 30 years. The receivers are to get for each ton of merchandise imported from the United States 80 cents, and from other countries \$1, and for each ton of coal 10 cents.

COMMERCE COURT IN FIRST SESSION

WASHINGTON—Occupying the room of the United States court of customs appeals, the new commerce court held its first public session Wednesday. The court, however, is soon to have a room of its own. Fourteen attorneys, representing the various bars of United States circuit courts and the United States supreme court, were introduced, took the oath and were admitted to practice.

Six cases pending before circuit courts were transferred to the new court. Presiding Judge Knapp announced that the dates of assignment would be promulgated through the clerk of the court.

TWO INDUSTRIES LIKELY TO MERGE

FARMVILLE, Va.—The project for uniting the Farmville and Buffalo Manufacturing companies under one management, and to locate the new plant on a plot of ground lying between the Norfolk & Western, and the Tide Water & Western roads, is now a well assured fact.

It is proposed to capitalize the new concern at \$100,000 and to enlarge the operation on all lines.

FEDERAL BUILDING FOR VANCOUVER

VANCOUVER, Wash.—The federal building site for Vancouver has been selected by the secretary of the treasury, who has approved the sale.

The site is on the east side of Park street between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, and the price to be paid is \$12,500.

The property is 129x200 feet and is one of eight sites offered. It is hoped to get a federal building to cost \$250,000.

ALBANY DEADLOCK ON SENATOR.

ALBANY, N. Y.—The Legislature in joint session today is deadlocked again over the selection of a United States senator.

ROBERT REYNOLDS CONFESSES.

CINCINNATI—Robert Reynolds confessed today to a \$47,000 defalcation in his accounts as president of the Cincinnati Ice Delivery Company.

Do Your Own Printing

Cards, circulars, book, newspaper, Press 35. Larger size, Rotary 500. Save money. Big profit printing for others. All easy, rules sent. Write factory for press catalog TYPE, card, paper. THE PRESS CO. Marion, Conn.

Highest Paid for Old Gold, Silver, Diamonds, etc., or we will take them in exchange for new goods. Fine Watch and Jewelry Repairing. GEORGE E. HOMER. 45 WINTER ST., BOSTON.

DANIELS CAT BOOK FREE AT DRUG STORES.

ASKS \$1,500,000 FOR NEW DOCKS IN SAN FRANCISCO

SAN FRANCISCO—Foreseeing the tremendous growth of San Francisco incident to the opening of the Panama canal and the holding of the international exposition in that city in 1915, Assemblyman D. M. Denegri has prepared a bill to appropriate \$1,500,000 for the consideration of a system of concrete piers and docks from Lombard street to Powell, embracing fishermen's wharf and other dockage along North beach.

It is believed that San Francisco will advance in such strides during the next few years that the present dockage facilities will soon become inadequate for the great volume of business along the water front.

Mr. Denegri's bill, among other things, would make possible the landing of ferry boats at North beach and thus save the commuters of Marin county much time in their daily trips between San Francisco and the suburban points.

TRAINMEN PLAN FOR CONVENTION

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Representatives of lodges of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, within 100 miles of Harrisburg, attended a meeting here recently for discussion of plans for the convention in this city in May.

More than 300 delegates attended. Philadelphia, Wilmington, Baltimore, Allentown, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Altoona, Tyrone, Sunbury, Reading, Columbia, Chambersburg and Lebanon sending delegates.

President Lee said that the convention, which may last two weeks, would have representatives of 118,000 organized trainmen in its session.

GEORGIA DRAINAGE CONGRESS PLANS

WAYCROSS, Ga.—Tentative plans of the program for the second meeting of the Georgia drainage congress at Brunswick, Feb. 24, have been made and include addresses by a number of prominent men.

The convention will probably be one of the largest Brunswick has ever entertained and will consist of many senators and representatives-elect from all over Georgia.

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The clean newspaper is preeminently the logical medium through which high-class hotels may come into contact with high-class patrons.

We are again depending on your ready willingness to cooperate with us by offering you the accompanying coupon to be filled out and mailed. Thousands of these coupons, in our possession, will furnish information to the keen buyer of advertising space which will prove our statements as to The Monitor's great advertising value.

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During 1910 I traveled in a party of..... persons by

Railroad about..... miles

Steamship about..... miles

Automobile about..... miles

Visiting the following places:

.....

.....

Name.....

Town..... State.....

AT THE THEATERS

BOSTON.—"The Fascinating Widow." CASTLE SQUARE.—"Faust." COLONIAL.—"The Dollar Princess." HOLMES.—John Drew in "Smith." R. F. KEITH'S.—Vaudeville. MAJESTIC.—"Madame X." PARK.—William H. Crane. SHUBERT.—Sam Bernard.

BOSTON CONCERTS.

THURSDAY—Fenway Court, 3 p. m., piano recital, George Proctor; Symphony Hall, 8 p. m., second concert by the Cecilia Society and Boston Symphony Orchestra. FRIDAY—Symphony Hall, 2:30 p. m., sixteenth Symphony rehearsal; Ferruccio Busoni, soloist. Jacob Slesper, Hall, 8:15 p. m., first Hofmann quartet concert. SATURDAY—Symphony Hall, 8 p. m., sixteenth Symphony concert; Ferruccio Busoni, soloist.

BOSTON OPERA HOUSE.

FRIDAY, 8 p. m.—"Tosca." SATURDAY, 2 p. m.—"L'Enfant Prodigue" and "Hansel and Gretel." SATURDAY, 8 p. m.—"Girl of the Golden West."

NEW YORK.

ALHAMBRA.—Vaudeville. AMERICAN.—Vaudeville. ASTOR.—The Bona. BELASCO.—"The Concert." BIJOU.—"The Hovoc." CASINO.—"Marriage a la Carte." COHANS.—"Get Rich Quick Wallingford." COLONIAL.—Vaudeville. COMEDY.—"I'll Be Hanged if I Do." DALYS.—"The Faun." EMPIRE.—"Alice-Sit-by-the-Fire." Gaiety.—"Excuse Me." HAMMERSTEIN.—Vaudeville. HIPPODROME.—Spectacles. HUDSON.—"Nobody's Widow." KNICKBOCKER.—Miss Maude Adams. LIBERTY.—"The Spring Maid."

Leading Events in the Athletic World

NINE NEW CUPS ARE DONATED DARTMOUTH FOR TRACK PRIZES

Coach Hillman Announces Their Gift and Fact That Six More Are Promised Soon.

PLAN MANY MEETS

HANOVER, N. H.—The greatest boost which Dartmouth track athletics have recently received came Wednesday when Coach H. L. Hillman announced the receipt of nine silver cups and the promise of six more, all to be awarded in a series of weekly meets which will be held this spring. The coach has planned to hold meets every Saturday afternoon, beginning as soon as the tracks in the new gymnasium are ready for use. The events will be handicap, and every man in the college will be eligible. The large number of cups will provide the greatest incentive to men who have never done track work, and will give Coach Hillman opportunity to carry on further the work he started last fall of drawing out new men by personally leading squads of novice cross-country runners.

E. K. Hall of Boston has presented a large silver cup, which will be awarded to the athlete making the most notable improvement while in college. He has also given two cups to be awarded to the best shotputters in college, the condition of the award to be announced later. Mr. of the award to be announced later. Mr. Hall, but recently resigned from the athletic council. Irving S. French of Boston and the successor of E. K. Hall as a member of the athletic council, has also donated two cups to be awarded to those novices that score the largest number of points after winning their first race. In addition he has given two cups to be awarded to the men scoring the highest number of points in those races under 1000 yards. F. S. Gannon of New York and also of the athletic council has presented two cups to be awarded to those scoring the largest number of points in events over 1000 yards.

To make competition in the field events as keen as that in the sprints, Coach Hillman has been assured of two cups for the shot, hammer and discus events, two for high and broad jump and the pole vault and two for the high and low hurdles. In addition to these events Coach Hillman has planned to hold interclass and interdormitory relay races.

Dartmouth's new gymnasium makes it possible to carry out such a large program in the middle of the winter and through the spring months, as it is large enough to allow all of the events to proceed at one time. The great wings provide space for the field events and the three circular tracks and the two large circular tracks of 6-3 laps to the mile take care of the sprints.

Coach Hillman will take 10 men to the games of the New York Athletic Club in Madison square garden Saturday evening. The men will leave Hanover tomorrow afternoon accompanied by Coach Hillman. No relay team will be entered this year, but the 10 men taken to the meet will be entered in the individual events. Those who are sure to go are Holdman and Buck in pole vault, Buck in the broad jump, Enright in the standing high and broad jump, Olson in the 70-yard handicap and the 300-yard, Marescau and Harmon in the Baxter mile, and four out of the following: Noyes in the mile, Brunell in the 440, Gardner in the 700-yard, Seaver in the hurdles, or O'Connor in the sprints.

WILLIAMS CANDIDATES OUT.
WILLIAMSTOWN—Capt. Abbott P. Mills of the Williams College baseball team, who is a Pittsfield boy, has issued a call for the candidates for the battery, and they are to report today in the cage on the old campus. Saturday he will have all of the candidates from the freshman class in the cage. Andrew Coakley, the former Holy Cross pitcher and National league player, has been engaged to take charge of the squad for two weeks.

McBREEN WILL GO TO COAST.
Treasurer Hugh McBreen of the Boston American league baseball club, will make the trip to the coast with the club. President John I. Taylor does not expect to be able to get away with the players next Monday, and Mr. McBreen will have full charge. Mr. McBreen will not leave until Sunday for Chicago, where he will join the party, and, with Manager Donovan, will keep the players on the move for the next seven weeks.

DATES FOR SYRACUSE ELEVEN.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Dates for the Syracuse University football team for next fall were announced Wednesday night. The schedule is as follows:
Sept. 30, Hobart at Syracuse.
Oct. 7, Yale at New Haven; 14, Rochester at Rochester; 21, Lafayette at Syracuse; 28, Springfield (Mass.) Training school at Syracuse.
Nov. 4, Michigan at Ann Arbor; 11, Vermont at Syracuse; 18, Carleton at Syracuse; 25, Ohio State at Columbus, O.; 30, St. Louis University at St. Louis, Mo.

ST. LOUIS DEFEATS BOSTON.
St. Louis defeated Boston in the National Billiard League Wednesday night, Maupome winning from Russell by 50 to 41.

PRESIDENT RUSSELL WELL PLEASED WITH NATIONAL SCHEDULE

Mileage Has Been Greatly Reduced and but Few Conflicts With American Dates Appear.

OLD BALL ADOPTED

President W. H. Russell and Manager Fred Tenney of the Boston Nationals arrived in this city this morning from New York, where they attended the meetings of the National league magnates at the Hotel Breslin. President Russell said that he was much pleased with the schedule adopted for the coming season. He said that the Columbus day game could be cancelled if he desired.

He announced that there was practically no chance of making any desirable trades at the meetings. All the clubs were ready to trade some second-rate players, but desirable ones were very scarce. He announced that the Boston had one trade pending which involved two second-rate players, but would not yet name the men.

All of the clubs will travel a grand total of 89,733 miles during the season. Chicago gets the worst of the schedule, according to baseball men. The club must travel 14,579 miles and has nine conflicting dates. It is the only club which conflicts, but all except one are on Sunday and the exception is on a Saturday. President Murphy of the Chicago club said to have protested on a number of the features of the schedule, but he was overruled.

The club mileage for the season, according to the schedule, will be as follows: Boston, 11,224 miles; Brooklyn, 9397; New York, 10,574; Philadelphia, 8426; Pittsburgh, 13,590; Cincinnati, 10,862; Chicago, 14,579, and St. Louis, 11,081.

All conflicts have been eliminated in St. Louis for the first time and each league has 13 Sundays to itself, or 50 per cent of the whole. There are but two scheduled doubleheaders, both in Boston. One was made necessary to avoid an extra trip by the Brooklyn club to Boston, and the other to avoid a conflict.

None of the eastern clubs play two series in succession with the same club. This will do away with a weak club being pitted against a strong club for a long stretch of games. In the West this succession of dates occurs four times, but it is limited to seven games in one stretch and six games in the other three cases. Each club plays on 26 Saturdays out of a possible 26.

Each eastern club has two Saturdays and two Sundays in the West. This new feature was worked out by Mr. Dreyfuss. Under this plan, in the trips east and west, the Saturdays and Sundays rotate in regular order and the visiting club does not appear the second time except after the other three clubs have played.

For a bonus, said to be about \$500,000, the league made a 20-year contract with a prominent sporting goods firm for the use of a baseball of its manufacture as the official league ball. It is the same kind of ball that has been used by the National league for the past 16 years, and in adopting it again the club owners rejected an offer by a Cincinnati firm, said to have been \$325,000 in 20 annual instalments of \$16,250, of which half was to be in cash and half in baseballs supplied.

The salary of President Thomas J. Lynch was increased from \$9000 to \$10,000 a year.

BROWN NINE RECRUITS AT WORK.

PROVIDENCE—Coach Fred Woodcock took charge of the baseball squad at Brown University Wednesday afternoon and laid out definite plans for the spring training. Some of the men were in the cage and each afternoon hereafter there will be a squad at work. Thirty candidates, including the freshmen, came out at the first call for recruits. It is expected that Withrow, the Pawtucket player, and Duckette, the Allen school star, will join the squad.

ENSIGN HOWARD TO COACH NAVY.

ANNAPOLIS—Ensign Douglas L. Howard has been selected by the Navy Athletic Association as head coach of the football team for next season and Ensign Jonas L. Ingram as assistant coach, both appointments being subject to the approval of the navy department. Howard was captain of the academy team of 1905 and Ingram was noted both as a football player and oarsman.

RELAY TO BE RUN AGAIN.

Arrangements have been completed to have the Harvard and Yale freshman relay race which was run at the Boston Athletic Association athletic games last Saturday, but in which the Harvard team was disqualified, run again at the Harvard winter athletic carnival which is to be held next Thursday night.

SKATING RACES AT VERONA.

VERONA, N. J.—The national 25-mile outdoor skating championship is scheduled to take place at Verona lake on Saturday. Nearly all of the eastern experts will take part, among them Dayton Miller, McCrow, Taylor, Bennett and Merio.

NATIONAL LEAGUE SCHEDULE, 1911

	At Boston	At Brooklyn	At New York	At Phila.	At Pittsburg	At Cincinnati	At Chicago	At St. Louis	Abroad
Boston.....		April 20, 21, 22, 24. July 5, 4, 5. Sept. 1, 2, 3. Oct. 6.	April 25, 26, 27, 28. June 28, 29, 30. Sept. 1, 2, 3, 4. Oct. 7.	April 20. May 1, 2, 3. June 24, 25, 26, 27. Oct. 2, 9, 12.	June 14, 15, 16, 17. July 28, 29, 31. Sept. 20, 21, 22. Oct. 1.	June 2, 3, 4, 5. Aug. 7, 8, 9. Sept. 27, 28, 30. Oct. 1.	June 10, 11, 12, 13. July 24, 25, 26, 27. Sept. 23, 24, 25. Oct. 1.	June 6, 7, 8, 9. Aug. 2, 3, 4, 5. Sept. 18, 17, 18. Oct. 1.	Saturdays, 14; Sundays, 6; July 4, at Bklyn.; Sept. 4, N. Y.; Oct. 12, Phila.
Brooklyn.....	April 12, 13, 14. May 26, 27, 28. Sept. 1, 2, 3. Oct. 10.		April 15, 17, 19, 19. May 30, 31. Sept. 7, 8, 9. Oct. 12.	May 4, 5, 6, 8. July 28, 29, 30. Sept. 11, 12, 13. Oct. 3.	June 10, 12, 13, 19. July 24, 25, 26, 27. Sept. 23, 24, 25. Oct. 1.	June 15, 16, 17, 18. July 29, 30, 31. Sept. 16, 17, 18. Oct. 1.	June 6, 7, 8, 9. Aug. 2, 3, 4, 5. Sept. 16, 17, 18. Oct. 1.	June 2, 3, 4, 5. Aug. 7, 8, 9. Sept. 27, 28, 30. Oct. 1.	Saturdays, 14; Sundays, 6; May 20, at N. Y.; Oct. 12, at N. Y.
New York.....	May 4, 5, 6, 8. June 30, 31. Sept. 1, 2, 3. Oct. 10.	April 20, 21, 22, 24. July 5, 4, 5. Sept. 1, 2, 3. Oct. 6.		April 25, 26, 27, 28. June 28, 29, 30. Sept. 1, 2, 3, 4. Oct. 7.	June 14, 15, 16, 17. July 28, 29, 31. Sept. 20, 21, 22. Oct. 1.	June 2, 3, 4, 5. Aug. 7, 8, 9. Sept. 27, 28, 30. Oct. 1.	June 10, 11, 12, 13. July 24, 25, 26, 27. Sept. 23, 24, 25. Oct. 1.	June 6, 7, 8, 9. Aug. 2, 3, 4, 5. Sept. 18, 17, 18. Oct. 1.	Saturdays, 14; Sundays, 6; July 4, at Philadel- phia; Sept. 4, at Bklyn.
Philadelphia.....	April 15, 17, 18, 19. May 30, 31. Sept. 7, 8, 9. Oct. 10.	April 20, 21, 22, 24. July 5, 4, 5. Sept. 1, 2, 3. Oct. 6.	April 15, 17, 19, 19. May 30, 31. Sept. 7, 8, 9. Oct. 12.	May 4, 5, 6, 8. July 28, 29, 30. Sept. 11, 12, 13. Oct. 3.	June 10, 12, 13, 19. July 24, 25, 26, 27. Sept. 23, 24, 25. Oct. 1.	June 15, 16, 17, 18. July 29, 30, 31. Sept. 16, 17, 18. Oct. 1.	June 6, 7, 8, 9. Aug. 2, 3, 4, 5. Sept. 16, 17, 18. Oct. 1.	June 2, 3, 4, 5. Aug. 7, 8, 9. Sept. 27, 28, 30. Oct. 1.	Saturdays, 13; Sun- days, 2; May 30, at Pittsburg; Oct. 12, at Cincinnati.
Pittsburg.....	May 13, 15, 16, 17. July 20, 21, 22, 23. Aug. 28, 29, 30. Sept. 1, 2, 3.	May 23, 24, 25. July 6, 7, 8, 10. Aug. 16, 17, 18, 19. Sept. 1, 2, 3.	May 18, 19, 20, 22. July 11, 12, 13, 14. Aug. 24, 25, 26. Sept. 1, 2, 3.	May 23, 24, 25. July 6, 7, 8, 10. Aug. 16, 17, 18, 19. Sept. 1, 2, 3.	June 10, 12, 13, 19. July 24, 25, 26, 27. Sept. 23, 24, 25. Oct. 1.	June 15, 16, 17, 18. July 29, 30, 31. Sept. 16, 17, 18. Oct. 1.	June 6, 7, 8, 9. Aug. 2, 3, 4, 5. Sept. 16, 17, 18. Oct. 1.	June 2, 3, 4, 5. Aug. 7, 8, 9. Sept. 27, 28, 30. Oct. 1.	Saturdays, 12; Sun- days, 11; at Chicago. Oct. 9, at Chicago.
Cincinnati.....	May 9, 10, 11, 12. July 6, 7, 8, 10. Aug. 28, 29, 30. Sept. 1, 2, 3.	May 18, 19, 20, 22. July 11, 12, 13, 14. Aug. 24, 25, 26. Sept. 1, 2, 3.	May 23, 24, 25. July 6, 7, 8, 10. Aug. 16, 17, 18, 19. Sept. 1, 2, 3.	May 23, 24, 25. July 6, 7, 8, 10. Aug. 16, 17, 18, 19. Sept. 1, 2, 3.	June 10, 12, 13, 19. July 24, 25, 26, 27. Sept. 23, 24, 25. Oct. 1.	June 15, 16, 17, 18. July 29, 30, 31. Sept. 16, 17, 18. Oct. 1.	June 6, 7, 8, 9. Aug. 2, 3, 4, 5. Sept. 16, 17, 18. Oct. 1.	June 2, 3, 4, 5. Aug. 7, 8, 9. Sept. 27, 28, 30. Oct. 1.	Saturdays, 12; Sun- days, 2; May 30, at Pittsburg; Oct. 12, at Cincinnati.
Chicago.....	May 23, 24, 25. July 15, 17, 18, 19. Aug. 16, 17, 18, 19. Sept. 1, 2, 3.	May 13, 15, 16, 17. July 11, 12, 13, 14. Aug. 24, 25, 26. Sept. 1, 2, 3.	May 9, 10, 11, 12. July 6, 7, 8, 10. Aug. 21, 22, 23. Sept. 1, 2, 3.	May 9, 10, 11, 12. July 6, 7, 8, 10. Aug. 21, 22, 23. Sept. 1, 2, 3.	June 10, 12, 13, 19. July 24, 25, 26, 27. Sept. 23, 24, 25. Oct. 1.	June 15, 16, 17, 18. July 29, 30, 31. Sept. 16, 17, 18. Oct. 1.	June 6, 7, 8, 9. Aug. 2, 3, 4, 5. Sept. 16, 17, 18. Oct. 1.	June 2, 3, 4, 5. Aug. 7, 8, 9. Sept. 27, 28, 30. Oct. 1.	Saturdays, 13; Sun- days, 2; May 30, at Pittsburg; Oct. 12, at Cincinnati.
St. Louis.....	May 18, 19, 20, 22. July 11, 12, 13, 14. Aug. 24, 25, 26. Sept. 1, 2, 3.	May 9, 10, 11, 12. July 6, 7, 8, 10. Aug. 21, 22, 23. Sept. 1, 2, 3.	May 13, 15, 16, 17. July 11, 12, 13, 14. Aug. 24, 25, 26. Sept. 1, 2, 3.	May 13, 15, 16, 17. July 11, 12, 13, 14. Aug. 24, 25, 26. Sept. 1, 2, 3.	June 10, 12, 13, 19. July 24, 25, 26, 27. Sept. 23, 24, 25. Oct. 1.	June 15, 16, 17, 18. July 29, 30, 31. Sept. 16, 17, 18. Oct. 1.	June 6, 7, 8, 9. Aug. 2, 3, 4, 5. Sept. 16, 17, 18. Oct. 1.	June 2, 3, 4, 5. Aug. 7, 8, 9. Sept. 27, 28, 30. Oct. 1.	Saturdays, 13; Sun- days, 2; May 30, at Pittsburg; Oct. 12, at Cincinnati.

Conflicts—Nine at Chicago—April 30, May 7, June 25, July 2, Aug. 13, Sept. 3 and 10, Oct. 7 and 8.

C. F. CONKLIN AND J. F. POGGENBURG ARE TIED AT BILLIARDS

Former Defeats Champion E. W. Gardner in One-Sided Contest by Score of 100 to 235.

PLAY OFF TONIGHT

	W.	L.	High Run.	Average.
C. F. Conklin.....	4	1	105	16.24
J. F. Poggenburg.....	4	1	67	13.10
E. W. Gardner.....	2	2	95	11.15
A. Poesgen.....	2	2	74	10.27
Dr. L. L. Mial.....	3	2	82	13.10

NEW YORK—C. F. Conklin of Chicago and J. F. Poggenburg of this city are now tied for first place in the international amateur 18.2 ball-kick billiard tournament which is being played at the Liederkranz Club. The championship for 1911 rests between these two men and the game which is expected to return the victor will be contested tonight. Each has won 4 games and lost 1.

Conklin easily defeated Gardner of Montclair Wednesday night, the score standing 100 to 235. The winner's average was 11.23-34, while Gardner's showed 7-4-33.

It fell to the lot of the loser to contribute the high runs of the session with 63 and 47, but he only played in spots, and showed a dozen zero marks as his position in 33 innings with five counts of but one each at other stages of the match. After Conklin had all but run out with 43 Gardner responded with 63, a poor draw putting an end to the scoring. Conklin then ran his required 10, winning easily.

Gardner was very slow upon his every turn at the table, although it was conceded on all sides that he had all the worst of the leaves. Conklin played daintily, and counted some spectacular open table shots. Quite the best shot of the game was a two-cushion by Conklin, with the white and red in alignment a foot away from the side rail, and the cue ball inside. He put a most delicate English to his ball, which traveled two thirds the length of the table into the corner and back for a count.

This afternoon Poesgen, the German champion, and Dr. Mial will play. If the former wins he will play in the tie for third place Friday afternoon.

The score:
C. F. Conklin—0, 2, 11, 3, 7, 34, 5, 22, 33, 34, 32, 32, 0, 0, 29, 18, 4, 3, 1, 23, 0, 1, 18, 4, 10, 3, 1, 11, 43, 10. Total, 400.
J. F. Poggenburg—0, 5, 6, 6, 7, 10, 17, 10, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 25, 0, 9, 10, 5, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 4, 9, 47, 1, 68. Total, 235.
High runs, Conklin 43, 34, 34; Gardner 63, 47, 25. Averages, Conklin 11.23-34; Gardner 7-4-33. Referee, Albert Cutler, Boston.

MISS FOWNES THE MEDALIST.

PINEBURST, N. C.—Miss Mary Fownes of Oakmont won the gold medal in Wednesday's qualification round in the annual St. Valentine golf tournament for women with a card of 99. Mrs. William West of Philadelphia was second in 101, and Miss Louise Elkins of Oakmont third in 102. Two divisions of eight qualified for the match rounds, which will continue through Saturday.

N. Y. NATIONALS GET NEW MAN.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Manager McGraw of the New York Nationals signed Maurice McKnight, an 18-year-old outfielder, Wednesday, for a trial this year. McKnight has never played professional ball. Last year he led the City league in batting and base-running, hitting .366 and stealing 28 bases in 30 games.

PHILADELPHIA SIGNS SCHULTZ.

PHILADELPHIA—Wallace L. Schultz, pitcher of the University of Pennsylvania baseball team in 1910, signed a three-year contract Wednesday night to play with the Philadelphia National League team. Several of the big league teams had been after Schultz.

18 TO REPRESENT EXETER AT B. A. A.

EXETER, N. H.—At a meeting of the Phillips Exeter track team recently Coach Connors announced that he would send 18 men to represent Exeter in the B. A. A. interscholastic Feb. 25, and would make his final selection by Saturday. There are a number of men out for each event and Connors has a line on most of the men now, although he has not made his final selection in some of the events.

The relay trials were held Wednesday and four men will be picked to run against Andover at the B. A. A. interscholastic. The men are in good condition. The class track teams are busy preparing for the interclass games on Feb. 22. Every year on this holiday the four classes compete in what is called the Faculty Shield meet, and the winning class has its numerals put upon the handsome shield presented by the faculty. The class teams will hold their relay trials Saturday and some new material may be unearthed for the schoolboy meet.

PENNSYLVANIA'S FOOTBALL DATES

PHILADELPHIA—The University of Pennsylvania football schedule was ratified Wednesday night by the faculty committee on athletics. Games with Syracuse University and the University of Pittsburg, which were discussed by the managers of the team, do not appear on the schedule, as it was found that no available dates were open. All games will be played at home with the exception of the Michigan game, which will be played at Ann Arbor. The complete schedule is:

Sept. 24, Gettysburg; 27, Franklin and Marshall; 30, Dickinson.
Oct. 7, Ursinus; 14, Villa Nova; 21, Brown; 28, State college.
Nov. 4, Carlisle Indians; 11, Lafayette; 18, Michigan at Ann Arbor; 30, Thanksgiving day, Cornell.

SEND MOTOR BOAT CHALLENGE.

LONDON—The Royal Motor Yacht Club has sent a challenge to the Motor Boat Club of America for a race for the British international trophy, which is now held by the United States. The British international trophy for motor boats was won by Frederick K. Burnham's Dixie II. off Larchmont last August. Under the new rules, recently adopted, there shall be at least two races and, if necessary, three, for this trophy.

MAY OFFER NEW CUP.

TUXEDO PARK, N. Y.—The governing committee of the Tuxedo Tennis & Racquet Club is seriously considering a proposition of offering a gold cup to be known as "the Annual Court Tennis Cup," to take the place of the old Gold Racquet, won outright last year by Jay Gould. It will be open to all amateurs except present national champions.

ROXBURY LATIN WINS MEET.

Roxbury Latin school athletes won the triangular track and field meet from Volkman and Noble & Greenough schools at Dexter's field, Brookline Wednesday, winning the point trophy with 24 points, while Noble & Greenough was second with 19 and Volkman third with 11 points.

STAHL WILL NOT PLAY BALL.

CHICAGO—Manager P. J. Donovan of the Boston American league baseball team had a conference here Wednesday with Garland Stahl, trying to persuade the first baseman to join the team on the east trip. Stahl, however, has definitely decided to quit baseball for banking.

SHRUBB IS THE WINNER.

PHILADELPHIA—Alfred Shrubbs, the English runner, defeated John Hayes of New York in a 12-mile match race at the American Athletic Club Wednesday night. Shrubbs won by half a dozen laps in the fast time of 1h. 3m. 2-5s.

PITTSBURG IS THE WINNER.

PITTSBURG—P. P. Trump of this city took the third and last game of the series with Brooklyn Wednesday night in the tournament of the National Amateur Three-Cushion Billiard League, defeating David Lauterbach, 50 to 41.

HALL OR CRAGIN TO MEET T. R. PELL FOR THE SINGLES TITLE

Play Today in Semi-Final Round of National Indoor Lawn Tennis Championship Tournament.

DOUBLES PROGRESS

NEW YORK—W. M. Hall meets W. B. Cragin, Jr., in the semi-final round of the singles division of the national indoor lawn tennis championship tournament on the courts of the seventh regiment armory today and the winner will meet T. R. Pell in the final round for the title tomorrow afternoon. One match in the third round and the semi-final round are scheduled today for the doubles division, three couples having already reached the semi-finals.

T. R. Pell, the former champion, defeated G. F. Touchard, the playing-through title holder, in straight sets in the semi-final round Wednesday. Pell played with cyclonic action. The 13 games Pell reeled off with power and force that swept the champion easily before him. The only game that Touchard scored was the first of the second set, as the final score was 6-0 and 6-1.

Walter M. Hall, the regimental champion, won his place in the semi-final round of the lower half, defeating William H. Connell of the Bedford Park Club 6-2, 6-0. Hall was very good at the net and in the rallies.

Three pairs reached the semi-finals in doubles Wednesday. In the upper section Charles C. Chambers, and Walter Hazard coupled with Calhoun, Cragin and Wylie C. Grant. Chambers and Hazard in their match defeated William H. Connell and C. Gilbert Plimpton 6-4, 6-3; while Cragin and Grant defeated King Smith and Arthur S. Cragin 7-5, 6-4.

In the lower half F. B. Alexander, the internationalist, and Pell arrived on their bracket, defeating L. E. Mahan and G. C. Shafer 6-4, 6-2. The summary:

NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIP SINGLES.

First Round.
W. M. Hall defeated W. H. Connell, 6-1, 6-0.
Semi-Final Round.
T. R. Pell defeated G. F. Touchard, 6-0, 6-1.

NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIP DOUBLES.

Second Round.
Calhoun Cragin and W. C. Grant defeated R. T. Bryan and M. S. Clark, 6-4, 6-4.
L. E. Mahan and G. C. Shafer defeated J. C. Cushman and B. M. Phillips, 8-6, 4-6, 6-3.

G. F. Touchard and C. R. Gardner defeated O. M. Bostwick and W. C. De Mille, 6-3.
J. M. Steinacher and S. H. Voshell defeated H. A. Holden, Jr., and F. M. Watrous, 7-5, 6-

IRISH HOME RULE WINS IN TEST VOTE BY LARGE MAJORITY

LONDON—Home rule for Ireland won a point in the House of Commons on Wednesday night by a vote of 326 to 213, the largest majority obtained by the government on any question in this parliament.

The vote was taken on an anti-home rule amendment to the address in reply to the speech from the throne, which was moved by Ian Malcolm, Unionist member from Croydon, and seconded by Lord Hugh Cecil.

Prime Minister Asquith said that when the obstacle to progressive legislation had been cleared away the government's first task would be to carry out of the policy of self-government for Ireland. The premier added:

"We can only arrive at a satisfactory solution of the problem of the congestion of business in the House of Commons by creating in Ireland an Irish Parliament, with an Irish executive thereto, for dealing with purely Irish affairs, while the indefeasible supremacy of this Parliament must be maintained."

John Redmond, the Irish leader, said the Nationalists accepted the premier's declaration of policy. The home rule defined by Mr. Asquith, said Mr. Redmond, was a home rule which the Nationalists believed honestly would be the final settlement of this question, and so far as they could they pledged their countrymen to that effect.

Mr. Redmond denied that he was a separatist. He and his party admitted and accepted imperial supremacy and invited the government to make it effective. Was it too much, asked Mr. Redmond, for them to hope that the reign of the present King might be made glorious by the opening by the sovereign in person of a Parliament of a friendly and reconciled Irish nation?

Mr. Birrell, chief secretary for Ireland, said that a home rule bill would be introduced as soon as possible after the veto bill was passed.

It was announced in the House in the afternoon that the introduction of the Lords veto bill had been postponed from Monday to Tuesday.

Premier Asquith's brief speech drew forth vigorous cheers from the Irish and Liberal benches when he declared that every one voted at the general election in December with the full knowledge that when the Lords, the great obstacle to the achievement of Liberal legislation, were cleared away, the first task of the government would be to carry out a policy for the self-government of Ireland.

"We have never for one moment receded from that position," said the premier.

MORE RAILWAY POSTAL CLERKS

Edward J. Ryan, superintendent of the New England railway mail service, has put to work most of the 32 substitute railway mail clerks he was authorized to use in orders received today from Washington. As fast as the other substitutes report for duty they will be put to work.

The orders issued say that the regular clerks need not do the work of substitutes, which they have been doing, owing to the limitation to the number of clerks. The day's work is made six hours instead of 8 1/2.

PARENTAL SCHOOL SALARY. Boston civil service commission, at the request of the trustees of the children's institutions department of the city, announces that the salary of the superintendent of the parental school will be \$2000, together with house and board for the superintendent and his family, instead of \$1800, as stated in the public notice of the examination of applicants for the position.

TAKES OVER ROTTERDAM LINE. NEW YORK—The Holland-America line will take over the service maintained by the Burg line, between Rotterdam and Savannah. The departures from Rotterdam will take place regularly once a month, beginning with the steamer Themisto, scheduled to leave March 9 and followed by the Zaandijk. The line will be called the Holland-America Burg line.

INQUIRY BY PRISON COMMITTEE. WORCESTER, Mass.—Charges preferred by Representative John T. Flanagan of this city of favoritism, lack of discipline and other indiscretions of management in the Worcester and Fitchburg houses of correction are subjects of an investigation by the committee on prisons of the Legislature, which began its work here at 9:30 a. m. today in the common council chamber.

WOMEN TO TALK CONSERVATION. Conservation will be discussed at the meeting of the Massachusetts State Federation of Women's Clubs at the New England Women's Club, New Chaucey Hall building, Copley square, this afternoon. Mrs. Mary Lathrop Tucker of Newton will preside.

VERMONT DAUGHTERS MEETING. Daughters of Vermont hold their annual meeting for men this evening at the Vendome. There will be a reception at 6:30 p. m. and banquet at 7. Ernest Miner will read. There will be music by the Grace Deane trio and the Lotus quartet.

PLANT EMPLOYEES AT DANCE. The employees of the Thomas G. Plant Shoe Company have formed an organization known as the Queen Quality Association, and Wednesday evening gave their first annual ball in Horticultural hall.

President of Waltham's Mothers Club Who Acts as Chairman of Convention



MRS. GEORGE E. PARMENTER.

BOSTON Y. M. C. A. DESIRES TO CONFER COMMERCE DEGREE

(Continued from Page One.)

time in anticipation of acquiring the corporate right to grant degrees. It is incorporated under the general corporation laws of Massachusetts and carries on a line of work similar to that of other schools of commerce and finance, a number of which confer degrees in American as well as European cities.

The degrees usually granted by such schools are two—B.C.S., bachelor of commercial science, awarded to those completing the regular three-year course, and M.C.S., master of commercial science, awarded to those who, already holding the B.C.S. degree, take an additional year in law and other special subjects, attaining high rank therein and presenting a scholarly thesis upon some professional phase of the subject.

The degree-granting privilege is asked because of the fact, as set forth by the association authorities, that professional schools requiring several years of laborious effort do not succeed in holding their student body and maintaining their standards unless some adequate recognition upon the completion of the course is accorded those who have met the requirements. A degree, it is urged, acts as proper recognition, and, in the opinion of the association authorities, affords the only satisfactory solution of the problem.

The proposed course of study for the bachelor's degree is for three years of 42 weeks each, seven hours per week, making a total of 882 hours. It is urged that students are taking related work in business houses eight hours a day throughout the entire year in addition to the regular school work. The school is open to employed men who are high school graduates or the equivalent thereof and it is conducted during the evening hours.

The request for the degree granting power is asserted to be in harmony with the efforts of the Boston Y. M. C. A. to provide for men of all ages, conditions and creeds opportunities for definite vocational training adapted to their particular aptitudes and requirements.

KING OF SERBIA VISITS EMMANUEL

ROME—King Peter of Serbia, with the Serbian foreign minister, M. Miloradovic and a numerous suite, arrived here on Wednesday to be the guest for four days of King Victor Emmanuel at the Quirinal.

This is the first visit of Peter to Italy since his partisans obtained for him the throne of Serbia. He was received at St. Peter's and at Constantinople in the spring of 1910.

The Serbian monarch was met at the railway station by King Victor Emmanuel and was received with military honors. Troops lined the route from the station to the palace and held back large crowds that appeared much interested in the royal guest.

LABORERS SOUGHT BY GOVERNMENT

Edward E. Stebbins, secretary of the United States civil service commission, announced today an examination for unskilled laborers in the federal service to be held March 15. The government, it is made known, is much in need of this class of laborers with seafaring experience, especially deck hands on the steamers of the quartermasters at large, which do considerable business in the summer months.

PLANS NIGHT FARM SCHOOL.

COLUMBIA, Mo.—The University of Missouri will help the back-to-the-farm movement with night courses in poultry raising, farm management and agriculture, in the auditorium of Central high school, Kansas City, beginning Feb. 18.

BAY STATE MEMBERS OF MOTHERS' CLUBS GATHER AT WALTHAM

WALTHAM, Mass.—Delegates from mothers' clubs all over the state are here today for the opening this afternoon of the first annual meeting of the Massachusetts branch of the National Congress of the Mothers and Parents-Teachers Association.

The visitors will first gather at a reception conducted by the following named national state and local officers: Mrs. Frederick Shaff of Philadelphia, national president; Mrs. Walter Merryman of Haverhill, state president; Mrs. Walter LeRoy Smith of Malden, state secretary. Also these officers of the Waltham Mothers Club will also assist: President, Mrs. George E. Parmenter, who will preside over the convention; Mrs. J. E. Vetter, vice-president; Mrs. Charles W. Neale, treasurer; Mrs. F. O. Harroll, secretary; Mrs. Ward Munroe, auditor; Mrs. Thomas Fallon, librarian.

Mrs. H. W. Dyke is chairman of the committee in charge, which consists also of Mrs. Bertha Brown, Mrs. Seth Wall, Mrs. George A. Fiel, Mrs. Lona Bannan, Mrs. Charles P. Bond, Mrs. Clarence Webster, Mrs. Eppa Ryon and Mrs. Richard Hickey.

The Rev. Frances E. Webster of Christ church will deliver the invocation. There will be addresses at the session by William B. Parkinson, superintendent of the Waltham schools and city officials. The national president will respond for the assembled delegates.

SCHOLARSHIPS GIVEN JACKSON, AND TUFTS HAS "CHEER" PRIZE

Three scholarships for competition among students at Jackson College, and a prize for a cheer competition among the students of Tufts were announced this morning.

Alumnae of Lambda chapter of Alpha Xi Delta sorority offer a prize scholarship of \$50 for the junior girl of highest rank in the course of teaching.

During the years 1911-12 and 1912-13 the same amount will be given annually to a student at Jackson who, in the judgment of the dean, most needs and deserves this aid.

The Warren and Prescott chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution offers a prize of \$25 for the best essay on a patriotic subject. Several months will be given for the preparation. The Fitchburg chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution offers a \$5 gold piece for the best paper on American history written by a student in Jackson College. Papers in this contest are to be handed in April 1.

The Ivy Society of Tufts College has announced a prize for the best cheer handed in to it before the 1st of April. This contest has been arranged with the hope of developing a distinctive cheer at Tufts.

The cheers will be tried out during the baseball season and the one which seems to be the most popular will be chosen for future use on the athletic field.

BRIDGE PROTEST IN SOUTH BOSTON

A protest against the abandonment of the Cove street bridge was made at a "town meeting" in South Boston Wednesday evening where Mayor Fitzgerald met about 100 citizens of the district.

Michael J. O'Leary, a vice-president of the South Boston Citizens' Association, advocated using about \$25,000 of the \$50,000 available for McNary park building for a building in that park.

AERO CLUB'S MEN SEEK ENGLISH CUP

NEW YORK—Several American aviators will take part in the international cup race in England during coronation week. The Aero Club of America intends to select the contestants by an elimination race in this country.

CHANGE RAILROAD TIME FEB. 22.

Following the usual holiday custom, the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad has posted notices discontinuing on Feb. 22 a number of local trains. Some express trains will make special local stops, and those contemplating a rail trip are advised to consult the company's notices or make inquiries of the ticket agent.

EXAMINE MASTER OF LYKENS.

In their report today Captain Carleton and Andrew J. Savage, United States steamboat inspectors, found no evidence to cause the service to charge the master of the towing steamer Lykens, Captain Hammond, responsible for the recent loss of three barges and 17 men on Peaked Hill bars, off Cape Cod.

OPEN ANTIQUARIAN HOME.

WORCESTER, Mass.—The new home of the American Antiquarian Society at Park avenue and Regent street was opened for public use Wednesday without formal exercises. The building, cost \$180,000, and was made possible through a legacy by Stephen Salisbury.

ANNEXATION DESIGN IN RECIPROCITY PACT DENIED BY PRESIDENT

(Continued from Page Two.)

tion of the agreement, asserting that there ought not to be one vote in Congress or one voice in the country against it.

Mr. Knox declared that while migrations proceeded as constantly and as freely between Canada and the United States as between two states of this country, and while the two peoples have been welding together for two centuries, "there is not the slightest probability that this racial and moral union will involve any political change, or annexation or absorption."

"Generous and equitable reciprocal trade relations between the United States and Canada are the natural, logical and inevitable result of forces that began their operation when the North American continent was first settled by western Europeans," he said. "The period in the onward march of western civilization has now been reached when the development of the vast resources of Canada is necessary for the welfare of the race."

"The same impelling forces which under similar conditions drove the settlers of the Atlantic states across the Appalachian range, thence later into the Mississippi valley and across the Rocky mountains, now cause the adoption of the same measures for the general welfare in the progress of a group of two great people whose homogeneity rests upon origin, propinquity and interdependence, and not upon political affiliations."

"It is an ethnological fact that political units of the English-speaking people never lose their autonomy. Like bees, they give off their swarms, who set up for themselves independently, but they do not make political combinations among themselves."

"Since the revolution there has been almost undisturbed peace and amity between the two countries, and, however governmental changes may have been brought in the past, it is probably more true today than ever before that the weight of sentiment and opinion both in Canada and the United States, while desiring closer relations in all other respects, is crystallized in a belief that the present political separation is desirable and will lead to the best development of each nation and to better and more satisfactory relations between them."

"In the higher atmosphere and broader aspects of the situation it is certain that if there should be any great world movement involving this continent Canada and the United States would, as a matter of course, act in the most perfect concert in defense of the common rights of a common civilization."

"The United States recognizes with satisfaction that the Dominion of Canada is a permanent North American political unit, and that her autonomy is secure. The United States appreciates the advantage to the common welfare of the continent that Canada contributes her own strength plus the strength of Great Britain."

"The principal complaints against the measure," said Mr. Knox in conclusion, "come from the politicians who have been endeavoring to persuade the farmer that his interest in the protective tariff is based on the tariffs on agricultural products rather than on the general prosperity of the country, or they are heard from some local special interest."

"It is significant how little is said about who got the best of the bargain. The general observation is one of gratification that the arrangement is beneficial to both countries. The breadth and unselfish nature of the agreement has surprised and gladdened the friends of good relations between the countries and disconcerted those on both sides of the line who expected a horse trader's bargain."

Canada's Policy Settled

OTTAWA, Ont.—While there was some irritation here over Champ Clark's speech in which he said that the reciprocity agreement was the first step toward annexation, it is not likely to have much effect on the question of ratification.

At the opening of the session of the House on Wednesday Col. Samuel Hughes read a newspaper abstract of the speech and asked if it was a fair statement of the American attitude, and if so if the Canadian government leaders were prepared to withdraw from the reciprocity agreement.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that the government had no information on the subject and that the Canadian government had announced its policy and would not change it until it had more information. "I have not had my attention drawn to it until this moment," said the premier. "I have only to say that the policy of the government is already settled."

Premier Asquith's Denial

LONDON—The American-Canadian reciprocity agreement came to the fore in the House of Commons on Wednesday.

The government was questioned regarding the statement, attributed to Henri Bourassa, Nationalist leader in the Legislature of Quebec, to the effect that the home government had encouraged the Canadian government to reach a reciprocal trade understanding with the United States. Premier Asquith replied: "The statement is entirely without foundation in fact."

The premier also denied that Ambassador Bryce had been engaged actively in helping to bring about the agreement. Little credence is given today by Conservative newspapers to President Taft's disavowal of Champ Clark's annexation

HOSPITALITY

A guest said, last week: "No House Committee, official or attendant at my Club manifests more interest in my comfort than do the officials and attendants aboard this train." He was speaking of the world-famous

20th Century Limited

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1.30 p.m. daily

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CENTRAL
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In no house do you find more of the earnest solicitude of the host for his guest. You are cordially invited to join this "Century-Excorted Party" to Chicago any day over the

New York Central Lines

Other trains to Chicago and the West and Southwest leave South Station daily at 10.00 and 11.30 a. m., 2.00 and 4.50 p. m.

Time from Trinity Place four minutes later

Railroad Tickets and Pullman Accommodations

can be secured at Boston City Ticket Office, 298 Washington Street, Phone 2140 Fort Hill; at South Station, Phone Oxford 4693; at Trinity Place Station, Phone Oxford 1029; at Newtonville Station, Phone Newton North 770, or they will be delivered upon request by Special Messenger without extra charge.



prediction, as reflecting the sentiment of American statesmen.

"It is quite natural that Taft should repudiate an orator who spoke of reciprocity as the road to annexation," the Globe says today. "But the repudiation covers only the President himself. The fact remains that the thought embodied in Clark's annexation talk seems to have been prominent in the minds of other Americans, whose eagerness will certainly raise a storm of protest. Canada has even ruffled the tempers of free traders here by her apparent willingness to play into the hands of the Americans."

All the Conservative papers warn Canada to "beware of reciprocity unless she is ready to be swallowed by America."

The Liberal papers are handling the question gingerly, owing to the universal resentment to even the thought of annexation. They accept Mr. Clark's statement as correct and praise Mr. Taft for so quickly and positively denying that the United States has any notion of absorbing Canada.

Connecticut on Record

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Rumors are heard here that the two Connecticut senators at Washington will oppose the reciprocity bill in spite of the action of the state in placing itself squarely in favor of it. Senator Bulkeley has already been turned down in his efforts to obtain reelection and Senator Brandegee is being closely watched.

Favorable action on the Canadian reciprocity resolution by the Connecticut Senate placed that state on record officially for the measure. The vote in the Senate was 27 to 6 in favor of the resolution.

The House of Representatives last week unanimously passed the resolution approving the plan. Governor Baldwin has been quoted in favor of the measure and there is no doubt of his signing the bill.

The vote taken in the national House of Representatives on the passage of the McCall bill shows that all of the Connecticut delegation who were present supported it.

The Chamber of Commerce passed resolutions of indorsement of reciprocity on Wednesday night. Copies of the resolutions were telegraphed to President Taft and the senators of Connecticut.

CRETAN FREEDOM MEETING CALLED

A mass meeting will be held in Faneuil hall Friday night under the auspices of the Pan-Hellenic Union of America, in favor of freedom for the people of Crete.

The list of speakers shows Mayor Fitzgerald, Dr. Huntington, president of Boston University; Rabbi Charles Fleischer, Mrs. John Elliot, Mrs. Black, Dr. Manatt, Dr. Ion, the Rev. D. D. Addison of Brookline, Frank B. Sanborn of Concord and Meyer Bloomfield.

REPORT QUINCY GRANITE OUTPUT.

QUINCY, Mass.—Returns from the two rail shipping terminals for January show that the rough and finished granite forwarded therefrom for the first month of 1911 by rail totaled 14,094,890 pounds, 7,798,000 pounds going from West Quincy and 6,301,770 from Quincy Adams.

NEWSPAPER WOMAN RESIGNS.

TORONTO, Ont.—After 21 years' connection with the Mail and Empire, "Kit" (Mrs. Coleman), one of the best known of Canadian newspaper women, has resigned. She will take a vacation and will later take up general newspaper and magazine work.

CAMBRIDGE MEN DISCUSS CHARTER

Prof. Lewis J. Johnson of Harvard, the chief framer of the proposed new charter for Cambridge, and his colleagues in the work were under a cross-fire of questions from Cambridge politicians in regard to the probable working of the charter, at a public hearing Wednesday night at the city hall.

John Buckley said in a speech that the new charter would strike at the very roots of democracy and government by the people. There will be another hearing.

FORMER SCHOOL MEN GIVEN DINNER

Friends to the number of about 150 gathered at the Boston City Club Wednesday evening to tender a dinner to Dr. David D. Scannell and James P. Magenis, the two members of the school committee who retired this year.

Dr. David Snedden, state commissioner of education, presided, and among the speakers were President Lowell of Harvard, John F. Moors, Samuel B. Capen and Chairman David A. Ellis, George E. Brock and Joseph Lee of the school board.

ADMIRAL NAZRO PASSES ON.

Rear Admiral Arthur P. Nazro, U.S.N., retired, passed on today at his home in Jamaica Plain. When a captain he was in command of the receiving ship Yabash at the Charlestown navy yard. In December, 1908, he was advanced to the rank of rear admiral and assigned to the naval station at Cavite, P. I., as commandant, where he remained until his recent retirement.

REPORT ARNOLD JEWELS HERE.

Jewelry said to have belonged to Miss Dorothy Arnold, the missing New York girl, and valued at \$500, has been discovered in Boston. It is said that the jewels were pawned in Boston Sept. 23 and that the New York police and the Arnold family were notified next day.

ROSARIO DI GIORGIO IS WRECK.

KINGSTON, Jam.—The Atlantic Fruit Company's steamer Rosario di Giorgio, which went ashore off Manchionei two weeks ago, is a total wreck. Salvage has stopped.

BOWDOIN SQUARE LOOP TO BE TOPIC

Arrangements have been completed by the federated charities for a mass meeting Sunday afternoon in Faneuil hall for the purpose of discussing the question of subway improvements for the West and North Ends and East Boston.

Max Mitchell, superintendent of the Federation of Jewish Charities, deplors the decision of the transit commission in not giving a loop to Bowdoin square. The best transportation accommodations should be given, instead of taking them away, he argues.

UNIVERSITY MASONS CLUB.

The Freemasons attending the Boston University law school met on Wednesday and organized the Masonic Club of the Boston University Law School. The club is composed of 25 charter members who come from all parts of the United States.

YALE TO LOSE PROF. WHEELER.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Prof. Arthur M. Wheeler, head of the department of history at Yale, announces that he will retire at the end of the present school year. He is an authority on European history.

SELLS BONDS FOR TAX CLAIM.

To satisfy a claim against the Frederick R. Sears estate the Nahant tax collector seized \$44,000 in 3 1/2 per cent Terminal station bonds, which were sold at public auction Wednesday to Curtis & Sanger at par.

BRITISH COLUMBIA PROTEST.

VICTORIA, B. C.—The British Columbia Legislature adopted on Wednesday the resolution introduced two days ago against the reciprocity agreement between the United States and Canada. There was only one dissenting vote.

ISLE OF SHOALS HOTEL BURNS.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H.—The Mid-Ocean house on Smuttys Neck island, Isles of Shoals, with its contents, was destroyed by fire Wednesday evening with a loss of \$10,000.

MR. TAFT ASKS AID FOR CHINA.

WASHINGTON—President Taft has issued a proclamation calling for funds to aid the Chinese.

SUMMER TIME NOW

ON THE EAST COAST OF FLORIDA

Many of access—Two through Pullman Trains daily except Sunday—
22 hours New York to Palm Beach—only one night on the way—Winter
Tourist Tickets at Reduced Rates carry stop-over privileges—41 hours
via the Knights Key Route—Short Daylight
Water Trip on commodious and Fast Steamships.
Hotel and Boarding-house accommodations to suit the purse of every
class. One dollar a day and up. Continental environment for the old and
the young, the rich and the poor, the grave and the gay.

RESORTS	RESORTS—FLORIDA
Orlando	Hotel Ormond on the Halifax
Palm Beach	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Miami	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Fort Myers	Royal Palm on the Halifax
St. Augustine	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Daytona Beach	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Seaside	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Deltona	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Titusville	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Orlando	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Palm Beach	Royal Palm on the Halifax
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St. Augustine	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Daytona Beach	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Seaside	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Deltona	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Titusville	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Orlando	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Palm Beach	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Miami	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Fort Myers	Royal Palm on the Halifax
St. Augustine	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Daytona Beach	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Seaside	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Deltona	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Titusville	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Orlando	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Palm Beach	Royal Palm on the Halifax
Miami	Royal Palm on the Halifax

BAY STATE NEWS BRIEFS

ROCKLAND.

Woman's Alliance of the Unitarian church is meeting with Mrs. F. H. Torrey on Linden street this afternoon. The Rev. Samuel C. Weatherly will deliver an address on "The Southern Poets."

James Conday and Daniel Wheeler have been awarded the Rockland Commercial Club scholarship for the highest rank in studies and deportment in the high school. The Woman's Club scholarships have been won by Angeline Spence, Alide Kelly and Elsie Capen.

WALTHAM.

Sons and Daughters of Maine Association will present "The Teaser" in Endeavor hall this evening under the direction of Mrs. Eleanor Louise Swain.

Waltham High School Alumni Association is preparing a fair in aid of its scholarship fund, to be held in the school building March 2, 3 and 4.

ORANGE.

Friday evening the last lecture in the citizens' course will be given by Mrs. Maud Ballington Booth.

The first sleighing of the winter is now here, and sleighing parties are popular.

WAKEFIELD.

Kosmos Woman's Club will observe guest day Friday, entertaining neighboring clubs. A musicale will be given by Claude Fisher, first violin; Charles L'Orange, second violin; A. E. Harris, viola; Carl Webster, cello; Carl Lamson, piano, and Miss Helen Westgate, soprano.

Advance figures from the town report show that the receipts of the town farm have increased from \$1719.02 in 1907 to \$6104.02 for 1910. The finance committee gives credit to the overseers of the past four years, William C. Strong, Hugh Connell and E. Hazen Walton.

ABINGTON.

Woman's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will hold a mock trial in Cleverly hall this evening.

Woman's Guild of First Congregational church held a supper and entertainment Wednesday evening.

ARLINGTON.

The board of assessors will meet in the town hall this afternoon.

The Mission Circle is holding a food sale at the residence of Mrs. Charles Coolidge, 79 Jason street, this afternoon.

EVERETT.

The membership committee of the Board of Trade today approved of 21 applications for membership to be voted upon at the next meeting.

A petition from Everett citizens was forwarded today to Representative James J. Cavanaugh asking that the boundary line between Everett and Chelsea be placed in the center of the new channel in the Island End river, which will save to Everett a large tract of water frontage.

MEDFORD.

The Middlesex Fells park reservation is a resort of several hundred snow-shoers this week.

Harvey A. Hopkins, building inspector, during the past year issued 200 building permits, according to his annual report filed with Mayor Taylor today. Of this number 184 were for new buildings, among which 77 for two-family houses, 57 for single-family, 30 for three-tenement structures, two for six-tenement blocks and the remainder for block of stores and tenement.

READING.

The life and drum corps of Security lodge, I. O. O. F., will give a party Friday evening.

The C. E. Progressive Union, which includes the Y. P. S. C. E. societies of this town, Wakefield, Stoneham, Melrose, North Reading, Wilmington and Lynnfield, will hold its annual rally in the Congregational church on Washington's birthday. The address will be given by the Rev. Robert A. Hume of India and the MacWatters quartet will sing.

BEVERLY.

The Jubilee Yacht Club will meet Feb. 28, when figures will be presented on the fitting up of the new reading room.

The printing of city documents has been given to the Allen print. The contract for the city manuals was awarded to the Citizen Printing Company. The Whitcomb-Carter Company will furnish supplies, including packing, oil, waste, polish and other supplies at the pumping station at Wenham lake.

STONEHAM.

J. P. Gould post 75, G. A. R., the W. R. C., Leon E. Warren camp, S. W. V., and Mrs. Mary Scarlett auxiliary, S. W. V., will attend patriotic exercises in the high school assembly hall Tuesday afternoon and members of the organization will address the pupils.

Mrs. E. E. Fisher, Mrs. H. A. Hutchinson and Mrs. Harriet I. Hayward have been appointed to arrange for the annual dinner of the Congregational church, Feb. 24.

MALDEN.

Clarence A. Perkins, chairman of the board of aldermen, has appointed as a special committee of the city council with himself to investigate the city charter and proposed changes Councilmen Joseph H. Kelley, Harry B. Croxford, Wellington Phillips, Mortimer D. Williams, George G. Shipp and Alderman Charles R. Hutchinson.

The Omicron Delta fraternity of the high school and alumni will give its annual dramatics tonight in the auditorium. Roy W. Averill is coach.

QUINCY.

Abigail Phillips Quincy chapter, D. A. R., held a musicale in the Wollaston Congregational church Wednesday evening.

Members of the vested choir of St. Chrysostom's Episcopal church and friends were entertained at dinner in the parish house Wednesday evening by the Women's Guild. The Rev. F. H. Stenstra, the rector, read a letter from the vestrymen expressing appreciation of the work of the choir.

REVERE.

Miss Mary R. Ronan, principal of the Bradstreet Avenue school, has planned a course of reading for the pupils of different grades in connection with literature study. Every child who reads a book secures a slip from Miss Ronan, on which are several questions to which the pupil fills in the answers. These slips are returned to Miss Ronan and their ranking is included in the pupil's average rank for the year.

ARLINGTON HEIGHTS.

The C. E. Society of the Baptist church will meet Sunday afternoon and evening. The Rev. H. M. Barbour, pastor, will speak.

Park Avenue Congregational church has elected: Clerk, E. W. Nicoll; treasurer, Joseph C. Holmes; collector, A. E. Nichols; superintendent of Sunday school, H. A. Snow; church committee, Mrs. B. S. Currier, Paul R. Bennett; deacons, E. W. Nicoll, Claude A. Palmer.

BROOKLINE.

The citizens' caucus opens this afternoon in the town hall. The caucus will be called to order by Edward W. Baker, town clerk. Polls will be open until 10 p. m. for nominations for all town officers.

Edwin R. Sheak has purchased the estate of Mrs. Katherine B. Kimball at 10 Beech road.

MELROSE.

The Republican city committee will meet March 15. The speakers will be Robert Luce of Somerville and Senator George L. Barnes of Weymouth. A dinner will follow.

Melrose high has agreed to play off the hockey tie with Milton at the carnival at Milton Feb. 22.

BRAINTREE.

The Old Colony Grocery and Provision Dealers Association met at the Hampton house Wednesday evening.

A Great Removal Sale of Women's Muslin Underwear

Introducing This Newly Fitted Section in Its New Location, on the Fourth Floor of Our Main Store

To acquaint our patrons with this new location and to stimulate a brisk February business, we offer not only all the goods that were soiled and mussed in moving, but many exceptional purchases of highly desirable merchandise

At Savings of 30% to 50%

1.50 and 1.75 Nainsook Night Gowns.....	98c	3.00 Petticoats, with deep flounces of embroidery	1.95
2.00 and 2.50 Nainsook Embroidered Night Gowns	1.49	1.50 and 2.00 Corset Covers, best material and trimming	98c
4.50 to 5.00 Embroidered Night Gowns, with lace and ribbon.....	2.95	2.50 to 3.50 Finest English Nainsook Corset Covers, exquisite trimming.....	1.49
1.50 to 2.50 Combination Suits, with skirt or drawers	98c	1.25 and 1.50 Embroidered Chemises.....	98c
3.00 to 4.00 Combination Suits, embroidered..	1.69	2.00 and 2.50 Fine Nainsook Chemises.....	1.29
3.00 to 5.00 Princess Slips, finest material and trimming	1.95	1.00 Drawers of Nainsook, circular style.....	69c
1.00 Nainsook Corset Covers, lace and embroidery	69c	1.50 and 2.00 Extra Fine Nainsook Drawers..	95c
		2.50 White Petticoats, deep flounces and lace..	1.49
		4.00 White Petticoats, embroidery, insertion and tucks.....	2.95

The price reductions have been extended to take in the extra size underwear and the following items are but four of the many:

1.50 Extra size Chemises, made of fine nainsook, lace trimmed.....	95c.	3.00 Extra size Petticoats, flounce of ham-burg embroidery, lace and tucks.....	1.95
2.75 Extra size Night Gowns, fine Nainsook, embroidered insertion and ribbon.....	1.69	3.00 Extra size Night Gowns, chemise style, yoke of ham-burg and cluny lace.....	1.95

Our Annual Mid-Winter Sale of Wash Goods

We intend to make this the greatest sale of goods of this description in the history of our store, and to assure this result we will offer the very latest fabrics at prices which are only fractions of their real value

The following items, selected from many equally attractive, will serve to show how comprehensive this sale is and what a decided cut has been made in the regular prices.

39c Jacquard Half Silk Tussahs, 27 inches wide, 20 shades	25c
39c Old English Mercerized Poplin, 27 inches wide, all colors	24c
39c Imported French Foulards, 27 in. wide, beautiful designs	19c
49c Half Silk Rough Shantung, all new and standard shades	25c
29c Mercerized Rough Pongee, wide range of selection.....	17c
25c Mercerized Satin Poplins, excellent variety in all colors.....	12½c
39c Mercerized Cheviots, 32 inches wide, a rare value.....	19c
39c & 49c Half Silk Wash Goods, odds and ends.....	15c

We bespeak for this sale the same ready response that has always greeted our mid-winter wash goods sale, and the variety and extent of the offerings this year will excel anything that we have heretofore attempted in this section of our store.

Jordan Marsh Company

CHELSEA.

The rooms of the Girls Club on Broadway will be given up this evening to young girls from the different schools who will be accompanied by Miss Mary Norcross of the Highland school, Miss Alice Dockham of the Williams and Miss Adelaide Pierce of the Cary. It is hoped that this is the beginning of a larger work for girls which will lead to a settlement house or the establishment of a Y. W. C. A.

A two days fair in aid of St. Luke's Episcopal church will be opened in Congress hall this evening.

RANDOLPH.

At the annual town meeting next month the town will be asked to contribute \$100 to the fund of Capt. Horace Niles post 110, G. A. R., for the erection of a civil war memorial.

Ladies of First Congregational church will give a play in the vestry Friday evening.

LEXINGTON.

Women's Alliance meets in the Unitarian church this afternoon. Miss Ethel Hale Freeman of West Newton is to speak.

NEWTON.

Robert L. Studley will lecture before the Y. M. C. A. this evening on "From the Back of the Sheep to the Back of the Boy."

"The Sahara and Its Caravans" will be the subject of an illustrated lecture by the Rev. Charles Wellington Furlong before the Unitarian Club this evening.

WATERTOWN.

Phillips Club will hold its monthly meeting in the parlors of Phillips church this evening.

BRIDGEWATER.

A sale and supper will be held Feb. 22 under the auspices of the Girls' Club of the Congregational church at the church.

The Rev. L. E. Ackland of Newton Center, who has received a call to the Baptist church, will preach at both services Sunday.

HOLBROOK.

Braintree Highlands Neighborhood Club met with the Rev. R. S. Hubbard on Washington street Wednesday evening. Miss A. M. Bearse of Boston delivered an address.

APOSTLES OF PEACE FROM AMERICA IS COUNT APPONYI PLEA

NEW YORK — A plea for American apostles of peace to visit the nations of Europe and preach peace was made by Count Albert Apponyi, Hungarian statesman, in an address Wednesday night in Carnegie hall.

The count spoke under the auspices of the Civic Forum and the New York Peace Society, whose joint invitation brought him to this country.

Seth Low presided and among those present were Baron Von Hengelmueller, Austro-Hungarian ambassador, Andrew Carnegie, Archbishop Farley, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mrs. Russell Sage, Miss Helen Gould, Charles R. Crane, Gen. Thomas H. Hubbard and prominent Hungarians.

"You Americans may efficiently assist us," said the count, "by your example, by developing within your continent peace institutions fit to serve as a model to the world at large; by proposing, as President Taft announced his intention to do, arbitration treaties on broad lines to the powers of Europe."

"But you can do it in a direct way through the voice of your eloquent leaders. I can but hope that my country will be included in the program of apostolic journeys to which I invite our American friends."

In his address Count Apponyi said that next to America, England was the country where the peace movement stood highest; France followed at some distance; in the rest of Europe the belief in peace and the possibility of permanent institutions to secure it was not yet a serious power in politics.

CHICAGO—Opposition is raised by Bohemian, Slovak and Polish editors and citizens of Chicago to the invitation given Count Apponyi to speak on "Universal Peace" at the Washington's celebration.

A memorial Wednesday was presented Alexander A. McCormick, chairman of the celebration committee, asking that the invitation be withdrawn.

It reached him almost simultaneously with a message from Count Apponyi, regretting inability to accept owing to other engagements.

The reasons assigned in the memorial, copies of which were also forwarded to Theodore Roosevelt and Andrew Carnegie, are briefly, that he is "representative of Hungarian governmental tyranny," and as minister of education "led the oppression of Slovaks in that kingdom."

TREATY RATIFIED FOR PRIZE COURT BY THE SENATE

WASHINGTON—In executive session Wednesday the Senate ratified the convention signed at the second Hague peace conference in 1907 creating an international prize court and also an additional protocol to the convention making certain modifications intended to remove the constitutional objections of several signatories to the original convention.

The original convention has been pending in the Senate since Feb. 27, 1908.

It is expected that Great Britain, which has signed the prize court convention, the additional protocol and the declaration of London, will ratify the agreement shortly.

MR. CARNEGIE OFFERS DENVER \$91,000 FOR FOUR NEW LIBRARIES

DENVER—Andrew Carnegie has offered the city \$91,000 for four branch library buildings if the mayor and council will agree to provide the sites and expend \$9000 a year to keep them in repair.

Charles R. Dudley, city librarian, has submitted the proposal to the library commission, which will confer with the mayor. For the last two years Mr. Dudley had been petitioning Mr. Carnegie to add to his benefactions in Denver by making possible the establishment of branch libraries.

Mr. Dudley's idea is to have branch libraries in South Denver; on the north side, somewhere near the North Denver high school; in or near the West Colfax avenue Hebrew settlement, and in the stockyards district at Elyria.

Plans for the libraries have not been drawn, but Mr. Dudley estimates that each structure will cost from \$18,000 to \$25,000 to build and furnish. The sum which Mr. Carnegie stands ready to appropriate is sufficient to cover the cost of establishing the libraries.

Because the officials of some cities have declined to accept gifts tendered by Mr. Carnegie, after the donations had been solicited by librarians, Mr. Carnegie now follows the general plan of withholding definite offers to endow libraries until officially asked to do so by elective officers of cities.

For some time it has been Mr. Dudley's aim to popularize the library. He believed this could be done by making it more convenient for the people to get books. The branch library plan, he thinks, will solve the problem.

NEW HAVEN ROAD SURVEYS LINE

WESTERLY, R. I.—The New York, New Haven & Hartford has been employing surveyors for day and night work between this place and Groton, Conn., to stake out an air line route for the shortening of the right of way.

While no statement has been made by officials of the road, it is generally considered that the new survey aims at cutting out several curves and two miles of track to shorten the time between Boston and New York.

The line of stakes set out by the surveying squads does not touch Midway, Noank, West Mystic, Mystic and Stonington.

LARGE SUM GIVEN FOR BOY SCOUTS

WASHINGTON—Before adjourning Wednesday the managers of the Boy Scouts movement, in pursuance of their decision to raise \$40,000 for the work, secured subscriptions to half of the amount during the day.

It was decided to have every local council throughout the country elect a representative to the national council, and the most important result of the meeting is regarded as the progress made toward establishing an effective organization.

FAVORS ELECTRIC STEERING GEAR

Experimental operations of the electric steering gear installed on board the U. S. S. Des Moines, now at the Boston navy yard, has been so successful that its use on all vessels of the navy of a certain large type is recommended.

The contrivance has been in use on the Des Moines for a year and will be included in specifications for all new naval vessels. It has solved, it is stated, some of the problems that have been bothering naval officials.

OFFERS HORSES TO ARMY.

NEW YORK—August Belmont announced Wednesday night that he is to offer to the United States army six horses, including Henry of Navarre. He added that his gift is in the interest of improving the American cavalry horse.

G. WILDES SMITH CO.
158 TREMONT STREET

Spring Neckwear Novelties
Handed and Fancy Bows of mesh, combined with velvet, and trimmed with sweet peas and rose buds in dainty color combinations.
50c, \$1.00 and \$1.50

HAIR GOODS
ONLY BEST MATERIALS USED
MADAME MAY & CO.
(Established 1871.)
Telephone 181. Chatterbox.
Solely in Facial Cleansing.
Salon on Floor. 15 TEMPLE PLACE.

FASHIONS AND THE HOUSEHOLD

AN EFFECTIVE USE OF STRIPES

Gown finished with pipings of velvet.



LUNCH CLOTHS

The latest touch in embroidered lunch cloths is to form them of alternate strips of lace and fine linen. Filet, fine Cluny, and copies of the old Venetian laces are used for these insertions, and a border of lace to match completes the cover, says the New York Times.

On the handsomest cloths the strips of linen are embroidered in a conventionalized vine of satin stitch and eyelet embroidery; and the costliest of all have stripes of reticella, giving an open effect that is lovely over polished mahogany. Sometimes a lining of satin in the palest tone of the floral decorations is used under these lace covers.

DON'T USE WOOL

Never darn knitted underwear with wool, says the New Era. It will shrink and make a hole larger than the original one. Use instead loosely twisted knitting silk. Darn loosely, and when washed the new texture will be almost the same as the knitted goods itself.

TRY ORANGES IN THESE WAYS

New Yorker recommends southern styles of eating delicious fruit.

THERE are ways and ways of eating an orange," remarked a New Yorker who had just returned from a winter trip to the West Indies. "Before I went to Jamaica and Porto Rico I used to strip off the rind, break up the fruit and put the different sections into my mouth, pith and all; but down in the islands where they grow oranges I learned some mighty good wrinkles.

"I was a guest one evening at the table of a planter in Jamaica. When dessert time came around the hostess asked me if she might peel an orange for me. She took a sharp knife and deftly removed the outer skin only. She began at the top and worked her way to the bottom, throwing the skin aside in one unbroken strip about 12 inches long. This left the orange still covered with the spongy white pith.

"She then sliced it across horizontally and handed me the two sections. I watched what the other guests did and bit into the expanse of golden fruit that was temptingly exposed. I found that the outer pith prevented any of the juice from escaping, while the orange having been cut across it was possible to get at all the meat and leave the worthless portion behind. There was no acid rind to burn my lips, and I realized I had never fully enjoyed an orange.

"This same woman called my attention to the fact that she had not divided the fruit into equal portions and that the smaller portion had been the sweeter. I asked for an explanation, and she told me that as soon as an orange begins to ripen on the tree the sweetening matter sinks to the lower end, away from the stem. For that reason they always cut the sweet end smaller in Jamaica. They eat the larger portion first, reserving what they call the head as a tid-bit.

"A lady in Porto Rico showed me another stunt. She began to peel an orange as the Jamaica woman had done, but she stopped about one quarter of the way down. She then ran the knife into the peeled end and cut away a conical section of the fruit.

"The hole that resulted became rapidly filled with juice, and following her directions, I sucked it, squeezing the orange as I did so. I had it squeezed dry in no

time, getting only the pure juice into my mouth.

"Then again, I was introduced to what the West Indians call the nannie orange. A nannie is one that has been allowed to remain on the tree until it is wrinkled and withered, almost dried out. Such an orange is 10 times as sweet as any other. They're not sold in New York because the dealers think they are spoiled. They're right, of course. If the fruit withers after it is plucked, it is no good. But the next time you see a wrinkled old orange on a stand, buy it just for luck. It may be a nannie."

New York Sun.

HOME HELPS

To clean a child's white coat, rub it with equal parts of very dry flour and calcined magnesia.

An old fashioned Shetland shawl should be washed in bran and warm water, no soap.

Glue a tape measure firmly across the front edge of your sewing machine. It saves much time when sewing.

A tiny bit of butter is often an improvement to cake frostings, especially chocolate or caramel.

In the south they often add a teaspoon of Orleans molasses to the frying bacon. It makes the meat more delicate.

Brown boots may be blackened by rubbing the blacking well into the shoes with a raw potato and then polishing.

Add a handful of chopped parsley or onion to the veal when cooking. It improves it as much as mint adds to the lamb.

An egg beater never should be left to soak in water, as the oil will be washed out of the gears, making it hard to turn.

Do not make the mistake of serving large oysters raw at a woman's luncheon. Most women prefer blue points or cherry stones.—Ottawa Citizen.

HAVE KITCHEN

TOOL CHEST FOR USE OF WIFE

AS a rule, when the busy housewife waits for a hammer or a screwdriver, she goes to the tool chest and roots among its contents until she finds what she wants. And more often than not she doesn't find it.

In the first place, there should be a drawer in the kitchen, table or cupboard in which she can have a store of handy articles, and she should make a rigid rule that it is never to be used for anything else but her original purpose. She might take a hint from her husband's desk and buy a box of paper clips, a box of assorted rubber bands and a box of office pins. They are useful in a thousand ways and should always be near at hand.

Then she should buy a good eighteen-inch rule with a brass edge, which she will find excellent for measuring draperies and upholstery.

The next addition to this drawer should be a dozen soft lead pencils and a little sharpener. It may seem silly to suggest this, but few housewives do not know the annoyance of hunting around the house and rifling the children's school boxes for these necessities.

The next purchase should be three boxes of tacks—two sizes of ordinary tacks and a box of brass-headed variety.—Exchange.

VELVET HAT

For late winter or early spring, when you stand at the meeting of the many ways of fashion, there is nothing quite so satisfying as a velvet hat, says the New York Press. It is neither felt nor straw, and it can be worn on cold and warm days.

The velvet hat that is not much trimmed, but that relies on a becomingness of line, is the type referred to. It usually takes the friendly shape of the tricorne, with just a simple ornament at the front or side.

A cord in silver, gold or mixed colors is a very effective way to finish this between-season hat. This must be applied first, and if possible the end should be continued into the ornament for the turned-up brim. This eliminates all frayed ends of the cord and gives a chic completeness that is undeniable in effect.

When turning up the brim of your velvet hat do not be exact in your measurements. In other words, do not use a compass in millinery. Let one part sweep up from the side of your face that can best stand this line.

And if the turned-up brim at the back is not becoming, why let it remain down. Fashion is lenient.

Black and white combinations are to be in force this spring, so you can use white braid on your black velvet hat with safety so far as fashion's sanction goes. Little ornaments of black and white soutache knotted and braided can be made by the home dressmaker.

FASHION BITS

Wide bands of crocheted lace are invading the field.

Black satin suits with velvet bands are introduced for spring wear.

On hats, gowns, wraps, muffs, scarfs, and even shoes, laces are used this season.—Denver Times.

THREAD HOLDER

A convenience for the sewing-room is a wooden panel with rows of wire nails driven into it and spools of thread put on the nails. If it is hung near the sewing machine and the work-basket the desired number of thread may be quickly found.—Ladies' Home Journal.

FAT GIVES FLAVOR

Many vegetables may be seasoned with salt pork or bacon. Salt pork fat is, by some, considered to render a better flavor to fish, veal, poultry and game. Fat from the soup kettle is good to warm potatoes, make sauces or cook meat.—Ottawa Citizen.

THE CORRECT WRITING PAPER

Crane's
Linen
Lawn

FOR over a hundred years Crane's writing papers have been the first choice of all good letter-writers, and there were many good letter-writers in the old days of this country. Many a box of old letters, penned by a famous hand, were written upon Crane's writing paper.

Behind every sheet of Crane's Linen Lawn today there is an experience of one hundred years in good paper-making. No wonder that the Crane writing papers are preeminent today as they have been during the entire hundred years. Crane's Linen Lawn is a writing paper of unusual quality and unusual popularity. Besides the white, it is made in many fashionable shades.

Crane's Linen Lawn is the most fashionable paper in any form in which it appears.

If your stationer cannot supply Crane's Linen Lawn, write to us, and we will send the name of a dealer who can.

Eaton, Crane and Pike Company
SOLE MANUFACTURING AGENTS
PITTSFIELD, MASS.

FEASTING AT A RUSSIAN FETE

Much to eat at a daughter's name day celebration.

AN American visiting in eastern Siberia had the good fortune to be present at the celebration of the name day of the daughter of the Russian family whose guest she was. Of the festivities, she writes:

"Seventeen-year-old Maroussia sat at the head of the table on this occasion, perfectly demure and mistress of herself. Russian girls acquire self-possession and most of the womanly arts and graces at the age of eight, so that when their sixteenth year dawns upon them and they make their bow to the world, they are capable of meeting it with an assurance born of knowledge and experience. A tall wreath of wild flowers set above the back of her chair framed her pretty black head.

"The festive board, long and narrow, was on one side of the glassed-in verandah; around it were placed for 32, and down the middle of it alternated bouquets of wild flowers with tremendous cakes.

"As is the custom at home feasts, still kept up by many Russian families, we were all garbed in ancient Russian costumes. The military guests wore their usual officers' uniforms, but the other men had long coats, pretty greens and greys and blues, tight at the waistline, over knickerbockers and boots. Two

wore the Siberian coat, ending with the waist, from which hung a huge gathered bounce down to the knee.

"The women looked as if they had just stepped out of one of Solomko's paintings—bishops' hats with a fringe of beads round the forehead and long veils reaching from the peak of this bejeweled headgear to the hem of the train of the bejeweled gown.

"As to the dinner, three full and merry hours were occupied in its consumption; and though we finished at three, every one was ready for a tea at four and a very substantial supper at eight.

"After supper the moon showed her kind face from behind her cloudy hood, reassuring us as to the 'first night' of the play, for this evening.

"Midnight saw us eating again—the meal also known as 'tea.' If meals were eliminated from the Russian regime one would really find time to live. At a picnic on the day after the celebration we had Stroganoff to begin with—no, it is not a symphony nor a rhapsody nor an etude even—though it might be called a mixture of all three by lovers of this dish of little strips of steak with onions and mushrooms and sour cream, etc., composed by the artist whose name it bears."—Toronto Mail and Empire.

TRIED RECIPES

KATIE GRAHAM'S PUDDING.

MIX together two and one-half cups of graham flour, one cup of milk, one cup of molasses, and one cup of raisins, seeded, two small teaspoonsful of soda, dissolved in a little of the milk, then beaten in with the rest of the milk and molasses, a pinch of salt and a half teaspoonful of ginger. Steam two hours and serve with hard sauce, a lemon sauce or a foam sauce.

CRANBERRY TARTS.

Cut rounds from flaky paste and an equal number of rounds from puff-paste, if at hand, otherwise use flaky pastry for both sets of rounds. Cut out small rounds from the paste to be used as covers, but retain them in place. Put a spoonful of cranberry jelly on the flaky rounds, brush the edge with cold water and press the puff-paste rounds above; dredge with granulated sugar and bake in a rather hot oven about 15 minutes.

RICE PUDDING WITHOUT EGGS.

Many cooks think they have to use eggs in making a rice pudding, but a more delicate and palatable one can be made without any. Wash and pick over a half cup of rice. Put in a buttered pudding dish with a pint and a half of milk, half a cup of sugar, a pinch of salt, and a grated lemon rind. Bake two hours stirring frequently for the first hour and a half, then finish the baking to form a light crust over the top. Serve with cream.

CREAMED CAULIFLOWER AU GRATIN. Let the cauliflower cook in boiling salted water until tender, then separate into flowerets and dispose in individual dishes; over the cauliflower in each dish turn one or two tablespoonfuls of cream sauce, sprinkle with buttered cracker crumbs and set into the oven, to brown the crumbs.

CHEESE COURSE.

Roll cream cheese into balls nearly an inch in diameter; roll the balls in pistachio nuts, blanched and chopped. Pile the balls in the center of a chop plate, and surround with a wreath of orange or grape fruit marmalade. Surround the marmalade with hot toasted crackers. Serve at the close of luncheon or dinner in the place of the usual pudding, pie or other sweet dish. If preferred, pass the cheese, marmalade and crackers on a tray in separate receptacles.

FOAM SAUCE.

Dissolve a tablespoonful of cornstarch in two tablespoonfuls of cold water, pour over it a cup of boiling water and cook until clear. Cream together a half cup of butter and one of sugar and pour it over the boiling starch, stirring rapidly, which causes it to foam. Flavor with a teaspoonful of vanilla and two of vinegar.—Montreal Star.

HOW TO USE HAM

Sliced ham is more tender if it is baked than if fried. Cut a piece three-quarters of an inch thick, put it into a small enamel pan, turn three-quarters of a cupful of milk over it, cover and bake for an hour and a quarter, basting every 15 minutes with milk.

For luncheons grind the ends of a boiled ham and mix it with a button onion that has been chopped fine and a little minced parsley. Put the mixture into a pan with a little butter and moisten with hot water or cream. Simmer four or five minutes and then heap on slices of toast.

For curly bacon, cut it very thin and half cook it in boiling water, then curl it, fasten in shape with a toothpick, and broil it over the fire.

A little grated American cheese mixed with minced ham used in sandwiches is delicious if the sandwich is fried brown, and served very hot.

Cold ham is tasty if it is shredded and cooked in currant jelly sauce.—New York Times.

HATCHET CAKES

The Chicago Record-Herald gives this recipe for George Washington hatchets: Mix and sift two cupfuls of flour and half a cupful of brown sugar. Add half a cupful of butter and the yolks of two eggs, and work, using the hands, until smooth. Toss on a slightly floured board, roll in one third of an inch in thickness and cut in hatchet shapes, using a sharp-pointed knife, being guided by a soft cardboard pattern previously prepared. Place a candied cherry on each hatchet and brush over with the yolk of egg slightly beaten and diluted with one teaspoonful of water. Place on a tin sheet and bake in a slow oven until delicately browned.

CHOICE OF MEAT

First of all, meat should be a bright red. Heifer beef is very good indeed, and may be known by the comparatively small size of the bones and joints. Heifers give some of the finest and most tender meat, says the New York Press.

While coarse meat makes many a satisfying stew and gives good stock, the fibers are so hard that there is often waste with these. A prime joint, on the other hand, will get used up to the last bit.

PAPER DUSTER

Tissue paper for use as a duster will be found satisfactory. Slightly moistened it removes dust easily, and dry it is excellent for keeping a brass bed looking bright; also silver toilet articles, mirrors and windows, says the Ladies Home Journal. It leaves no lint, and does not, of course, need to be washed when the work is done, but simply burned.

DISHWASHING AID

For rinsing or washing dishes, a short piece of hose, fitted to screw on the hot-water faucet at the sink, with a spray nozzle, will greatly facilitate the work, says the Ladies Home Journal. The force of the spray is greater than the ordinary flow, and the water may be applied to any part of the article. Two feet and a half is a good length for the hose.

COOKY TIN

A cookie tin made to fit the oven is a time saver on baking day, as a large number of cookies may be baked at one time. A tin made of galvanized iron turned up about half an inch on the edges, says a writer in the Denver Times. This sort of tin needs no greasing, another thing in its favor.

James McCreery & Co.

23rd Street

New York

34th Street

On Friday, February the 17th.

LEATHER GOODS DEPT'S. In Both Stores.

UNUSUAL SALE

A large variety of Imported and Domestic Leather Novelties (slightly marred).

2.50, 3.75 and 5.00 each
former price 5.00 to 15.00

The collection includes Sole Leather, Genuine Pigskin, English Morocco and Real Seal Jewel Cases, Manicure Cases, Bottle Sets, Dressing Cases, Picnic Sets, Sewing Baskets, Writing Cases, Photograph Frames, Hand Bags, Wallets, Bill Folds and Purses.

WOMEN'S CLOAKS. In Both Stores.

French Serge Coats, lined with Peau de Cygne. Long, semi-fitted model. 24.00

Black Satin Paletots.....38.00

MERINO UNDERWEAR DEPT'S. In Both Stores.

Women's Shetland Wool Sweaters...4.75

Women's Sweater Coats in white, grey and tan. 3.90
value 4.90

Boys' and Girls' Sweaters.....1.50
value 2.90

Women's Hand-knitted Caps.....1.50
value 2.90

Children's Hand-knitted Caps.....1.00

James McCreery & Co.

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New York

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Bread Problem Solved

EAT
EDUCATOR
CRACKERS

Heat EDUCATOR WAFERS in the oven, leaving the door open, and butter them as you eat them. They are the sweetest morsel you ever tasted. They take the place of bread and biscuit at any and all meals, and when once tried are given a place on the family table Morning, Noon and Night.

YOUR GROCER SELLS THEM IF NOT, GIVE US HIS NAME

Johnson Educator Food Company

NEW YORK
PHILADELPHIA

BOSTON

PROVIDENCE
NEWBURYPORT

IF YOUR EXTRACT is rank and too strong it will flavor your desserts unpleasantly no matter how choice your other ingredients may be.

USE

Burnett's Vanilla

and your desserts are sure to be most delicious.

PELLIE NUTS

The pellie nuts from South America, which are comparatively new at the fancy fruiterers, have something the flavor of the brazil nut, but are more delicate and tender, says the New York Times. Shaved over a salad they are good.

MILK TEST

If a polished knitting needle is dipped into a pail of milk and withdrawn, to be held upright, some of the milk will adhere to the needle if the fluid is pure, says the Ottawa Citizen. Even the smallest amount of water will keep any of the milk from adhering.

SAVE FOR A "FLY"

From garments that have been laid aside cut the strip containing the buttonholes, leaving enough material to turn under. Use this strip as a "fly" to new garments, thereby saving both time and labor.—New Era.

MANNISH SUITINGS

The mannish suitings which will be so popular the coming season are also most serviceable, says the Milwaukee Journal. They do not gather dust nor spots, and all they need is frequent shaking and brushing and an occasional pressing.

AT THE THEATERS

BOSTON OPENINGS.

In "The Commuters," which Bostonians will see next Monday evening at the Park for the first time, James Forbes has put all the joys and sorrows of life in the suburbs into a most laughable series of situations.

"The Spendthrift," Porter Emerson Browne's dramatization of a feature of the high cost of living, comes to the Hollis Monday evening for a two weeks engagement with Edmund Breece again in the leading masculine role.

The composing room of a newspaper with linotype machines, stereotyping plant and the general bustle of such a place in full working order is a feature of one of the acts of "The Fourth Estate," which comes to the Shubert Monday evening.

"The Girl of My Dreams" comes to the Colonial Feb. 27 with John Hyams and Miss Leila McIntyre heading the company.

"Beverly," a romantic play made from George Barr McCutcheon's novel, will be the attraction at the Globe beginning Monday.

"Arms and the Man" is underlined for presentation next at the Castle Square.

Mrs. Marion Craig-Wentworth reads Hervieu's "Enchained" this afternoon at Steiner's hall.

Mrs. Kidder Reads "The Piper."

Mrs. Christabel Kidder gave a reading of Mrs. Josephine Preston Peabody Marks' "The Piper," Wednesday evening at the Park Street church to a large and highly pleased audience.

Mrs. Kidder gave an interpretation of such beauty and dramatic power that her auditors obtained a very clear idea of this fine drama which is having such a success at the New Theater, New York, and in London as played by the Benson company.

Mrs. Kidder brought out with special beauty the tragic emotions of the mother of little Jan, one of the children that had been piped away.

The scene in which the mother appealed to the Piper for the restoration of her child was pathetic and the acting quality of reality since the interpreter had memorized the work and was thus left free of dead and text. The children, too, were delightfully characterized, and through it all was woven the strength and truth of honest love as represented by the Piper.

Of much depth was the Piper's apostrophe to the Lonely One as delivered by Mrs. Kidder.

The Composer of "The Dollar Princess."

Leo Fall, composer of "The Dollar Princess," which is now in its last fortnight at the Colonial, was born in Lemberg, Austria. His father was a military bandmaster there and he was chiefly responsible for the musical education of Leo and his two brothers. After he had studied with his father, he went to the Vienna Conservatoire, there to finish his education—but he always looks upon his father as his chief master and adviser, and he does not send a bar of music to any one without having previously shown it to his father. The latter's "forte" was orchestration, and it may safely be said that as regards orchestration Leo Fall occupies a unique position among the light opera composers past and present.

His parents then moved to Berlin and Leo followed them. He acted as assistant conductor in Berlin as well as in Hamburg, but at the age of 28 he threw up his old appointments so as to devote himself exclusively to composition. He wrote two serious operas, one of which, "Irrlicht," was produced in Mannheim. Although it only met with success, it yet the musical critics quickly recognized that here was a composer to be reckoned with. He then wrote several one-act operas and an opera called "The Rebel." This opera was produced at the Theatre and der Wein, the leading light opera theater in Vienna. Owing to the weakness of the book, the opera was not a big success, but the music was generally voted so delightful that Leo Fall obtained from the directors of that theater a commission to write them another opera. This was "The Dollar Princess."

Some people have been heard to say that Fall's work was an imitation of "The Merry Widow." If there is any similarity between these two phenomenally successful operettas it is purely accidental, for it was a mere "toss-up" which would be produced first. As "The Merry Widow" proved such a gigantic success in Vienna, "The Dollar Princess" had to wait two years.

In the meanwhile Fall tasted all the bitterness of unrecognized genius, but after the premiere of the latter work he immediately became the chief rival of Franz Lehár. Fall, many are confident, will go down to posterity as at least equal to Johann Strauss, Offenbach, Lecocq and Suppe.

UNABLE TO NAME MAN FOR MAYOR

ROCKLAND, Me.—The Democratic caucus Wednesday night was unable to settle upon a candidate for mayor who would accept the nomination.

The honor was offered in turn to D. J. Murphy, Blanchard R. Smith and L. H. Duncan, each of whom declined. The choice of a candidate was finally left to the city committee.

The Republicans nominated their ward tickets Wednesday evening.

INSTALL BROCKTON PASTOR.

BROCKTON, Mass.—The Rev. Julius Hulteen was installed pastor of the Swedish Lutheran church here Wednesday evening, on the opening night of the convention of the Boston district of the New York conference. The Rev. Fritz Jacobson of Brooklyn, president of the conference, preached the sermon.

REAL ESTATE NEWS

In the razing of a little two-story wooden building at the junction of Union place and Beach street, Stapleton, S. I., Staten Island loses one of its oldest landmarks.

The building, which was more than 100 years old, was at one time owned by Commodore Vanderbilt, and it occupied the old Vanderbilt homestead site.

When Commodore Vanderbilt erected his first mansion, which still stands at the corner of Union place and Bay street, he purchased the little building so that he might include it on his estate.

BIG MALDEN SALE.

Malden's largest real estate deal thus far this season has just gone to record, whereby the Dana Estes estate has sold to persons whose names are withheld for the present, the building known as the Court building at the junction of Pleasant street and Linden avenue. The building contains two stores and a theater on the ground floor, bowling alleys in the basement, the rooms of the first district court of eastern Middlesex on the second floor and on the third floor is the Malden Commercial school. The property is assessed for \$71,000. The sale was made through the Howes agency, Malden.

TITLE TO MORE FENWAY LAND.

Title to land on Audubon road and Peterborough street in the Back Bay Fen passes today from the Boston Water Power Company to Robert Treat Paine. The land is known as block F, lots 1-9, and consists of 29,320 square feet. It is assessed for \$61,300 and the price paid is \$106,000. John C. Kiley of the Kimball building was the broker in the transaction.

Title to other land on Audubon road passes today from the Boston Water Power Company to the heirs of Robert Treat Paine. The land is known as block M, lots 15, 16, 17, and consists of 9,551 square feet. It is assessed for \$21,500 and the price paid is \$35,834. John C. Kiley of the Kimball building was the broker in this transaction also.

OTHER LOCAL CHANGES.

Property numbered 586-592 Albany street, South End, has been withdrawn from the market by its purchase just made by C. H. Lewis, Easton building. There are 33,905 square feet of land, assessed on \$61,500, now occupied by the Bradford Coal Company. There is a building taxed on \$17,300.

In the Roxbury district the two big three-story, three-apartment brick houses and 4200 feet of land numbered 103 and 105 Cedar street near Eliot square, have been sold through the office of Meyer Dana of the Kimball building to Lizzie Brown, who buys for investment. The property is taxed on a total valuation of \$12,100. Goldie Swartz is the grantor.

Warren F. Freeman of the Kimball building reports the sale of his estate at 40 Richards street, Highland station, West Roxbury, consisting of a new nine-room frame dwelling, a garage and 6200 feet of land. George L. Schirmer of Jamaica Plain buys for a home.

Silas E. Parsons has sold for the estate of Hannah V. Baker the three-family frame house at 21 Ceylon street, Dorchester, to F. E. Corcoran, who buys for investment. The 3576 square feet of land is taxed for \$1100 and the total assessment is \$6100.

R. S. Fitch has sold for C. M. Baker and others a parcel of land containing 12,199 square feet on the corner of Pleasant and Morrill streets, Dorchester, having an assessed value of \$7100. The new owner, R. G. Crosby, buys for development.

One of the largest sales of business property made in Dedham for many years has just been closed. Luther C. Greenleaf of Boston, the well-known architect, has become the owner of what is known as Wardles Corner, comprising a lot of 9734 square feet, with a frontage of 220 feet on High and Washington streets, assessed for \$18,000, of which \$12,100 is on the land. The buildings, which are old, contain seven stores and shops, a studio and two or three apartments. The grantors are John W. Carberry et al.

The opposite corner with 240 feet frontage on the same streets was purchased by Mr. Greenleaf 11 years ago and developed by the erection of a three-story brick and stone building containing stores, postoffice, studios and a public hall, etc.

SOUTH END LEADS TODAY.

Trading in local realty today was quiet. The South End of the city proper was most prominent, where Frank P. Stone has conveyed to Marion L. P. Scott the property at 28 Cumberland street, comprising a three-story octagon front brick house and 2330 square feet of land, the whole taxed on \$10,000, of which amount \$4000 is on the lot.

The same parties figure in the sale of the four-story and basement well front brick house and lot of 2087 feet of land, numbered 4 Worcester square, near Washington street, valued by the assessors at \$8000. The land's share in this instance is \$3700.

Also in the same transaction is the parcel at 29 Cumberland street, between the railroad and St. Botolph street, consisting of a three-story well-front brick house and lot of 1890 feet. The tax rating in this case is \$7000, of which the land's share is \$3700.

In Roxbury the Susan F. Whitcomb estate has conveyed to Axel W. Broberg the estate at 13 Windsor street, near Shawmut avenue, assessed on \$4700, of which amount \$1200 is on 1153 square feet of land, and the balance on a four-story brick house.

Another Roxbury sale involves the property at 19 and 21 Norfolk street, comprising a frame house and lot of 2074 square feet of land. The grantor is the Margaret A. Richards' estate and the grantee is Michael J. Walsh. The loca-

tion is near Highland street and the assessment is \$3300.

WOMAN'S CLUBHOUSE REPORT.

A report of the directors of the Woman's Clubhouse Corporation has been issued to the stockholders reviewing the business and conditions since the trustees were appointed in May, 1900. The report says "the enterprise was sound, the management good, but sufficient capital and cooperation were wanting."

In May, 1910, the president was notified that the clubhouse on Huntington avenue was sold by the trustees for \$155,000, \$50,000 less than its assessed value—"a blow from which we have not yet recovered," the report says, "and any justification of such action we have not been able to understand, when a conservative estimate of receipts and expenses show a net gain of \$4190."

The earnings had steadily increased from \$7665 in 1903 to \$20,450 in 1910. The furnishings that cost the corporation more than \$15,000 were sold for \$1000, including four pianos, all in good condition, together with much costly equipment for the business of the building.

By this sale by the trustees, Elbridge R. Anderson and R. Elmer Townsend, all of the stock of the corporation that had been issued, says Mrs. Isabel A. Potter, the president, is "wiped out—a total loss."

SUFFOLK REGISTRY TRANSFERS.

Recorded transfers are taken from the files of the Real Estate Exchange as follows:

BOSTON—CITY PROPER.

Peter McQuaid est. to Joseph L. P. St. Coeur, Tyler st.; d.; \$3000.

Joseph L. P. St. Coeur to Mary McQuaid et al.; Tyler st.; d.; \$1.

Frank P. Stone to Marion L. P. Scott, Cumberland st.; w.; \$1.

Frank P. Stone to Marion L. P. Scott, Cumberland st.; w.; \$1.

The same to the same, Worcester sq.; w.; \$1.

Robert B. Luchars est. to Alexander Luchars, Clarendon and Chandler sts.; d.; \$300.00.

SOUTH BOSTON.

Florence A. Smith to Martha J. Mortimer, Fifth st.; d.; \$1.

Samuel S. Williams est. to Elizabeth W. Peters et al., Boylston st.; d.; \$1.

John C. Kiley of the Kimball building, Dover st.; w.; \$1.

Third and Albany sts.; 6 lots; d.; \$1.

EAST BOSTON.

Marla P. Smith et al. to Isaac W. Mandelstam, Summer st.; d.; \$1.

Little M. Lawler to Carolina Strassiero, Webster st.; w.; \$1.

ROXBURY.

Frederick H. Rugg to Sarah H. S. Law, Albany st.; w.; \$1.

Susan F. Whitcomb est. to Axel W. Broberg, Windsor st.; d.; \$176.

Margaret A. Richards est. to Michael J. Walsh, Norfolk st.; d.; \$2400.

Josephine M. Siebert to Gurt M. Fuglestad, Highland Park st. and Highland Park; d.; \$1.

Institution for Savings in Roxbury, mortgage to Frank F. Tripp, Whiting st.; d.; \$15,400.

DORCHESTER.

Daniel A. Johnson et al. to Henry J. Bartlett, Court, from Capen st.; d.; \$1.

Henry J. Bartlett to Anna B. Johnson, Court, from Capen st.; d.; \$1.

Fred S. Morse to Daniel M. Handy, Washington st.; d.; \$1.

Daniel M. Handy to Ella Morse, Washington st.; w.; \$1.

Moody Land Trust to John McIntosh et al.; 6 lots; d.; \$1.

Baker Farm associates to Riley G. Cross, Pleasant and Morrill sts.; 5 lots; d.; \$1.

Mary T. O'Brien to Julia M. Marlow, Rockingham rd.; d.; \$1.

Alice M. Brady to Julia M. Marlow, Rockingham rd.; d.; \$1.

Harry Stone et al. to Jacob Wasserman, Minot pl.; d.; \$1.

Jacob Wasserman to Ida Stone et al., Minot pl.; d.; \$1.

WEST ROXBURY.

Jacob W. Wilbur to Helen H. Hughes, Hinsdale rd.; 2 lots; w.; \$1.

Ella M. Davidson to Roland Litchfield, Stratford st.; w.; \$1.

Roland Litchfield to Alice V. Donney, Stratford st.; w.; \$1.

Karolina W. Schant to Joseph Vey et al., James st.; w.; \$1.

John E. de Witt to Guita Stenzel et al., Denton ter.; w.; \$1.

Annie J. Shaw to Grace W. H. Stack, Angel st.; d.; \$1.

BRIGHTON.

Edward E. Taylor to Jacob M. Taylor, Turner st.; 11 lots, Turner and B. sts.; 6 lots; d.; \$1.

Turner st.; 6 lots; d.; \$1.

Jacob M. Taylor to Edward E. Taylor, Turner st.; 6 lots; d.; \$1.

CHARLESTOWN.

Robert F. Miller, mortgage, to Robert F. Miller, Pearl st.; d.; \$500.

CHELSEA.

Joseph M. Tower to Fred J. Merchant, Auburn st.; d.; \$1.

WINTHROP.

C. Edwin Jennings, Jr., to John J. Mullen, Winton st.; w.; \$1.

Almon E. Whittemore to Julia M. Joyce, Johnson and Somerset aves.; d.; \$1.

BUILDING NOTICES.

Permits to construct new buildings were posted in the office of the building commissioner of the city of Boston today as printed below. Location, owner, architect and nature of work are named in the order here given:

Lena Park, 25, ward 23; Morris Posner, M. K. Kalman; wood frame.

Wyman st., ward 23; Aubrey C. Trethewey, A. J. Trethewey; wood dwelling.

Gardner st., ward 23; Thomas F. Welch, James Murray; wood dwelling.

River st., ward 23; Timothy F. Demond, R. Kuntz; wood dwelling.

Torrey st., ward 23; Norman Clark, Jas. T. Ball; wood dwelling.

NEW PROVIDENCE LIBRARY RECORD

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—The Providence public library made a new record in the number of books issued for home use in 1910, according to the annual report of William E. Foster, librarian, to the board of directors.

The report shows that at the end of the year there were 151,281 volumes on the library shelves of the main institution and its branches and that the total home circulation was 208,992 volumes.

WANTS ONE TERM OF SIX YEARS.

NEW YORK—Assemblyman Brooks of the seventeenth district will present a resolution to the Legislature this week favoring the lengthening of the term of the President of the United States to six years and making an incumbent ineligible for reelection.

APPOINTED CANAL ENGINEER.

ALBANY, N. Y.—Edward Styling of Syracuse Wednesday was made division engineer on the barge canal for the middle division, at a salary of \$4200, to succeed Guy Moulton, resigned.

Classified Advertisements

RATES—One insertion, 12 cents a line, three or more insertions, 10 cents a line. Telephone your advertisement to 4330 Back Bay, or, if preferred, a representative will call on you to discuss advertising.

REAL ESTATE

INVESTMENT AT PER CENT—Block of brick and stone buildings, nearly new, 2 stories, 28 suites, cost \$100,000, will sell for \$200,000, mortgage for \$100,000; the \$200,000 equity will pay 17 per cent net; investigation invited. Address 252, Monitor Office.

FOR SALE—New 3-dt. house, 15 rooms, all modern, near everything. Large lot, rear 80'; \$7000. \$1000 down. Two-family house, 13 rooms, hardwood finish, \$5500. \$500 down. W. L. WAUGH, builder, 1 Lexington Ave., Somerville.

ROOMS—CHICAGO

LELAND AVE., 844 2nd—Large double front room; private porch; near lake; breakfast optional; Wilson express; North-western elevated.

TO RENT—Furnished front parlor for one or two; furnace heat; good transportation; \$4.00. 315 S. Leavitt, Chicago.

TELEGRAPH BRIEFS

GIVES COUNTY SEAT DECISION.

MONTGOMERY CITY, Mo.—The county court has just issued an order which virtually ends the 50 year war between Montgomery City and Danville for the county courthouse. The court's order declares Montgomery City to be the official seat of justice in Montgomery county until a suitable courthouse can be built and maintained at Danville. This action is unlikely, as Danville, a town of lost opportunity, will probably drop the fight.

GAS PLANT FOR ALBANY, GA.

ALBANY, Ga.—This city has decided, through its council, that the gas plant to be erected this year shall be municipally owned.

INCORPORATION OF EDUCATORS.

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Application for the incorporation of the Pennsylvania State Educational Association will be made to the Dauphin county court March 6, according to a petition filed here recently.

COAL NEAR CANADA COAST.

OTTAWA, Ont.—News of a discovery of coal in Saturna and Tumbo islands, off the west coast of British Columbia, has reached the geological survey, and confirms a geological report on the district made as far back as 1876.

DUNKIRK, N. Y., WANTS PARK LINE.

DUNKIRK, N. Y.—The Buffalo & Lake Erie Traction Company is being petitioned to extend its line on East Lake street to the First Gulf and assist in developing this spot into a recreation park.

PLAN GREAT GAS SYSTEM.

LOS ANGELES—The Southern California Gas Company, which has taken over the business of the Domestic Gas Company, is to begin in a few days the building in Glendale of a distributing system that will cost in the neighborhood of \$50,000 and will require the laying of fully 10 miles of pipe.

NEW LINE FOR GRANTS PASS.

GRANTS PASS, Ore.—In one day the soliciting committees raised the necessary \$60,000 to assist in the building of the new railroad to the Applegate valley and the Josephine county caves. The \$60,000 is not given as a bonus, but is a subscription to stock in a syndicate which controls the railroad, townships and a land company, the latter owning several thousand acres of valuable land that will be tapped by the railroad.

POLYTECHNIC SCHOOL MONEY.

SAN DIEGO, Cal.—At a meeting of the board of county supervisors the action of the voters who voted for the issue of \$200,000 worth of bonds for the construction of a polytechnic high school was officially ratified. Local architects are already preparing plans for the new buildings.

IMPROVEMENTS FOR ALTURAS.

ALTURAS, Cal.—Although building in this city was active in 1910, the present year promises to be the commencement of a building era during which several costly buildings will be erected. Aside from the construction of buildings, a municipal water system will also be installed, the aggregate expenditure to be made on all improvements approximating \$100,000.

CHOSEN MAIL SUPERINTENDENT.

DENVER, Col.—Joel Henderson, assistant superintendent of mails at the Denver postoffice, has been appointed acting superintendent to succeed Carson B. Wilson.

HIGHWAY ENGINEERS TO MEET.

CAPE GIRARDEAU, Mo.—The annual convention of the Missouri Association of Highway Engineers will be held at Cape Girardeau Feb. 16 and 17. Many Illinois engineers will attend. Addresses will be made by State Engineers A. M. Johnson of Illinois and Curtis Hill of Missouri; former Immigration Commissioner James H. Curran, James T. Voshell of the office of public roads, Washington, D. C.; Engineer Raveland of Booneville and others. Mrs. Frank De Garne of the national congress of mothers will speak on good roads for the sake of the children.

LIBBY (MONT.) PLANT SOLD.

LIBBY, Mont.—The Dawson Lumber Company of Libby has sold out to Julius Neils and associates of Minnesota, who own a large amount of timber tributary to this place. Neils and his associates own 70,387 acres of timber land in Lincoln county, upon which there is approximately 1,000,000,000 feet of timber. To this will now be added the holdings of

ROOMS

BUREAU OF ROOMS and boarding places, city and suburbs, lists free, call or write. BOSTON, KENTING CO., 478 Tremont st., Boston.

COMMONWEALTH HOTEL, INC. REACON HILL—Rooms with hot water, shower baths, \$5 to \$5 per week; rooms, private bath, \$10 to \$15, transient \$1 per day; temperature hotel.

ST. BOTOLPH ST., 100. ROOMS—Near Symphony Hall; transient accommodations; telephone.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS ROOMS and boarding places, city and suburbs; call or write. BOSTON, KENTING CO., 478 Tremont st.

CLOTHING

HIGHEST PRICES for ladies' and gents' coats and suits; ready-made; dress suits; DORRIS, 137 Pleasant st., Tel. 457-E-02.

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

LADIES—It is worth your while to investigate the Spencer Corset before purchasing elsewhere. It guarantees to reduce 4 to 12 inches without discomfort. It will make our 18 corset to order, \$6.50. Phone Bond, 9718, 141 State st., room 34, Chicago.

THE LITTLE FAVOR SHOP. Address: King Robinson, 15 W. 31st st., N. Y. Tel. 2-2222. Madras, Cotton Favors, Bridge Prizes, etc. Souvenirs for Dinners.

WOMEN WHO WISH to bring out their good points and avoid errors in dress should consult "Successful Dressing," a manual for smart women. Price \$1.50. MRS. VIRGINIA WARREN, The Wilmington, B'way and 97th st., N. Y. Tailor-made a specialty. Season's choicest models charmingly executed. Modish hats, shoes, gloves.

DRESSMAKING SCHOOL. MRS. M. SMITH, 1517 Boyle st., Phone 1116 W. Cedar. PITTSBURGH, PA.

PIANOS

MISS HOYLE, 244 Wabash Avenue, Chicago. Cordially invites you to call and give her the privilege of showing the beautiful Bauer Grand Pianos and our latest style Player Pianos; and success would describe either of the styles.

ANTIQUES

FOR SALE—Very fine old antique furniture, grandfather's clock, plate, china, etc. Very old Brass Pierced fender; also English made furniture. Bedding of all kinds. Straight from England. Owner going away. 58 Chandler st., Back Bay.

RESTAURANTS

South Station Restaurant. ALWAYS ESSENTIAL to know a good place to eat; arriving or departing from the South Station, Boston, you will find quick service and pure food at the restaurant and lunch room; accommodations for 500 people; all modern conveniences. J. G. COOPER & CO., Proprietors.

SITUATION—FEMALE—CHICAGO

A PRACTICAL WOMAN desires position as matron of small hotel or club house; willing to leave Chicago. MRS. OLIVE P. DAVIS, 3036 Logan Blvd., Chicago. Telephone Belmont 3568.

NOTICES

THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS—STATE HOUSE, BOSTON, Feb. 14, 1911.—The Committee on Public Health will give a hearing to parties interested in House Bill No. 404, on the practice of healing by unregistered physicians; House Bill No. 739, that practitioners of Christian Science,

Classified Advertisements

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN ON THIS PAGE TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

The advertisements upon this page are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED-FEMALE

ATTENDANT, MATRON, SEAMSTRESS, 36 salary \$5.00; 2nd day, 40 cents. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, Tel. Oxford 2960.

ATTENDANT OR COMPANION, well-bred, traveled, competent woman desires position at once. MRS. C. WALLACE, 30 Shirley st., Woburn, Mass.

ATTENDANT (trained) desires position mornings and all day Saturday and Sunday as attendant or maid for April, May and June. MRS. T. B. TOMLINSON, 40 Essex st., Malden, Mass.

ATTENDANT-HOUSEKEEPER, long experience, references, tactful, kind, patient, desires position in country or city. Tel. Putnam st., East Boston. Tel. 333-1 East Boston.

BOOKKEEPER'S position wanted by a young woman, 15 years, intelligent, open, close and audit. A. M. PAINE, 4 Hopehill st., Dorchester, Mass.

BOOKKEEPER-SEAMSTRESS, capable, experienced in both lines, not had respectively, desires position; references. A. M. PAINE, 4 Hopehill st., Dorchester, Mass.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, 25 years experience, salary \$10-11; excellent references. Mention No. 4022. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, Tel. Oxford 2960.

CASHIER-MAIL ORDER CLERK, dress, 20 years experience; references. DELIA E. KELLY, 20 Cypress st., Brookline, Mass.

CLERICAL WORK-Young woman, 20 years experience, desires position in office; references. MRS. C. G. KING, 19 Line st., Cambridge, Mass.

COLORADO GIRL, would like general housework in both lines, 10 years, had experience, but willing to be taught. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 1388 Mass. ave., Cambridge, Mass.

COMPANION-Young, well educated woman desires position as companion to lady living in western ranch or in California. C. REDFIELD, 96 Mountfort st., suite 5, Boston.

COMPANION-Wanted, position as companion and attendant in home, French and English speaking, after 1st of March. MARY BELLE, 100 Mountfort st., suite 5, Boston.

COMPANION AND HOUSEKEEPER, cultured and competent, desires position in home, French and English speaking, after 1st of March. MARY BELLE, 100 Mountfort st., suite 5, Boston.

COMPANION-Young woman, 5 yrs. experience, wishes position, or as housekeeper in small home, French and English speaking. MRS. E. M. AREY, 16 Pearl st., Boston, Upham's Corner, Dorchester district.

COMPANION-Wanted by middle-aged lady, position as companion to lady; good reader; accustomed to traveling. MRS. E. WOODRUFF, box 47, House of Heights, Tex.

COMPANION-Young woman of education and refinement, with excellent references, desires position in home, French and English speaking, after 1st of March. MARY BELLE, 100 Mountfort st., suite 5, Boston.

COMPANION-Redhead young woman desires position as attendant or companion; would travel. MISS JESSIE E. FORBES, 1744 Dorchester ave., Dorchester, Boston.

COMPANION-GOVERNESS-Educated, refined woman, capable of secretarial work, desires position as companion to gentleman or as daily governess to small children; references. MISS COTE, 204 Warren st., Roxbury, Mass.

COOK AND PARLOR MAID with situation; city or country; references. Apply at the B. K. EMP. BUREAU, 1388 Mass. ave., Cambridge, Mass.

COOK, first-class, all-round, desires situation; excellent references; soup and entrees; club or institution; references. ELIZABETH WALTON, 30 Union park, Boston.

COOK-All-round cook, small restaurant and private family, references, desires employment; will accommodate. MRS. JOSEPH NEWELL, 6 Garland ave., Cambridge, Mass.

COOK AND SECOND MAID would like a situation together in home, French and English speaking. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 1388 Mass. ave., Cambridge, Mass.

COOK would like position in Brookline or vicinity; has good reference. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 1388 Mass. ave., Cambridge, Mass.

DRESSMAKER, experienced, desires employment. MRS. A. J. BRANT, 22 Claremont st., Boston, Tel. 214-1.

DRESSMAKER, experienced, desires employment. MISS SANDREX, 11 Norway st., suite 3, Back Bay, Boston.

DRESSMAKER, experienced, West Indian dressmaker, embroiderer and lace maker desires employment. MRS. MARY HILLMAN, 3626 Sansome st., Philadelphia.

DRESSMAKER, capable in all branches, desires employment. M. A. BURNS, station A, Boston.

FOREWOMAN, experienced, wants position in shoe factory to take full charge of packing room; references. MISS MAY FRONT, 100 Mountfort st., suite 5, Boston.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK GIRL, wishes situation in city or country; references. Apply at the B. K. EMP. BUREAU, 1388 Mass. ave., Cambridge, Mass.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK MAID wanted in Arlington; must be light, competent, good references. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 1388 Mass. ave., Cambridge, Mass.

GENERAL MAID wanted in suburbs; \$8.50 in family; very nice home; one who has good reference. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 1388 Mass. ave., Cambridge, Mass.

GENERAL WORK OR COOKING wanted by capable girl. MRS. C. WALLACE, 30 Shirley st., Woburn, Mass.

GENERAL WORK-Woman (Protestant) desires employment, washing, ironing or housecleaning. MRS. M. J. WALLACE, 139 Bow st., Everett, Mass.

GENERAL WORK wanted; cleaning, any kind of office or buildings. MRS. CONNERT, 10 Maple pl., Boston.

GENERAL WORK-Colored girl desires general work mornings or evenings; references. MISS S. SHEPARD, 2 Chester pl., Boston.

GENERAL WORK-Competent German woman wants day work or housecleaning. MISS CHRISTENA KOEHLER, 100 Harvard st., Cambridge, Mass.

GENERAL WORK-Woman desires employment washing and cleaning from 8:30 to 4:30. MRS. HOAR, 10 Field st., Boston.

GENERAL WORK-Colored woman desires employment in home, French and English speaking, after 1st of March. MARY BELLE, 100 Mountfort st., suite 5, Boston.

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HOUSEKEEPER-Middle-aged woman desires position as housekeeper, or as attendant for elderly lady; references. ANNE L. HUNTER, 11 Hill st., Boston.

HOUSEKEEPER-Capable, Protestant, American housekeeper (38), with little boy, desires position in home, French and English speaking, after 1st of March. MARY BELLE, 100 Mountfort st., suite 5, Boston.

HOUSEKEEPER would like position with family, French and English speaking, after 1st of March. MARY BELLE, 100 Mountfort st., suite 5, Boston.

HOUSEKEEPER-Reformed, experienced, capable woman would like position in home with two elderly or business people. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 1388 Mass. ave., Cambridge, Mass.

HOUSEKEEPER desires position, apartment house or lodging house; best reference. C. A. GETCHELL, 58 Berkeley st., Boston.

HOUSEKEEPER, capable, Protestant, with little boy, wants position in quiet country home near school; neat and orderly. HILL 3 Telegraph st., South Boston.

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EASTERN STATES

HELP WANTED-MALE

SALESMAN wanted; salary and expenses; permanent; general agency; experience; references. H. A. VILK, 100 South 4th ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

HOUSEKEEPER wanted; excellent home for woman and some remuneration in exchange for caring for small home; family; no objection to child. G. H. HILL, Depot st., Chateaugay, N. Y.

JANITORS-Man and wife wanted for janitor's position; private rooming house; references. MRS. A. C. THEW, 2006 5th ave., New York city.

MAID wanted for light housework; small family. MRS. R. L. ELDER, Apt. No. 21, 600 W. 15th st., New York city.

MAID wanted, competent, for general housework; small family; with or without washing. MRS. W. C. SNOVER, 403 N. 5th st., Stroudsburg, Pa.

PROOFREADER-Young lady desires position as proofreader; has had 34 years experience in editorial work; references. EDYTHE FLORENCE MARTIN, 18 Lafollet st., Dorchester, Mass.

REAL ESTATE-Woman, experienced as manager and assistant manager of real estate office, desires position; either in office or in field. MRS. H. HILL,

World's Latest News of Finance and Industry

BONDS

To yield an income of

4 to 5 Per Cent

Full particulars on request

Write for Circular 1048.

N. W. Harris & Co
(Incorporated)

35 FEDERAL ST., BOSTON

\$16,000
3 1/2 % Serial Gold Bonds

On new manufacturing building, leased for term of bonds to concern rated at \$200,000 to \$250,000, with high credit. Gross rental exceeds bond issue. Lease assigned as additional security.

Property valued at \$25,000. Send for Circular.

METROPOLITAN TRUST & SAVINGS BANK
CHICAGO, ILL.
Capital \$750,000.

TIMBER BOND SALESMEN

A financial house which is now offering an exceptionally attractive issue of timber bonds can use the services of several salesmen of ability. For the right men the opportunity for large earnings is unusual. George W. Chase, 60 State Street.

George W. Temple
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
253 Colman Bldg. SEATTLE, WASH.

SATISFACTORY STATEMENT OF EARNINGS MADE

Mackay Companies Receipts for Year Considerably Larger — Good Physical and Financial Condition.

Development of considerable proportions was enjoyed during the last fiscal year by the Mackay companies. The annual report presented Wednesday at the meeting of the stockholders in Boston gives receipts for the year ended Feb. 1 last, consisting of income from investments in other companies, were \$4,125,907, comparing with \$3,808,779 in the previous year.

Payment of \$2,000,000 dividends on the preferred and \$2,069,000 on the common stock and \$37,194 on operating expenses left a balance of \$19,693. The policy of the organization is to obtain from the earnings of subordinate companies only enough money to meet the dividends on its shares, the balance being left in their treasuries for development expenditures. The balance sheet shows assets of \$92,303,859, of which \$91,919,338 represents investments in other companies. The trustees were reelected, 281,551 shares of the preferred and 288,910 of the common stock being voted.

Clarence H. Mackay, the president, said: "The past year has been one of healthy expansion in business and our companies are in excellent physical and financial condition. During the last year we completed an 830-mile trunk telephone line between Oakland, Cal., and Salt Lake City, giving us our third main telephone artery to the Pacific Coast. All of this construction was of the most modern type, only copper cables running 20 pounds between poles being used. In addition we have put in 60 lines of the same copper type between several Pacific Coast cities. All of this development work has been paid for out of surplus earnings."

"The money received about a year ago from the sale of our big block of American Telephone Company stock has been reinvested in high-grade securities. It shows not quite so large an income return as did the telephone stock, but the securities are quickly negotiable and represent, for practical purposes, cash in the till available as emergency requires. Many of the securities purchased have been strictly investment bonds and notes."

The report states that in the ocean system a new cable has been laid from Waterville, Ireland, to Weston, England, with underground connection to London. On the land line system the night letter has been in use for 11 months. Much of the day business has passed into night letters—notably more than one half of that to and from the entire Pacific coast.

The report proceeds to state that no bonds, notes or stock have been issued and no debts incurred during the year, and yet there has been substantial growth of the ocean and land line systems. Its policy is "Pay as you go."

LOADING RATES

Loading rates on stocks this morning were: American Sugar, 2; Amalgamated, 3; Lake Copper and North Butte 3; U. S. Steel common, 2 and 1; Union Pacific 2 and Groux 2 per cent and flat.

COMMERCIAL STATIONERY
For all lines of business. See our stock before buying. 57-59 Franklin St.

LOWER PRICES ESTABLISHED IN TODAY'S MARKET

Missouri Pacific Again Prominent and Moves in Erratic Way—Professional Operations Still Dominate.

LOCALS ARE HEAVY

Trading today in the New York market was again confined to a large extent to the specialties. And the buying and selling was mostly engaged in by the professional operators. The market leaders were comparatively inactive in the early part of the session and price changes were fractional.

Missouri Pacific again attracted the most attention by reason of the change in the control of the road announced yesterday. It moved in a very erratic way, showing some strength at the opening and then immediately selling off. It was pointed out that the rise yesterday was mainly due to the covering of shorts.

Northern Pacific, "Soo," Chesapeake and Ohio and the Erie showed considerable early strength.

Local stocks showed a heavy tendency in the early trading but price changes were small.

A selling movement started in the New York market, which carried prices downward from one to two points or more during the forenoon. Missouri Pacific, after opening up 3/4 at 60, improved to 60 1/2 and then dropped over 3 points. Northern Pacific opened up 3/4 at 128 1/2, improved fractionally and then declined over a point.

Union Pacific opened up 3/4 at 170 1/2, improved fractionally and sold off under 178. Steel was up 3/4 at the opening at 80 1/2. After advancing 1/4 further it sold off under 80. Reading opened 1/4 higher than last night's closing at 160 and declined 2 points before midday. St. Paul opened up 3/4 at 128 and dropped 2 points. General Chemical was up 3 points at 125. Consolidated Gas opened up 3/4 at 143 and declined nearly 2 points before midday. Canadian Pacific opened up 3/4 at 211 1/2, moved up to 212 and then sold off.

On the local exchange Osceola was lower at 107. North Butte opened up 3/4 at 28 1/2, improved to 29 1/2 and sold off under the opening price. Boston and Worcester was up 1 1/2 at 8 1/2. Wolverine was off a point at 121.

There was further selling of stocks in the afternoon and prices continued to decline in both markets. A feature of the trading was General Chemical which rose to 134 1/2 and then fell back to 130.

LONDON—Heaviness was the chief characteristic of the securities market in the final trading today. Profit-taking caused weakness in gilt-edged investments and in home rails.

Foreigners made a better showing in the face of unfavorable Paris operations. Mines and oils left off heavy. American railway shares on the curb halted following a break. The continental bourses were sluggish. Rio Tinto at 68 1/2 finished unaltered.

BENEFITS FROM FINANCIAL PEACE

NEW YORK — Benjamin Guggenheim said this morning for Europe on the French liner La Provence. He will be absent two months in the interest of the International Steam Pump Company. Before sailing he said: "The business of this company was phenomenally large for January and now shows an increase over last month. We are enlarging our factories in London and Paris. In fact, we are building a new factory near Paris which has my personal attention."

It is generally conceded that as soon as the supreme court opinions are handed down it will make for better business. In some lines of trade an improvement has already been effected. The long repose of the country from financial overstraining has done an enormous amount of good and the country is now in better shape than it ever was to reap the benefit of financial peace.

THE HONDURAN LOAN.

NEW YORK—The \$10,000,000 loan to Honduras, signed Wednesday, is underwritten by J. P. Morgan & Co., National City Bank, First National Bank and Guaranty Trust Company.

THE WEATHER

CLOUDY: Fair tonight; Friday, increasing cloudiness, rising temperature; moderate variable winds.

WASHINGTON—The U. S. weather bureau predicts weather today as follows for New England: Fair tonight, followed by cloudiness Friday; slowly rising temperature.

TEMPERATURE TODAY.
8 a. m. 14 1/2
2 p. m. 44
Average temperature yesterday, 56 5-12.

IN OTHER CITIES.

Buffalo 32
Nantucket 28
New York 28
Washington 30
Jacksonville 30
New Orleans 32
San Francisco 32

ALMANAC FOR TOMORROW.
Sun rises 6:30
Moon rises 10:02
Sun sets 5:18
Length of day 11:39

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK—The following are the transactions on the New York Stock Exchange, giving the opening, high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m. today:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.
Allis-Chalmers pf.	32 1/2	32 1/2	32	32
Amalgamated	65	65	64 1/2	64
Am. B. & P. Co. pf.	135 1/2	135 1/2	135	135 1/2
Am. B. & P. Co. pf.	44 1/2	44 1/2	44	44 1/2
Am. Can. pf.	81 1/2	81 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2
Am. Car. Foundry	56 1/2	56 1/2	55 1/2	55 1/2
Am. Cotton Oil	59 1/2	59 1/2	59	59 1/2
Am. Cotton Oil pf.	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2
Am. H. & L.	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2
Am. Ice	21 1/2	21 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Am. Lined Oil	12 1/2	12 1/2	12	12 1/2
Am. Lined Oil pf.	32 1/2	32 1/2	32	32 1/2
Am. Locomotive	40 1/2	40 1/2	40	40 1/2
Am. Malt of	34 1/2	34 1/2	34	34 1/2
Am. Smelting	79 1/2	79 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2
Am. Smelting pf.	105 1/2	105 1/2	105	105 1/2
Am. Steel pf.	50 1/2	50 1/2	50	50 1/2
Am. Sugar	119 1/2	119 1/2	118 1/2	118 1/2
Am. Tel. & T. Co.	145 1/2	145 1/2	145	145 1/2
Am. Writing P. Co.	30 1/2	30 1/2	30	30 1/2
Am. Woolen pf.	95 1/2	95 1/2	95	95 1/2
Am. Woolen pf.	39 1/2	39 1/2	39	39 1/2
Atchafalpa	106 1/2	106 1/2	106	106 1/2
Atchafalpa pf.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103	103 1/2
At Coast Line	122 1/2	122 1/2	122	122 1/2
Balt. & Ohio	105 1/2	105 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2
Belmont Steel	32 1/2	32 1/2	32	32 1/2
Brooklyn Trans.	78 1/2	78 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2
Brooklyn Trans.	140 1/2	140 1/2	140	140 1/2
Butterick	28 1/2	28 1/2	28	28 1/2
Canadian Pacific	211 1/2	211 1/2	210 1/2	210 1/2
Central Leather	32 1/2	32 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
Central Leather pf.	104 1/2	104 1/2	104	104 1/2
Ches. & Ohio	85 1/2	85 1/2	84 1/2	84 1/2
Ches. & Ohio pf.	22 1/2	22 1/2	22	22 1/2
Chl. & Gt. West.	46 1/2	46 1/2	46	46 1/2
C. O. & C. St. L.	64 1/2	64 1/2	64	64 1/2
Col. Fuel	34 1/2	34 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2
Col. Southern	57 1/2	57 1/2	57	57 1/2
Consolidated Gas	143 1/2	143 1/2	141	141 1/2
Corn Products	14 1/2	14 1/2	14	14 1/2
Del. & Hudson	170 1/2	170 1/2	170	170 1/2
Den. & R. Grande	34 1/2	34 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2
Denver	72 1/2	72 1/2	72	72 1/2
D. S. & A. pf.	26 1/2	26 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2
D. S. & A. pf.	32 1/2	32 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
Erie 1st pf.	51 1/2	51 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
Erie 2d pf.	39 1/2	39 1/2	39	39 1/2
Fed. M. & S. Co.	35 1/2	35 1/2	35	35 1/2
Fed. M. & S. Co. pf.	65 1/2	65 1/2	65	65 1/2
General Chemical	125 1/2	125 1/2	125	125 1/2
Gen. Electric	153 1/2	153 1/2	153	153 1/2
Goldfield Con.	6 1/2	6 1/2	6	6 1/2
Gt. Northern pf.	130 1/2	130 1/2	128 1/2	128 1/2
Gt. Northern pf.	62 1/2	62 1/2	62	62 1/2
Harvester	118 1/2	118 1/2	117 1/2	117 1/2
Illinois Central	136 1/2	136 1/2	136	136 1/2
Inter-Met.	20 1/2	20 1/2	19 1/2	19 1/2
Inter-Met. pf.	54 1/2	54 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2
Int. Paper pf.	48 1/2	48 1/2	48	48 1/2
Int. Pump	42 1/2	42 1/2	42	42 1/2
Int. Pump pf.	88 1/2	88 1/2	88	88 1/2
Kansas City	34 1/2	34 1/2	34	34 1/2
Kan. City 2d pf.	67 1/2	67 1/2	67	67 1/2
Kan. & Texas	35 1/2	35 1/2	35	35 1/2
Lackawanna Steel	38 1/2	38 1/2	38	38 1/2
Laclede Gas	111 1/2	111 1/2	111	111 1/2
Lehigh Valley	177 1/2	177 1/2	176 1/2	176 1/2
L. & N.	146 1/2	146 1/2	145 1/2	145 1/2
M. & P. S. & S. pf.	142 1/2	142 1/2	142	142 1/2
M. & P. S. & S. pf.	153 1/2	153 1/2	153	153 1/2
Michigan Pacific	60 1/2	60 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2
N. of Mex. 2d pf.	38 1/2	38 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2
N. Y. Central	112 1/2	112 1/2	112	112 1/2
N. Y. N. H. & H.	150 1/2	150 1/2	150	150 1/2
Nat. Biscuit Co.	122 1/2	122 1/2	122	122 1/2
Nat. Lead	57 1/2	57 1/2	56 1/2	56 1/2
Nevada Cons. Cop.	18 1/2	18 1/2	18	18 1/2
Norfolk & Western	106 1/2	106 1/2	106	106 1/2
North American	71 1/2	71 1/2	71	71 1/2
Northern Pacific	128 1/2	128 1/2	128	128 1/2
Northwestern	147 1/2	147 1/2	147	147 1/2
Ontario & Western	42 1/2	42 1/2	42	42 1/2
Pacific T. & N.	52 1/2	52 1/2	51	51 1/2
Pennsylvania	127 1/2	127 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2
Peoples Gas	107 1/2	107 1/2	107	107 1/2
Philadelphia	105 1/2	105 1/2	105	105 1/2
Pittsburgh Coal	70 1/2	70 1/2	70	70 1/2
Pressed Steel Car	35 1/2	35 1/2	35	35 1/2
Pub. Serv. Corp. N. Y.	119 1/2	119 1/2	119	119 1/2
Pullman	161 1/2	161 1/2	161	161 1/2
Railway St. Springs	36 1/2	36 1/2	36	36 1/2
Reading	160 1/2	160 1/2	159 1/2	159 1/2
Reading 2d pf.	98 1/2	98 1/2	98	98 1/2
Republic Steel	34 1/2	34 1/2	34	34 1/2
Republic Steel pf.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99	99 1/2
Rock Island	32 1/2	32 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
Rock Island pf.	62 1/2	62 1/2	61 1/2	61 1/2
Sears Roebuck	189 1/2	189 1/2	188	188 1/2
Shaw-Walker	54 1/2	54 1/2	54	54 1/2
Southern Pacific	119 1/2	119 1/2	118 1/2	118 1/2
Southern Ry. pf.	28 1/2	28 1/2	28	28 1/2
Southern Ry. pf.	65 1/2	65 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2
St. L. & S. W. pf.	43 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2
St. L. & S. W. pf.	67 1/2	67 1/2	67	67 1/2
St. Paul	128 1/2	128 1/2	128	128 1/2
Tennessee Copper	37 1/2	37 1/2	37	37 1/2
Texas Pacific	135 1/2	135 1/2	135	135 1/2
Third Avenue	104 1/2	104 1/2	104	104 1/2
Toledo & W. pf.	24 1/2	24 1/2	24	24 1/2
Toledo, St. L. & W. pf.	52 1/2	52 1/2	52	52 1/2
United Dry Goods	106 1/2	106 1/2	106	106 1/2
Union Pacific	179 1/2	179 1/2	179	179 1/2
Union Pacific pf.	93 1/2	93 1/2	93	93 1/2
United Ry. & Co.	46 1/2	46 1/2	46	46 1/2
U. S. Cas. P. pf.	57 1/2	57 1/2	57	57 1/2
U. S. Rubber	43 1/2	43 1/2	43	43 1/2
U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	112 1/2	112 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2
U. S. Steel	80 1/2	80 1/2	79 1/2	79 1/2
U. S. Steel pf.	119 1/2	119 1/2	118 1/2	118 1/2
Utah Copper	45 1/2	45 1/2	45	45 1/2
Van-Car Chemical	55 1/2	55 1/2	55	55 1/2
Van-Car Chem. pf.	128 1/2	128 1/2	128	128 1/2
Wabash	16 1/2	16 1/2	16	16 1/2
Wabash pf.	37 1/2	37 1/2	36	36 1/2
Western Maryland	51 1/2	51 1/2	51	51 1/2
Western Union	74 1/2	74 1/2	74	74 1/2
Westinghouse	70 1/2	70 1/2	69 1/2	69 1/2
W. & L. E. pf.	7 1/2	7 1/2	7	7 1/2
Wisconsin Central	63 1/2	63 1/2	63	63 1/2

BONDS.

Am. Smelting rets. 102 1/2
Am. T. & T. Co. 102 1/2
Atchafalpa 99 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio 98 1/2
Ches. & Ohio 96 1/2
Ches. & Ohio pf. 96 1/2
General Electric 150 1/2
Interboro Met. 4 1/2 78 1/2
Jay's 4 1/2 95 1/2
Kansas & Texas 97 1/2
Lake Shore 4 1/2 93 1/2
Missouri Pacific 94 1/2
N. Y. C. & H. R. 101 1/2
N. Y. C. & H. R. 3 1/2 99 1/2
N. Y. C. & H. R. 3 1/2 97 1/2
Rock Island 74 1/2
Southern Pacific 98 1/2
Union Pacific 105 1/2
U. S. Steel 80 1/2
Wabash 16 1/2
Wabash pf. 37 1/2
Western Maryland 51 1/2
Western Union 74 1/2
Westinghouse 70 1/2
W. & L. E. pf. 7 1/2
Wisconsin Central 63 1/2

BONDS.

Latest Market Reports Produce Quotations Shipping

EDWIN HAWLEY MAY BECOME HEAD OF MISSOURI PACIFIC

George J. Gould Announces His Early Retirement as President, After Holding Office Eighteen Years.

END ALL CONTEST

NEW YORK—George J. Gould is shortly to relinquish the presidency of the Missouri Pacific Railway Company, a position in which his father, the late Jay Gould, placed him 18 years ago. He will be succeeded by a railroad man, not yet publicly named. This man is generally believed in financial circles to be Edwin Hawley, who, it is understood, will form a great transcontinental railroad system extending from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

Mr. Gould himself announced his forthcoming retirement, which will take place as soon as his successor is chosen. The fact that Mr. Gould will become chairman of the board does not alter the opinion generally held in financial circles that Wednesday's developments mark the passing of the Gould influence, not only in Missouri Pacific, but in the various other railroads with which the name of Gould has for so many years been identified.

Rumors foreshadowing the change have been current for weeks, and more recent developments indicated that a spirited contest was to be waged for control of the stock. Several consultations were held Wednesday, and with their conclusion, at a time too late to have any effect on yesterday's market, Mr. Gould's statement was issued. The statement follows:

"In respect to various rumors of a conflict for the control of the Missouri Pacific Railway Company, Mr. Gould states that there is not and will be no controversy between controlling interests; that it has long been his intention, known to Mr. Rockefeller and Messrs. Kuhn, Loeb & Co., to retire from the presidency of the company as soon as the corporation could obtain the services of the best equipped railroad man to take his place; that the offer of the position was made many months ago with the approval of his associates to a railroad man of the highest standing who was unable to avail himself of it; that ever since various men have been under consideration and discussion and it is hoped that a selection will be made in the very near future.

"The stock owned and represented by the interests referred to will be voted at the annual election for the following directors:

"George J. Gould, Frederick T. Gates, Cornelius Vanderbilt, E. T. Jeffrey, Paul H. Warburg of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., Edwin Gould, Edgar L. Marston of Blair & Co., Kingston Gould, E. T. Adams, representative in this country of the Deutsche Bank; J. J. Slocum, W. K. Bixby, O. L. Garrison of St. Louis and a vacancy left for the president to be selected, who is to reside in St. Louis.

"Mr. Gould will become chairman of the board of directors."

Messrs. Warburg, Marston and Adams will take the places in the directorate now held by Howard Gould, S. C. Clarke and S. F. Pryor, the latter two of St. Louis. Gould's successor will have practically unlimited powers and will be given every chance to build the Missouri Pacific up to the highest state of efficiency. What is no less important, his headquarters will be at St. Louis, the logical and strategic base of the system. Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and Blair & Co. have previously had financial relations with the Goulds, as has also the Deutsche Bank, but never before have these interests been represented on the board of any Gould property.

SAVINGS BANK STOCK DOUBLED

CHICAGO—Stockholders of the Chicago Savings Bank & Trust Company have approved the plan for doubling the capital stock, which will bring it up to \$1,000,000. The 5000 new shares will be offered to stockholders of record March 16 at 125, payment to be made April 5. The \$100,000 premium on the sales will be added to surplus, making that item \$200,000. The statement as of January 9 shows deposits of \$4,960,291; loans of \$2,877,525; and cash resources of \$1,068,624.

THE SUGAR MARKET.

NEW YORK—The domestic refined sugar market was steady, with all refiners doing business on the basis of 4.60c less 1 cent for cash for fine granulated. The spot raw sugar market was unchanged at 3.48c for centrifugal, 2.98c for muscovado and 2.73c for molasses. The London beet sugar market, steady, Feb. 9s 5½d. European visible supply of beet sugar is placed at 3,660,000 tons against 3,170,000 last year.

WILL NOT DISCUSS LEASE.

CHICAGO—Officials of the People's Gas Light & Coke Company decline to make any statement explaining the issue between the People's Gas Company and the Universal Gas Company, which investigators have found to be absorbing a large part of the profits of the former.

PRODUCE MARKET

Arrivals.
Steamer E. F. Dimock, from New York, with 50 bags beans, 20 bbls potatoes, 47 bxs grape fruit, 31 bxs oranges, 60 bxs lemons, 20 bags coconuts, 210 bxs dates, 1048 bxs macaroni.

Steamer Lancastrian, from Liverpool, brought 375 cases peanuts, 100 bags peanuts, 414 cases 131 crates 100 half cases onions, 123 cases walnuts.

Str Katakadin, from Jacksonville, due here tomorrow, has 906 boxes oranges, 112 bxs grape fruit, 21 crates vegetables.

Steamer Gloucester, from Norfolk, due here tomorrow, has 400 bu spinach, 100 bags peanuts.

Boston Receipts.

Apples 462 bbls 720 bxs, cranberries 167 bbls, Florida oranges, 31 bxs California oranges, 1584 bxs, lemons 1044 bxs, coconuts 20 bags, dates 210 bxs, peanuts 675 bags, potatoes 10,161 bu, sweet potatoes 178 bbls, onions 3625 bu.

Local Poultry Receipts.

Today 2095 pkgs, last year 676 pkgs.

Chicago Market.

May wheat 91½c, May pork \$17.60, May lard \$9.40; hog recta 15,000, prices \$6.95 to 7.60; cattle mkt firm, 5c to 10c higher, recta 5000, beefs \$5.10 to 6.85, cows and hfs \$2.65 to 6.80, Tex stks \$4.25 to 5.50, atkrs and fhrs \$3.80 to 5.80, western cattle \$4.50 to 5.70.

Boston Prices.

Flour—To ship from the mills, standard spring patents \$5.15 to 5.90, clears \$4.20 to 4.50, winter patents \$4.40 to 4.80, straight \$4.30 to 4.60, clears \$4 to 4.40, Kansas patents, in jute \$4.60 to 5.20, rye flour \$3 to 4.70, graham \$3.60 to 3.90.

Corn—Carlots, on spot, No. 2 yellow 55c, steamer yellow 55½c, No. 3 yellow 55c; to ship from the West, No. 2 yellow 55 to 56½c, No. 3 yellow 54½ to 55c.

Oats—Carlots, on spot, No. 1 clipped white 39½c, No. 2 38½c, No. 3 38c, rejected white 36 to 37c; to ship from the West, 40 to 42 lbs clipped white 39 to 39½c, 38 to 40 lbs 38 to 38½c, 36 to 38 lbs 36½ to 37½c.

Milled—To ship from the mills, spring bran \$25.50 to 26, winter bran \$25.50 to 26, middlings \$26.50 to 27.50, mixed feed \$26.50 to 28.50, red dog \$28.75, cottonseed meal \$29, linseed meal \$36.50, hominy feed \$22.50, gluten feed \$26.50, stock feed \$23.50.

Hay and straw—Hay, western choice \$23.50 to 24, No. 1 \$22.50 to 23, No. 2 \$19 to 20, No. 3 \$15 to 16; straw, rye \$12.50 to 13; oat \$9 to 9.50.

Butter—Northern creamery 27 to 28c, western 27 to 28c.

Eggs—Fancy nearby hennerly 25c, eastern best 22 to 23c, western best 18 to 19c.

Cheese—New York twins new 14½c, Vermont twins extra 13½c to 14½c.

Beans—Peas, choice, per bu, \$2.20 to 2.25; medium, choice hand picked, \$2.20 to 2.25; California small white, \$2.75 to 2.80; yellow eyes, best, \$2.20 to 2.25; red kidney, choice, \$3.25 to 3.50.

Apples—Northern Spy, bbl, \$3 to 4.25; Baldwin's, fancy storage, per bbl, \$4.50 to 5; Greenings, No. 1, bbl, \$4 to 4.50; native, bu box, \$1.25 to 1.75.

Potatoes—New potatoes, \$1 to 1.05; sweet potatoes, per basket, 90c to \$1.15.

Poultry—Nearby broilers, 21 to 22c; choice northern and eastern fowl, 17 to 18c; western, choice, 14 to 15c, western turkeys, choice, 22 to 23c; roasting chickens, 14 to 15c; western chickens, 16c.

Onions—Connecticut river, per 110 lb bag, \$1.75 to 1.85; native yellow, per bu box, 90c to \$1.

Fruit—Pineapples, per crate, \$1.50 to 3; cranberries, per box, \$2.75 to 3.50; per bbl, choice late varieties, \$8 to 9.50; strawberries, per qt, Florida, 25 to 30c.

DAIRY PRODUCTS

Boston Receipts.

Today, 4478 lbs 3780 lbs 249,514 lbs butter, 227 bxs cheese, 2234 cs eggs; 1910, 3150 lbs 1840 lbs 171,869 lbs butter, 145 bxs cheese, 3924 cs eggs.

New York Receipts.

Today, 9606 pkgs butter, 1666 bxs cheese, 22,507 cs eggs; 1910, 4562 pkgs butter, 1522 bxs cheese, 9580 cs eggs.

Today's New York Market by Telegram.

Butter mkt steady; spec 20c, ex 27 to 27½c, hld spec 24 to 25c, ex 23 to 23½c.

Cheese mkt steady; fancy colored 15c, white 14½ to 15c.

Egg mkt closing steadier; fresh lots 16½ to 16¾c, ref 2nds 11 to 11½c.

Chicago Market.

Butter mkt firm, ex 26½c, No. 1 pkg 15c; 15c; recta 7007. Egg mkt steady, prime firsts 16c, firsts 15c, ordinary firsts 13c; recta 8642.

GOOD EARNINGS EXHIBIT OF LAKE SHORE ELECTRIC RAILWAY

System Gradually Gaining Ground in Utility World, as Shown by Statement for Last Fiscal Year—Company Has Had Steady Growth Since Organization.

Irrespective of the earnings of the Lorain Street railroad, but including those of the Sandusky, Fremont & Southern Railway Company, the Lake Shore Electric Railway Company, during the 12 months ended Dec. 31 last, earned a surplus sufficient to have met a full year's dividend on the company's first preferred stock now outstanding with a balance to spare nearly large enough to have met a full 5 per cent dividend on the \$2,000,000 second preferred stock.

The showing by the company during the last fiscal period indicates that the system is gradually gaining ground in the utility world. It also indicates that it is recovering from the setback in earnings of 1908—the year subsequent to the so-called panic which caused widespread depression in business throughout the country. In fact, earnings for 1910 were the largest ever previously reported in the company's history.

Gross earnings last year, expanded about 9½ per cent over the previous year, while the net surplus rose more than 46 per cent. The ratio of expenses to gross revenues was 53.30 per cent, as against 54.08 per cent in the year previous, a saving of 0.78 per cent. The company's car miles were somewhat larger than in 1909 and the gross and net income per mile was higher, notwithstanding the fact that earnings per passenger were a trifle less than in 1909. The following table shows some of the per mile operations by the company during the last two fiscal periods:

	1910.	1909.
Car miles	3,462,078	3,325,080
Income per mile	19.05c	27.05c
Op. exp. & tax per mile	15.48c	14.35c
Net earnings per car mile	3.57c	12.70c
Passengers carried	5,429,748	4,951,002
Earnings per passenger	18.72c	18.77c

Operations of the Lake Shore Electric Railway Company cover a wide area and judging from the showing by divisions the development of the property has been pretty nearly equal at all points touched throughout the territory served. The annual report contains a classification of gross earnings by divisions as well as earnings per car mile and earnings per mile of road operated. The statements clearly indicate that all portions of the system have fully recovered from the effects of business depression, as the totals for the last fiscal period are the largest on record.

Following are the compilations:

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Division—			
Cleveland	\$462,026	\$418,922	\$401,080
Toledo	\$22,045	\$30,434	\$30,019
Sandusky-Fremont	\$3,852	\$0,088	\$8,049
Sandusky-Norwalk	\$3,922	\$3,957	\$4,848
City Lines	\$1,451	\$1,612	\$5,466
Total	\$1,006,870	\$892,613	\$867,262

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Division—			
Cleveland	34.54	33.16	31.74
Toledo	30.32	29.34	26.17
Sandusky-Fremont	26.57	21.39	20.27
Sandusky-Norwalk	31.69	23.94	30.70
City Lines	13.96	13.13	12.29

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Division—			
Cleveland	11.50	11.52	11.52

DIVIDENDS

The International Silver Company declared a quarterly dividend of 2 per cent on preferred stock, payable April 1.

The Boston & Albany railroad declared a regular quarterly dividend of 2 per share, payable March 31 to stock of record Feb. 28.

The National Lead Company declared the usual quarterly dividend of ¾ of 1 per cent on its common stock payable March 31.

Heywood Bros. & Wakefield Company has declared semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent on preferred stock payable March 1, to stock of record Feb. 21.

The Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Railway Company has declared the regular semi-annual dividends of 3½ per cent each, on its preferred and common stock, payable April 15 to stock of record March 13.

A semi-annual dividend of 3 per share has been declared on the preferred capital stock of Brockton & Plymouth Street Railway Company, payable March 15, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 1, 1911.

BANKS BID HIGH FOR TEXAS FUNDS

AUSTIN, Tex.—The state funds will be divided equally and deposited in 16 banks, one to each congressional district, under provisions of the new state depository law. Sixty-nine banks bid on the depository contracts. Average rate of interest the state will receive on its fund is 4.34 per cent. The rate heretofore has been only 3.60 per cent. Some banks bid over 5½ per cent for the funds.

PITTSBURG PLATE GLASS REPORT

NEW YORK—The Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company issues the following report for year ended Dec. 31 last:

Profits	\$2,340,167	\$2,131,131
Depreciation	713,835	110,329
Balance	\$1,626,332	\$507,902
Dividends	1,262,252	66,732
Surplus	\$364,100	\$438,070

AERO CLUB TO GIVE DINNER.

The first dinner of the year by the Aero Club of New England will be served at the Boston City Club on Feb. 25. The announcement says that several aviators are expected to speak and it is probable that plans for another aviation meeting will be discussed.

FINISHED STEEL IS ENJOYING A BROADER MARKET

Companies Are Generally Reporting a Larger Scale of Operations at Present—At Work on New Orders.

NEW YORK—The Iron Age says: The market in finished steel is broadening. The mills are getting the effect of the January improvement in new orders, and in the past week running schedules have been fairly brisk all over the country. At the same time the price at which new steel has been ordered upon order books has risen to that of the second half of January, with rails excepted, and in some lines has quite exceeded it.

Pig iron has been active in the Chicago district. At the attractive prices named by southern sellers and met by northern buyers, the leading agricultural machinery interest has bought freely, the total being estimated at 100,000 tons, deliveries extending through and beyond the third quarter. A pipe company has also taken 50,000 tons of southern and valley irons, deliveries covering the second and third quarters.

While pig iron buying has been by no means general, the amount of business quietly put through has signified both the lowest prices in months and the belief of important buyers that they marked the turning point. Quoted prices vary more than for many weeks, and in some districts furnaces are definitely holding out for 25 to 50 cents advance.

The western malleable foundries have not been able to buy iron for the second half, producers being more confident that a substantial advance will come before the end of the year.

All the steel companies report a large scale of operations, ranging in some cases from 75 to 90 per cent of mill capacity. The Steel Corporation now has 60½ per cent of its blast furnace capacity active, against 46½ per cent at the low point at the opening of the year. Its statement of unfilled orders Jan. 31, showing 43,000 tons more than on Dec. 31, the first gain in 13 months, was better than expected. February promises no duplicates for the New York Central and Pennsylvania rail orders, and its export total is not yet as great.

Among the latest structural contracts are 2800 tons for the new plant of the Corn Products Company, at Argo, Ill.; 4400 tons for a bridge over the Arkansas river at Fort Smith, and 3500 tons for the Cruikshank warehouse in New York. The new Delaware and Hudson shops will require 4000 tons. On March 15 the Panama canal commission will open bids for 12,000 tons of structural steel for emergency dams. The New York Telephone Company is planning a new building that will take 10,000 to 15,000 tons.

Plate mills are busier, and some of them reached a 75 per cent basis last week. A Pittsburgh builder of gas holders has bought 5000 tons of plates for Minneapolis and St. Louis contracts.

The balance sheet of the Lorain Street Railroad Company, as of Dec. 31, last, shows a profit and loss surplus of \$15,101, as compared with \$805 at the close of 1909. Cash on hand on Dec. 31 last was \$22,986, contrasted with \$5,100 in 1909.

The report of the Lorain Street Railroad Company for the last fiscal period was equally as gratifying as that of the Lake Shore Electric. Improvement was shown in its gross, net and surplus over a year ago, although the ratio of expenses to gross revenues was about 1 per cent higher. Gross and net earnings per car mile were also substantially higher. The city and territory served by this line, which is a part of the Lake Shore system, is said to be growing rapidly. Following are the results for the last fiscal period, briefly stated:

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross earnings	\$175,232	\$164,471	\$107,161
Operating expenses	157,785	155,018	117,117
Surplus	17,447	9,453	9,044
Gross per mile	26.73c	25.70c	1.63c
Net per mile	12.05c	11.52c	2.0c

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PRESSED STEEL CAR STATEMENT

The annual report of the Pressed Steel Car Company for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31 is issued. The income account compares as follows:

	1910.	1909.
Profits for year	\$1,848,366	\$1,954,583
Depreciation	280,000	120,000
Balance	\$1,568,366	\$1,834,583
Preferred dividends	575,000	575,000
Surplus	\$993,366	\$959,583
Previous surplus	6,533,040	5,604,007
Total surplus	\$7,526,406	\$6,563,590

*Including sale of Canada Car Company stock.

SHIPPING NEWS

Due to arrive Wednesday, the United Fruit Company's steamer Nansa, is on the way from San Domingo, with 10,000 bags of sugar for transshipment to Liverpool on the steamship Bohemian, which is scheduled to leave here Feb. 25. The sugar is the first coming to this port for export for several months.

Carrying out a large general cargo, the Red Star liner Manitou, Captain Pollard, sailed for Antwerp, via Philadelphia, today.

A shipment of Arrostook potatoes has delayed for two days the sailing of the German steamer Rhinagraf, Captain Schmor, for Havana. The potatoes were loaded above Bangor. The steamer will have 3000 bales of hay, besides her other large consignments.

Capt. Thomas Potter reports by wireless today that the Cunard liner Ivernia, from Liverpool and Queenstown, will not dock until 4 p. m. although scheduled to come in early this morning. At 9 a. m. today the liner was 78 miles east of Boston light, with her 26 saloon, 287 second cabin, and 483 steerage passengers.

Six ice-coated fishing vessels, mostly offshore boats, are discharging fish at T wharf today, the Georgians having the banner catch of 60,000 pounds. Other arrivals were: The Slade Gorton 55,000 pounds, Onito 62,000, Elsie 51,000, steamer Spray 61,300, and the Mary Emerson 400.

Prices were slightly lower at T wharf today, dealers purchasing steak cod per hundredweight for \$6.50 to 7.50, market cod \$4.25, haddock 43c and cusk \$3.25.

Halibut was brought to T wharf today as follows: The Slade Gorton 1000 pounds, Elsie 1000, Spray 500 and Onito 300.

According to schedule the British steamer Karema, Captain Jackson, should reach port tomorrow from Calcutta, having left that port Jan. 8. She is bringing a large cargo of Indian merchandise, including curios, jute and tea.

With 4654 casks and 100 tons of china clay in bulk, the British steamer Richmond, Captain Nicholls, reached Boston today from Fowey, Eng., via Portland, Me. She reported severe conditions at sea before reaching the Maine port, during which she lost her starboard lifeboat and chronometer, had her steering wheel aft broken off and her hatchery stove in. The cabin, chart room and galley were flooded.

Str Boston Br, Simms, Yarmouth, N S, mdse and passengers to J F Masters.

Str Richmond (Br), Nicholls, Fowey, E. Jan 29, via Portland, Me, 3 p m, Feb 15 china clay, for Fowey, Wither.

Str H J Dimock, Howes, N Y, mdse to Albert Smith.

Str Governor Dingley, Strout, Portland, Me.

Str City of Gloucester, God

News of the World Told by Cable and Correspondence

FIRST PHOTOS OF THAMES DREADNOUGHT RECEIVED

Is the Largest Battleship Afloat and Only Vessel of This Type Yet Launched in River.

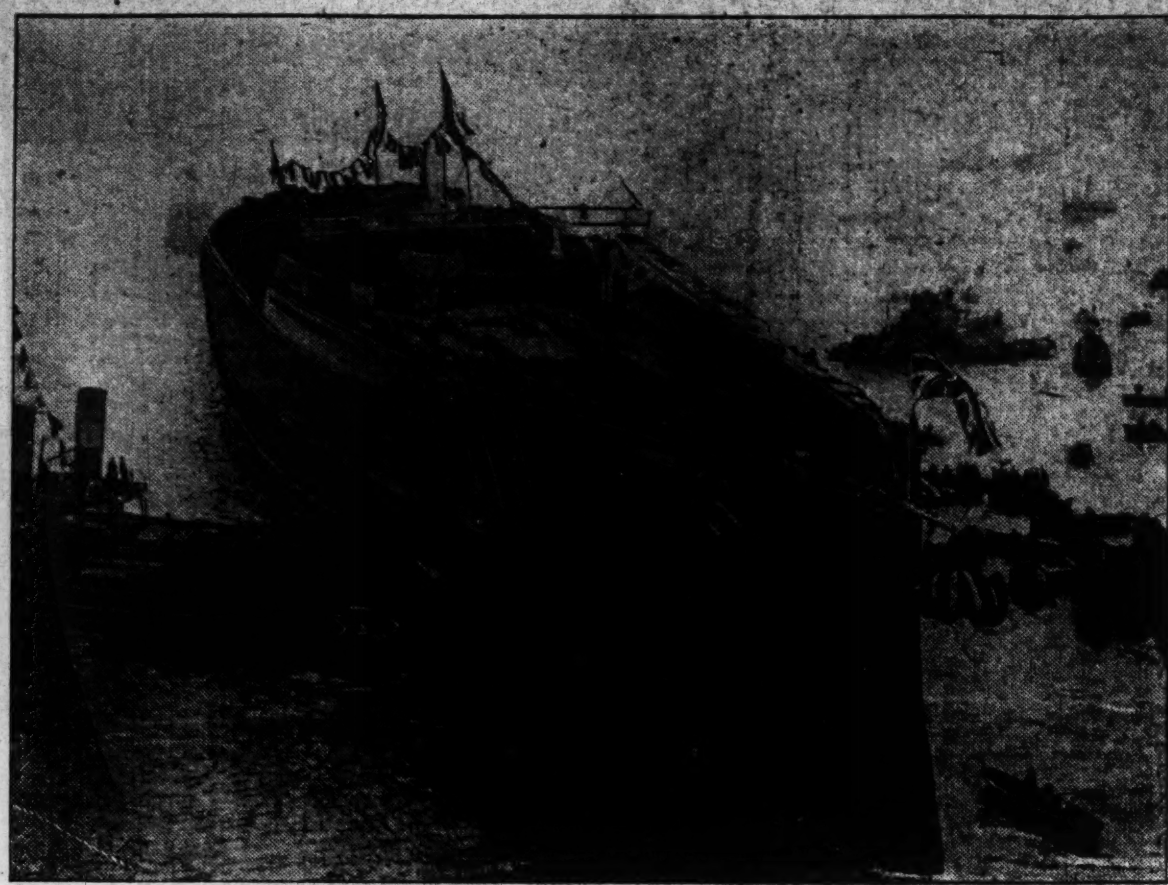
OFFICIALS VIEW THE CEREMONY

(Special Correspondence of The Monitor.)

LONDON—The first vessel of the dreadnought type to be built on the Thames, the biggest battleship afloat, has been launched. The construction of the Thunderer at the Thames Ironworks & Shipbuilding Company will, it is hoped by the inhabitants of the neighborhood, mark the resurrection of the building of battleships on the Thames. The building of this great vessel has given employment to no fewer than 3000 extra hands, and the greater part of the earnings of these men has been spent locally. The keel of this latest addition to the British fleet was laid on April 13 last, and when it is realized that the weight of metal launched on Feb. 1, was about 9600 tons, it will be seen that the construction of the vessel has been rapid. It is five years since a battleship of any size was built on the Thames, H. M. S. Black Prince having been the last, so that the present occasion was one of special interest. The Thunderer was built on the same slip as the Black Prince, although it had obviously seen much lengthened and enlarged for the purpose.

The ceremony of christening and launching the vessel was performed in a most satisfactory manner, amid brilliant sunshine. Arriving by special train at the tidal basin station, it was evident that as many as possible were intent on witnessing the important ceremony, for dense crowds of people thronged every possible vantage point in the neighborhood of the slip. At the conclusion of the usual religious service, the wife of the archbishop of Canterbury, Mrs. Randall Davidson, performed the ceremony of christening the vessel in the usual way, after which, slowly, but surely, the vessel commenced to move toward the water. It is difficult for those who have not been present at the launching of a large vessel to realize the wonderful impression made by the vast bulk towering high above all the surrounding buildings, gliding smoothly down the slip.

The main dimensions of the Thunderer are: Over-all length 584 feet, beam 82½ feet, draught 27½ feet, and displacement, when completed, 22,080 tons. Her main armament will consist of five pairs of 13.5-inch guns of 45 caliber, which will all be placed on the center line of the vessel, the two forward turrets firing right ahead, and the aftermost right



(Photo copyrighted by the Daily Graphic. Used by permission.)
H. M. S. Thunderer, first battleship of dreadnought type to be built on the Thames, as she appeared just after launching at Canning Town.

astern. In each case the second turret is being raised in such a manner as to fire over the top of the turret in front of it. The fifth turret will be placed amidships, between the funnels.

The secondary armament will consist of 24 4-inch guns, and three torpedo tubes of the 21-inch type will also be fitted. The shaft horsepower of the turbine engines will be 27,000, giving a speed of 27 knots on trial.

Among those present to witness the ceremony were the lord mayor, Sir Verey Strong, who drove in state to Canning Town, accompanied by the sheriffs, the state sword and mace bearers, Mr. McKenna, first lord of the admiralty, Lewis Harcourt, secretary of state for the colonies, and many other admirals, politicians, authors and people well known in the social world.

The launching of the Thunderer was the occasion of an especially picturesque feature for, just as the vessel took the water, a large round mass of red and white bunting was opened out, and a number of "blue birds" or "doves of peace" were allowed to escape and fly to various points on the surrounding sea-

foldings. At the same moment, a number of rockets were fired from which large showers of colored papers were scattered about.

The Thunderer will, it is understood, be ready for active service about March, 1912.

The present ship is the fifth of the same name which has found a place in the royal navy list, and curiously enough no less than four of these have been built on the Thames. The first Thunderer was a 74-gun ship of 1860 tons, launched at Woolwich in 1760, the year of the accession of George III. She fought under Keppel in the action off Brest in 1794, and two years later was totally lost in a hurricane in the West Indies.

The second Thunderer was built in a private yard upon the river, and launched in 1793. She was 90 tons bigger than her predecessor and was the most famous of all her name. She was present at Howe's victory, on the glorious 1st of June, in 1794; at Calder's action, in July, 1805; and fought in the lee column at Trafalgar in the same year. She was present at the passage of the Dar-

danelles in 1807, and was with Gambier at Copenhagen in the following August, when the Danish fleet was forced to surrender.

The third Thunderer was an 84 gun ship of 2279 tons, launched at Woolwich in 1831. She was present during the operations on the coast of Syria, in 1840, and at St. Jean d'Acre. Rechristened the Nettle, she finished her career as a target for the heavy guns of the new ironclads.

The fourth Thunderer was built at Pembroke, and launched in 1872. She was an ironclad turret ship, carrying two pairs of heavy guns, in turrets placed one forward and the other aft. Her tonnage was 9387. Owing to the fact that the method of measuring tonnage was altered about this time, she was in reality only twice, instead of four times, the size of her predecessor. She was one of the first mastless ironclads, and a sister ship of the Devastation, a type of vessel which in its day created quite as much interest as the modern dreadnought, of which the new Thunderer is a type.

NEW ZEALAND SENDS LIST OF PROPOSALS TO BE SUBMITTED

Will Ask Imperial Conference to Consider State-Owned Cable Line Between England and Canada.

PENNY POSTAGE TO BE TAKEN UP

(Special to The Monitor.)

LONDON—The following is the list of the chief proposals which are to be submitted by the government of the dominion of New Zealand to the imperial conference: The conference to be open to the press, except when the subjects are confidential.

That there should be an imperial council of state with representatives from all constituent parts of the empire, whether self-governing or not, in theory and in fact, advisory to the imperial government on all questions affecting the interests of the overseas dominions.

That the title of secretary of state for the colonies be changed for that of "secretary of state for imperial affairs."

That the high commissioners be invited to attend the meeting of the committee of defense when questions on naval or military imperial defense affecting the overseas dominions are under discussion.

That the high commissioners be invited to consult with foreign ministers on matters of foreign industrial, commercial and social affairs in which the overseas dominions are interested and inform their respective governments.

That the conference recommend his majesty's government to approach the governments of other states known to be favorable to universal penny postage, with the view of united action being taken at next meeting of the congress of the Universal Postal Union.

That a state-owned cable be laid between England and Canada, and that the powers of the Pacific cable board be extended to enable the board to lay and control such cable.

That the powers of the Pacific cable board be extended to enable the board to erect a land line across Canada.

That no imperial court of appeal can be satisfactory which does not include judicial representatives of the overseas dominions.

That there should be more uniformity throughout the empire in the law of copyright, patents, trade-marks, companies, accident compensation, naturalization, immigration, aliens, exclusion, currency, and coinage.

CAUSE OF UNIVERSAL PEACE TO PROFIT BY RAPPROCHEMENT

Count von Aehrenthal Makes Statement of Much Interest During Debate—Foreign Minister Receives Vote of Confidence—Says Holland Has Right to Fortify.

(Special to The Monitor.)

VIENNA—Considerable interest has been roused by the third statement that Count von Aehrenthal has now made on foreign affairs on the resumption of the general debate on the estimates of the ministry for foreign affairs before the foreign affairs committee of the Austrian delegation. Referring again to the celebrated Potsdam meeting it had, he said, resulted in a rapprochement between Germany and Russia and had also confirmed certain principles in regard to the near east which were in harmony with Austro-Hungarian views on the subject, and he further maintained that the cause of universal peace could not but profit from this rapprochement.

Touching upon the question of the Baghdad railway he pointed out that there was no need for any sense of unrest, since it could only improve Austro-

Hungarian trade, and having referred to certain statements made by some Austrian naval extremists, likely to aggravate the relationship between Austria-Hungary and Italy, he expressed regret that an Austrian delegate should have hinted that Austro-Hungarian warships would be required only against Italy.

As to the fortification of Flushing, he said that he had not been approached officially by any person on this subject, but he wished to state that in his opinion Holland as an independent state is entitled to erect fortifications whenever she may think necessary, so long as treaties, of which he knew nothing, did not stand in the way.

The adoption of the foreign office estimates by the Austrian delegation committee amounts to the granting of a vote of confidence to Count von Aehrenthal by a considerable majority.

CHILDREN'S CARNIVAL WILL TAKE PLACE AT BIG CRYSTAL PALACE

(Special to The Monitor.)

LONDON—The council of the festival of empire is organizing a children's coronation carnival which is to take place at the Crystal Palace on Saturday in coronation week. The scheme has the support of various religious organizations who are doing their utmost to insure its success, and Sunday school children of all denominations have been invited to take part in the performance.

It is anticipated that between 60,000 and 70,000 children will attend. The program will include the ceremony of saluting the flag on the pageant ground, a march past, and the singing of the national anthem; this will be followed by a children's carnival and battle of flowers on the Grand terrace.

IMPORT DUTIES REMOVED.

CONSTANTINOPLE—The Chamber on Wednesday approved the government proposal to exempt from import duty for 10 years agricultural implements and machinery.

KAISER TO VISIT LONDON.

LONDON—It is said that the German Emperor will visit London in May for the unveiling of the national memorial to Queen Victoria.

REPORT DECLARES BRITONS CAN GROW GOOD SUGAR BEETS

(Special to The Monitor.)

LONDON—The Earl of Denbigh, chairman of the national sugar beet council, has issued a report on the experimental crops of sugar beet grown in England in 1910. The council have collected as much data as possible relative to these crops, with the result that they are able to present an account of the cultivation of over 260 plots varying in size from a quarter of an acre to 24 acres, and distributed over 23 counties.

The council state that despite the unsystematic manner in which the experiments were carried out, it is evident that roots of excellent sugar contents and of satisfactory weight per acre can be grown in various parts of England. The climate is favorable to the production of roots of high sugar content and satisfactory purity, and all that is now required for the establishment of the industry is the necessary capital for factories, coupled with careful organization and technical experience.

ADJUSTING THE POTASH QUESTION

BERLIN—It is learned here that Ambassador Bernstorff is conducting negotiations with the state department at Washington for the adjustment of the potash trade dispute on the basis of the note recently presented to Secretary Knox by the German government.

This note sets forth the German attitude, intimating that the question of whether the German producers or the American buyers should pay the surtax imposed by the recently enacted mining law, might be a subject for arbitration, and that if it was established that the penalty properly fell upon the Americans, the export price be mutually agreed upon by the two governments.

RUSSIAN TEACHERS QUITTING SCHOOLS

ST. PETERSBURG—The ranks of the faculties of the Russian universities are being depleted rapidly through resignations and dismissals resulting from the student rebellion which has become general throughout the empire. One hundred and twelve chairs are now vacant. The ministry of education is attempting to cope with the situation, and in order to attract professors in other countries plans to establish temporary Russian seminaries of law in Berlin and Paris and schools of natural science at Heidelberg.

REPORTS FROM MEXICO MISLEADING

Press News of Alleged "Revolution" Said to Be Exaggerated—President Has Sympathy of United States.

TEXAS RANGERS OFFER SERVICES

MEXICO CITY—Reports of the guerilla warfare being waged at present in parts of Mexico continue to be exaggerated in the American press which is attempting to raise what is a mere outbreak of a few dissatisfied citizens to the dignity of a "revolution." Francisco J. Madero, who is the supposed head of the uprising, is not a soldier, so it is said here, but a millionaire farming man, and yet he is styled by the American papers and the anti-government press as "General."

A number of American adventurers are reported to have smuggled themselves across the border and joined the insurgents, as they are called.

Bert Morrison, one of the best-known rangers in Texas, wants to volunteer with his company of sharpshooters to the Mexican government. But, as a matter of fact, while his offer would be much appreciated by President Diaz as indicative of the real estimate held in the United States concerning his rulership, the offer of the Texans will probably not be accepted, for their services are not needed.

The American government is in sympathy with President Diaz and his administration, and so are all thinking Americans, but unless it were really necessary the President would not ask for American intervention to aid him, or even favor individual action such as is preferred by Mr. Morrison.

The kindly intent and whole-hearted offer of the Texas rangers would be peculiarly dear to Diaz, for he likes men of action who have the heart in the right place.

The federal troops have the best kind of equipment. This was evidenced last Sunday, when Col. Antonio Rabago, with 300 soldiers, broke up the band of 600 men under Pascual Orozco and lifted the attempted siege of Paso del Norte (Ciudad Juarez). Rabago lost three men, while Orozco lost 70. The former had machine guns and Mauser rifles, while the insurgents had short-range rifles and only one mountain howitzer.

In the three or four months life-time of the revolt, the federal troops have

always succeeded in defeating and scattering the rebels. Superiority of armament, commissary, supplies, and withal fine discipline and morale, are on the side of the government troops.

The rebels are fighting, or trying to fight, a duly organized army and a constitutional government, a government which has given Mexico peace and prosperity for 35 years. During 60 years just prior to the regime of President Diaz, Mexico had 50 rulers. Since 1876, with the sole exception of the four-year term of President Gonzalez, Mexico has had the benefit of the presidential genius of Gen. Porfirio Diaz, a man who would have shone in any land on account of his integrity, versatility of gifts as soldier and statesman, patriotism, modesty, and ability to play right on the heart-strings of humanity. There was a time 54 years ago, when Juarez, who had just promulgated the constitution of reform, had fled to El Paso, to seek the moral aid, at least, of the American government as against the Conservative party. The constitution, just 54 years old on the fifth of this month of February, has been amended 52 times.

He has been active for his country for 60 years.

PREPARING WAY FOR NEXT CENSUS

(Special to The Monitor.)

TORONTO—Five census commissioners for the city of Toronto have been appointed by the Dominion government to look after the appointment of 450 enumerators and the taking of the census during the first week of next June. They are: North Toronto, H. M. Ferguson, barrister; South Toronto, C. Ryan, contractor; East Toronto, David Miller, contractor; West Toronto, W. O. McTaggart, school trustee; Center Toronto, Thomas Vance, fruit merchant. Enumerators will be paid five cents for each name supplied, making it possible for them to average \$50 for their services. The commissioners receive three cents for each name in their territory.

OFFICERS' SALARIES RAISED.

(Special to The Monitor.)

TORONTO—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Canadian national exhibition, Canada's great permanent fair held in this city every fall, it was announced that since Dr. J. O. Orr was installed as manager in 1903 the annual receipts have increased from \$107,736 to \$293,798 last year. The salary of Treasurer F. F. Brentnall was raised from \$2400 to \$3000 and that of Chief Clerk P. W. Rogers from \$1800 to \$2000.

For the defense of that document, and struggled on the isthmus of Tehuantepec, for months separated from President Duero, and even made his own powder and ammunition and raised the money for his own soldiers as best he might. Later, captured twice by the French, Diaz, escaped, to harass and harry the empire to its eclipse at Queretaro. Even when the Americans invaded Mexico, the lad Diaz organized a company of youths like himself, and volunteered to Juarez, then Governor of Oaxaca. They were enrolled but were too young to see service.

He has been active for his country for 60 years.

Martial Law at Juarez

EL PASO, Tex.—General Navarro has placed Ciudad Juarez under martial law, closing every business house. He also took possession of the Mexican North-west railway and announced that he intends to operate the railways out of Juarez for a few days.

MEXICALI, Mex.—In a fight between Mexican troops and insurgents Wednesday several men were wounded.

HORTICULTURAL SHOW WILL OPEN ON JULY FOURTH

LONDON—Since the grounds of Holland House are no longer available, the Royal Horticultural Society will hold its annual summer show at Olympia on July 4, 5 and 6. The price of admittance is reduced to 1 shilling, and on the first and second days the show will be open until 10 p. m. The management hopes that this innovation will secure a very large attendance. In addition to the usual awards, a 50-guinea cup is to be offered in commemoration of the coronation.

Y. M. C. A. DIRECTOR RESIGNS.

TORONTO—J. J. McLeod, who has been physical director of the Central Young Men's Christian Association here for the past three years, has resigned to accept a similar position at Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan, his duties to take effect in September. He will be succeeded here by F. J. Smith, who has had several years' experience as assistant physical director.

PROGRESS ON PANAMA CANAL.

COLON, Panama.—The grand total of canal excavation to Feb. 1, according to figures announced here today, was 129,138,400 cubic yards, leaving to be excavated 53,999,396 cubic yards.

REICHSTAG COMMISSION AMENDS CONSTITUTION

Government's Proposed Measure for Alsace-Lorraine Changed to Free State From Influence of German Emperor and Substitutes Regent Provision by Large Majority.

BERLIN—The commission of the Reichstag further amended the government's draft of the constitution proposed for Alsace-Lorraine on Wednesday, wholly freeing the future state from the influence of the Emperor.

The commission struck out the clause giving the Emperor the exercise of executive authority and substituted a provision for a regent who would hold office for life and be nominated by the Emperor or upon the proposal of the Bundesrath.

The regent also would be removable only by the Bundesrath. The vote on the adoption of the amendment was 21 to 6.

The action of the commission was taken in spite of the fact that such an amendment had been declared utterly unacceptable by the government on constitutional and political grounds. The government had stated frankly its objection to a regent who was neither responsible to nor under the influence of the Emperor.

(Special Correspondence of The Monitor.)

BERLIN—The greatest interest has been taken in the debate on the proposed constitution for Alsace-Lorraine in the Reichstag. The imperial chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, pointed out in the course of a speech that nothing but the most urgent necessity would induce them to return to the idea of incorporating Alsace-Lorraine in Prussia or another of the federal states, as had been recommended in the press lately.

Referring to the attempts that have been made to show the Prussian Diet franchise and that proposed to be introduced in Alsace-Lorraine as entirely contradictory, he declared, "It is impossible to draw a parallel between the position with which Prussia is entrusted toward the empire and that of the other states. A franchise which in Prussia would entail the possibility of a democratic flood tide that might force a minister to resign would mean complete disorganization in the empire. Prussia will so mold her franchise that she will be able, as the presiding power, to carry on a consistent empire policy. The ques-

tion of the Alsace-Lorraine franchise has nothing to do with that."

Continuing, he declared that the federal governments would not withdraw their demand for a bi-cameral system in Alsace-Lorraine and the first Chamber must be a bulwark to guarantee the maintenance of German policy in the Reichsland. "We must," he said, "give the province what is the province's and the empire what is the empire's. We hope that the proposed institutions will revive political life in the Reichsland and that every increase in strength and power that Alsace-Lorraine experiences will also work for the benefit of the empire." The chancellor begged the Reichstag to assist in the accomplishment of this object.

The constitution proposals were ultimately referred to a committee of 28. This committee has adopted an amendment to the proposed constitution which will permit Alsace-Lorraine to enter the empire a full-fledged federal state on the same footing as the other members.

PREMIER TRIES TO SETTLE AUSTRIAN SCHOOL QUESTION

(Special to The Monitor.)

BUDA-PESTH—The premier, Baron von Bienerth, in Vienna, is at the moment busily engaged in endeavoring to bring about a solution of the question of a university. The Italians and the Slavs in South Austria are both equally anxious to possess their own university situated in their respective capitals. Since, however, they consist of only a small body of people the demands of both cannot be satisfied, and Baron Bienerth is endeavoring to find a solution of the question.

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GENERAL METHUEN ADVISES RAISING A SOUTH AFRICAN ARMY

(Special to The Monitor.)

KING WILLIAMS TOWN—In the course of a speech made at a banquet given by the mayor in his honor, General Lord Methuen, general officer commanding-in-chief in South Africa, spoke on the advisability of the formation of a South African army. The people themselves should settle what was best for their country; he was there as a representative of the war office to give what advice he could, and he said that South Africa should raise an army able to free the imperial garrison, and so enable it to go to any part of the empire when required. A sound, well conducted body of officers was required to head the new force, and he said that in the Cape mounted rifles the country had the nucleus of a force which might be increased. Continuing, Lord Methuen declared that he desired quality rather than quantity, and he pointed out that the cadet corps were an invaluable training ground. The country's defense should, he maintained, be removed from party and political influences.

U. S. EMBASSY AT BERLIN.

BERLIN—The purchase of a permanent home for the American embassy here is improbable for some time. Ambassador Hill's lease of his quarters contains a purchase option clause but while the building is suitable he thinks it advisable to continue for a time as a tenant.

WILDEY SAVINGS BANK

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BI-WEEKLY The Monitor

Now Offers
A Stamp Department
for the Children
Every Other Saturday

"This new department tells all about postage stamp collecting and other matters of interest to the junior philatelist. Boys and girls will find it a source of entertainment and profit."
"The young people will find something to please them in every issue of"

Saturday's Monitor

THE HOME FORUM

Reverence

ON this one thing [reverence] all depends to make a man in every point a man," said Goethe; and this is what his Werther saw in the "Pedagogic Province." Here the children were trained to three gestures or poses, one of an upward cheerful gaze, the arms crossed on the breast; a second with their hands at their backs, looking smilingly at the ground; and the third, the posture of the eldest children, in which with arms stretched down to the ground they turned their heads to the right and looked at each other, whereas the others kept themselves separate, each where he chanced to be.

These postures expressed the three forms of reverence: first for that which is above us, for God and His power; second for that which is under us, the gifts of support typed in the earth, and the suffering of earth is typed in the arms held as if bound behind the body. After these two comes the third posture when the children range themselves together, each reverencing his neighbor and himself, standing among them frank and fearless.

Wilhelm, pondering the things that are shown him, sees that the source of the dissatisfaction among mankind is their failure in these three forms of reverence. They forget God, they become indifferent to the deep meanings of earthly experience, and contemptuous toward their fellows. So the true self-respect is turned either into egotism or despair. Reverence alone will nourish man aright, and out of the first reverence, for God, alone can follow the wisdom which understands earth's lessons and unites men in a true brother union.

Met Their Match

Two hunters, returning from the Catskills, decided to try some New York city humor upon the agent of a little railroad station in the foothills.

"When does the 3:40 train get in?" asked one.

The old man regarded him seriously and at length. "Well," said he, "she generally gets in just a little behind the engine."

Later they approached him respectfully. "About time that train is due, isn't it, uncle?"

"Yes," said the agent, "she's about due." There comes the conductor's dog.

—Everybodies.

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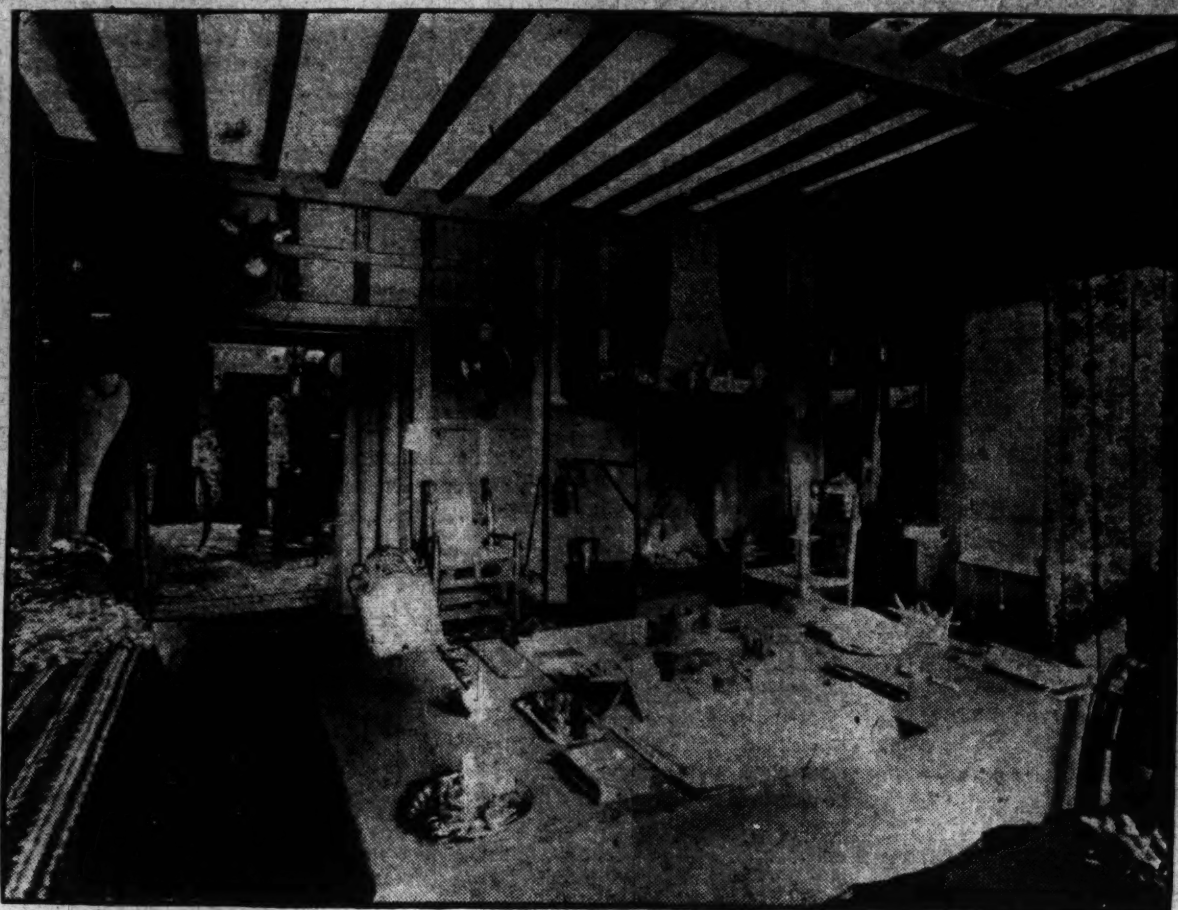
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MUSICIAN AND PATRIOT



OLE BULL HOUSE IN CAMBRIDGE.

This room is furnished in Scandinavian style and was for years the home of the artist's wife.

OLE BORNEMANN BULL is perhaps as well known among the names of violin virtuosos as that of Paganini himself, and yet of him the musicianly say that he had more of natural skill and spontaneous feeling for melody than of trained musicianship. His home was in Bergen, Norway, and in his famous after years he had a country seat at Lyseon near Bergen, though his established home was in America, at Cambridge. His style

of playing was peculiarly his own, and he preferred an almost level bridge and a flat finger board. He began as a student of theology, but failed to pass his examinations. Then he directed musical societies in Bergen and finally went to Paris for study, where he was strongly influenced by Paganini and made his first appearance as a public player in 1832, being then 22 years old. He came five times to this country,

and loved it for its free opportunities. He loved his native land even more, and for his own people he projected an enormous scheme of buying land for a colony in Pennsylvania. Another project of his was to found a national theater at Bergen.

He played in the main his own compositions, through which very naturally he expressed himself more freely than through the music of others.

The Caravan

From underneath the carob shade,
A wavering line of gray and white,
I watch it lose its form and fade
Like dreams across the face of night.

Whither it goes I can but guess,
Haply where ruined Tadmor stands,
The voiceless haunt of loneliness
Amid the desert's swirling sands;

Or toward the Tigris' tawny tide
Into that land of ancient thrift
Where Bagdad's rich bazaars spread wide,
And Haroun's minarets uplift;

Or toward the swart Arabian skies,
The home of sempiternal calms,
Where pilgrims seek their paradise
Through Mecca girdled with its palms.

Yet howso'er it fares, I fare,
In buoyant spirit I am one
With those that drink the untrammelled air,
The nomad children of the sun.

From camel-back I scan the waste
A fair oasis sign to find,
And stranger to all thoughts of haste
Let my kaffeyeh take the wind.

Sandaled with silence, on I press,
Rousing before the flower of morn,
Through spaces where forgetfulness
Seems to have dwelt since time was born.

And when, with soothing touch, comes night
After the round of jars and joys,
Above the head, in Allah's sight,
The hosts of heaven wheel and poise.

—Clinton Scollard.

Realism in Art

A local painter spent three months on a painting. He spent a good deal of money on models, but the finished product justified all his expenditures and all his time. Everybody told him so, when his picture was exhibited.

Everybody, but one. The lady whose opinion he valued most was the one he took to the exhibition with him. "I can hardly wait," she bubbled.

"Which is your picture?"

"This one," he told her—and waited. She studied it critically.

"What is it called?" she wanted to know.

"Wood Nymphs."

"How silly of me to ask. They're so natural. Why, anybody would think they were really made of wood!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

What a great blessing is a friend who can relieve thy cares by his conversation, thy doubts by his counsels, thy sadness by his good humor and whose very looks give comfort to thee.—Seneca.

To do good work, every motive must be from love of God. Inquire first that the motive is so. Next, question the thought that puts the motive in action. It must be absolutely pure, unadulterated, perfect in Love. Then use that perfect thought and only that thought till the work is accomplished in Love. First, last, and always remember that God is your only Father and that God is Love!—Longley Taylor.

Some of Mr. Edison's Predictions

THOMAS A. EDISON, in an interview published in the February number of the *Comopolitan* magazine, predicts the time is not far distant when inventors will have made possible the following:

Cloth, buttons, thread, tissue-paper and pasteboard will be fed into one end of a machine, and come out of the other, packed in boxes, will come out of the other.

Steel will replace wood for making furniture. The cost of steel furniture is only one-fifth that of wood, and steel furniture is very light, because so little of the steel is required. It can be stained in perfect imitation of any wood color.

Nickel will be used instead of paper for books. A sheet of nickel one twenty-thousandth of an inch thick is cheaper, tougher, and more flexible than an ordinary sheet of book paper. It also will absorb printer's ink. A nickel book two inches thick would contain 40,000 pages. It would weigh only a pound, and the cost of the nickel pages would be \$1.25.

Huge farming implements driven by electricity will replace the present agricultural tools. The future farmer will be a soil chemist, a botanist, and an economist. He will perform his present manual work at a seat beside a push-button and some levers.

The most interesting of Mr. Edison's predictions is that the old dream of transmutation of metals is certain to come true sooner or later, and a way will be found to manufacture gold. The probability that the way to manufacture gold will be discovered sooner or later causes Mr. Edison to believe the present financial system of the world will be changed. The time is coming, he thinks, when nobody will accept gold in payment for work, and no nation will issue gold as money, because any one will be able to manufacture it.—London Standard.

Whatever discoveries we have made in the region of self-love, there still remain many unknown lands.—La Rochefoucauld.

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BIRD AND MAN FLIGHT

SINCE man took to the air, some things about his teachers and models, the birds, are almost more mysterious to him than they were before. His whirling propeller stands him in stead for the flapping of wings; his outspread planes are the steady pinions for coasting or soaring; but how about the birds that move only by soaring—that have discarded their motors? It is now securely established that there are such birds, says Lucien Fournier, who writes on "How Birds Fly" in *La Nature*, and he holds out hope that man may one day throw away his motor also and trust to the winds, but just how the soaring bird does it he confesses he does not know. So-called explanations do not satisfy him, and we are sure only that the bird's motive power comes from without, doubtless from air currents in a way that close investigation will yet make clear. He says, in part:

"Two kinds of flight are now recognized—flying proper, carried on wholly by flapping the wings, and soaring, in which the bird keeps its wings extended during the course of its aerial progress. Soaring includes two different types—coasting, which is temporary and merely accessory to ordinary flying, and soaring proper, which is the normal mode of locomotion of large birds capable of keeping the air for whole days, utilizing the action of the wind to move about."

As the soaring bird has nothing but the wind to depend upon for support in the air, Mr. Fournier notes, he must be

so built as to avail himself of the least breath. His wing must be delicate enough to adapt itself at once to sudden changes in the direction of the wind, a delicacy that is supplied by the suppleness of both wings and feathers. If they are not elastic enough, there must be oscillation of the body to make up for it, resulting in a sort of balancing motion that may clearly be seen. This is very slight in huge birds with supple wings. Great soars that must depend on the slightest breath of air have the faculty of spreading their wings like fans, so that the feathers, in fact, constitute automatic balancers assuring both longitudinal and lateral equilibrium in normal conditions.

The real masters of the air, however, the writer goes on to say, are not these great soars, who are at the mercy of storms, but the coasters, the semi-soars, who flap and glide by turns. It is these that we have imitated in our human attempts at flight. Says Mr. Fournier:

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A Glimpse of English Ways

The hall of the Middle Temple has been the scene of an incident said to be unique in its history—namely, the presentation to H. W. Darling, who holds the historic office of chief butler and other offices in the society, with a testimonial from the society on the completion of a term of 50 years' uninterrupted service, says the *St. James Gazette*. The hall was crowded at dinner with members of all four grades in the society—masters of the bench, "ancients," barristers, and students, 22 of the masters of the bench being present. At the conclusion of dinner, the master-treasurer (H. D. Greene, K. C.) addressing Mr. Darling in a speech which was loudly cheered, congratulated him on the success of his long term of office and the high esteem in which he was held by all the members, and mentioned the fact that of the present benchers only six were members of the bar when Mr. Darling first became chief butler, namely, Lord James, Lord Lindley, Sir Alfred Wills, Sir Gainsford Bruce, Mr. Daney, and Mr. Digby. The treasurer concluded by presenting to Mr. Darling a check for £150 and a beautiful silver rose-bowl suitably inscribed; and Mr. Darling expressed his thanks in a short speech.

A Kaiser's Confection

The Kaiser Wilhelm Society, recently founded in Germany, has the Emperor as its presiding officer and will be governed by a Senate of 10 appointed by him. According to the *Konfektionär*, a uniform has been designed for the senators by order of the Emperor, "which they will wear at court and on all state occasions. The cloth for the uniform will be light green in color; the coat will have a red velvet collar and cuffs and the garments will be richly embroidered in gold."—New York Tribune.

Children's Department

Robin Redbreast

A bird very dear to the English folk is the robin. When the English came to America and found no real robins here—birds like warblers, with the reddish breast to explain the name—they gave the familiar home name to the migratory thrush that is so common here. Both these birds have a constant sweet note, though the English robin is richer and fuller, more a true song than the shrill call of our robin. Our robin goes away for the coldest weather, but in February—this year very early in the month—Boston sees or hears him inquiring for the leaves and flowers in the city parkways and suburban gardens. He is heard in March in nearly all the northern states, and his voice, sudden herald of spring, brings its ever renewed sense of joy to us all.

The English love of this name is further marked by the fact that in the island of Jamaica a tiny crimson-throated kingfisher is named robin redbreast, and in British Guiana a ground-startling with the right coloring also bears the name so dear to British hearts.

A writer in India says that sitting in her garden one day she was greeted by a shrill familiar song. Looking up, there on the wall was perched what she declares was an English robin. His shape and perky manner was as well known to her as the starry flower eyes that looked out of her Indian garden plot with sweet English openness; but robin had lost his rosy waistcoat in the long journey. Perhaps he left it at home and donned the brown one from motives of economy.

All historic nobility rests on possession and use of land.—Emerson

Full Information

A small boy who had recently passed his fifth birthday was riding in a suburban car with his mother, when they were asked the customary question, "How old is the boy?" After being told the correct age, which did not require a fare, the conductor passed on to the next person.

The boy sat quite still, as if pondering over some question, and then, concluding that full information had not been given, called loudly to the conductor, then at the other end of the car: "And mother's 31."—Human Life.

PICTURE PUZZLE



What dining function?

ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PICTURE PUZZLE.

Tapir.

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THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear."

EDITORIAL

Boston, Mass., Thursday, February 16, 1911.

The Goulds and American Railroads

WHATEVER inference may be drawn from the reported move of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. for the absolute control of the Missouri Pacific railway, the fact is patent that another chapter is about to be added to the history of American railroad construction and management. What may be news to the public has some time been more than a rumor to financial circles. The Gould interests are gradually relinquishing their hold on the properties built up and centralized by Jay Gould. That a little less than 25 per cent of Missouri Pacific stock is now owned by the Gould family and their close adherents shows that control is tending in another direction. With almost 4000 miles of road and outstanding stock amounting to \$83,000,000, the Missouri Pacific railway is, perhaps, one of the most important properties in the United States around which to wage a contest.

As bankers for the Missouri Pacific the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. must necessarily figure conspicuously in transactions relative to any new policy that may impend. But back of surface indications lie other factors, vastly important to the future management of this and other railroads. For as Mr. Harriman followed Jay Gould, one planning differently from the other, so men with still other methods now occupy the railroad field. The name of Hawley may yet have a somewhat distant sound. But it would not be at all surprising if this railroad manager of the newer school were to work in the direction of a combination in which the Chesapeake & Ohio, and the Denver & Rio Grande would be connecting links with the Missouri Pacific for another transcontinental line.

The hand of J. P. Morgan is not yet visible in affairs having to do with Missouri Pacific stock. But while there seems to be some uncertainty as to the future, it is at least permissible to take account of events in the past. It is an interesting speculation as to what a Morgan might have done toward preventing the "Black Friday" of 1869. The several financial crises during the seventies showed the railroads to be dominated by speculative interests, rather than those of constructive tendencies. About this time the house of Gould appeared on the railroad horizon. When J. Pierpont Morgan called a conference of railroad presidents in January, 1889, Jay Gould and his son George Gould were conspicuous members of the meeting which had for its purpose the stemming of ruinous competition.

Then, as now, the issue was between railroad management and financial backing. The men who ran the railroads and the men who furnished the money wanted a mutual accounting. What they learned at that meeting in the Morgan residence did not please either party. Things went on about as they had gone on before. The power of Jay Gould, however, was not a mantle which fitted his eldest son. And the Missouri Pacific affair is only an incident in the eliminating process which was accentuated when Western Union Telegraph stock went from the Goulds to the American Telephone & Telegraph Company.

It is apparent that no methods of former railroad periods can well be countenanced today. Governmental supervision may not yet have reached its highest development, but public opinion has spoken loudly through federal authority. American railroading has reached a stage where legitimate construction is not to be offset by financial obstruction. If some of the great railroad interests are finding fault, not unlikely the remedy lies elsewhere than with the public. The genius of railroad management is not always in the accumulation of money. Stocks and dividends must have integrity as a blending factor before the confidence which American railroad enterprises deserve is fully established.

Reciprocity and Party Division

BY THE passage of the McCall bill which embodies it, the administration reciprocity agreement with Canada was approved by the House on Tuesday night by a vote of 221 to ninety-two. A majority of the Republicans answering to their names voted against the measure, the party division showing seventy-eight ayes and eighty-seven noes. Only five Democratic votes were cast against it, those voting aye numbering 143. Thus, by a majority of 129 the President has won a legislative victory, but, viewed from a partisan standpoint, it takes on somewhat the form of a political defeat.

It is said that the prospects for reciprocity are brighter in the Senate than they have been. This, however, is not due so much to a change of conviction among the pronounced opponents of the Canadian trade agreement as it is to the menace of an extra session. The President has made it plain that if the Senate refuses to act upon the measure he will call the Sixty-second Congress together at once. Among the Republican "standpatters" there is no doubt as to what the result would be in that case. Some of the most stalwart members of the "old guard" will be missing in the Senate chamber after March 4. The Democrats and progressives will have made gains. The tariff revision element will be strong enough to bear down all opposition to reciprocity; feeling its strength, as the "standpatters" view it, it is conceivable that the Democratic-progressive tariff alliance might carry the fight into the regular session of next winter and be content with nothing less than free trade all around.

Under these circumstances it is quite probable that the obstruction in the Senate will cease; that the McCall bill will come to a vote and that it will pass. In this event there is likely to ensue a waiting period. All sides will be intensely interested in seeing how the Canadian agreement works out. But in the meantime the Republican party will be split in twain. The Republican division in the House of Tuesday night seems to represent fairly the division of sentiment in the party throughout the country.

Reciprocity is desired by the great mass of the people. This was indicated in the returns of the November election. It is a move in the direction of fair trade and a lower cost of living. It will benefit both Canada and the United States. But it creates a breach in the Republican party that can hardly be closed in the near future. It has drawn President Taft and his former political friends widely apart.

IN the matter of kitchen inspection, Cincinnati has taken a step in advance of its sister cities by placing it in charge of a woman. Where kitchen inspection has been carried on heretofore, generally speaking, men attached to the sanitary department of the municipality have been assigned to the work. They have, doubtless, here and there, brought about considerable improvement in respect to the cleanliness of things visible. As we understand it, the woman kitchen inspector of Cincinnati is not to stop at mere appearances. It will be her duty to investigate thoroughly the conduct of kitchens in restaurants and hotels; she is to be authorized not merely to look around the kitchen but to examine the cooking utensils, the cooking supplies, and to inquire even into the cooking itself.

It is worthy of remark that the managers of all the better class of hotels and restaurants in Cincinnati are encouraging this proceeding. They take the ground that reports of the inspection will help rather than hurt their business. They are not afraid of full publicity; rather they court it. Under like circumstances, we are sure, a similar attitude would be assumed by the owners and managers of first-class hotels and restaurants in all cities.

Inspection along certain lines and within certain limitations, even where it seems to intrude upon private premises, is justifiable on grounds of public policy. Such inspection may have fallen into disfavor or disuse in many places, however, because of lack of discretion and want of judgment upon the part of those in authority and on the part of their subordinates. Like many other things, inspection may go too far. It can be made rather an annoyance than a benefit. Cincinnati has an opportunity in this instance of demonstrating to the rest of the country that inspection may be carried on efficiently without being carried to excess, and the rest of the country will be glad to follow in its footsteps, in so far as they promise to lead to good results.

ENGLISH RECEIPT FOR A ROOSEVELT

"A little bit of Lord Cromer,
But only a little bit;
A little touch of Lord Curzon,
But only a little touch;
Bismarck, Lucifer and Emperor Will,
Cromwell, Jupiter and Buffalo Bill."

Forests and Corporations

WE TRUST that by this time our readers are satisfied that in the treatment of political subjects our standpoint is neither that of Democrat, progressive or Republican, but the standpoint of those who wish their country well. But should it be made plausibly right to become the champions of party, we might be led in that direction after reading the letter accompanying the report of Commissioner of Corporations Herbert Knox Smith, which that gentleman has just submitted to President Taft on the subject of timberland holdings in the United States. It may be that Mr. Knox Smith is mistaken and that he has been misinformed; it may even be that he has permitted his personal sentiments to color his official views and that he has forgotten the quasi-judicial attitude happily assumed in these days by high officials. But we very much doubt whether he has done any of these things. It is not the statistics that he gives which impress us, although they are impressive, for statistics have had fastened to them Walter Bagehot's famous classification. It is not the fact that grave statements are made by an officer of government in a communication to the head of government that carries conviction to us. What tells us that here are facts stated, is the verity of the description of the attitude of a certain class of business interests toward the nation, such description tallying but too well with what is the common knowledge of citizens as to matters more nearly within the ken of the individual.

We believe that an enlightened conservatism is always to be practised if government is to be more than a series of experiments. But we point out to all that the unfailing record of history is that it is the acts of individuals and groups of individuals whose selfishness has been greater than their honesty, that have wrought sudden and violent constitutional changes and changed the fundamental laws of countries. If amendments are made to the constitution of the United States, amendments not in consonance with the independence and self-reliance of the framers of that constitution, they will have been made by a people exasperated out of all patience by the cupidity and bad faith of those that could not exercise rights given by that constitution in any spirit of fairness to their fellow citizens. We say, again, that we do not know whether Mr. Knox Smith is letter perfect in his deductions, but we believe that in their general results he is; and if those deductions are to be given force so as to protect what after all are the common interests of all, from Maine to Florida, it will have been done largely by that group of our brethren from the West who have protested against the shameless exploitation of the people's livelihood for private gain. The question of the great timberlands of the country, their disposal, their control, their destruction or conservation, is a much greater question than one of law; it is a question of jurisprudence, and that is a matter that hangs by the ten tables. It has even been found that he that flouted these tables disappeared under the advance of justice as a pebble under a glacier, and, like the pebble, if the reluctant centuries withdrew from him their veil of forgetfulness he could emerge only with a figure and stature much changed.

Lawlessness is bred by those that abuse the forms of law; it is time that the honest man should cease to pay for him that is not; the hour has come when men in the United States shall put on the full stature of the dignity of uprightness and cease to scramble for personal profits like so many greedy children. It is of no use to asseverate, it is of no use to protest that the average man is upright and respects his neighbor's goods; we know that all this is true of him, but it is the average man that by his thought, his actions and his political sympathies, makes what is called public opinion, and it is public opinion that guards or neglects the common weal. As the common weal is cherished, so is the virtue of public opinion; as the quality of public opinion is sternly upheld or flabbily relaxed, so is the average man to be praised or blamed. It is of the essence of a democratic government that the individual shall be responsible and shall trust to great rules for his guidance

Municipal Inspection of Kitchens

and not to persons. The only way in which he can show the world that he follows those rules is by their enforcement, without fear or favor.

We do not believe that there has been created a monopoly which, as Mr. Knox Smith seems to think, is or will be beyond the broad application of the rules of justice. As gradually the people have come to realize that too much money and too much power can be reposed in one man or a group, so gradually they have devised lawful means for curbing or curtailing them, without any violent change of fundamental constitutional law. How much they have been anticipated or how much aided by those about to feel the touch of those lawful means, it is impossible to say. But it is safe to say that those who have shrewdly engrossed to themselves the people's necessities have now an opportunity to turn shrewdness into wisdom by loosening a grasp voluntarily that may be otherwise quite unfastened and without very much consultation of their wishes in the matter. Notwithstanding great changes in the composition of the population of the United States wrought by an immigration most carelessly encouraged, there still subsists the American sense of humor, but this sense of humor will never be developed to a point where citizens will admit that the country is maintained for the purpose of putting a great many millions of dollars into the hands of a very limited number. The functions of a milch-cow are not among those of a nation's existence.

St. Louis and the Missouri Capital

RECENT destruction by fire of the Missouri state capital at Jefferson City and the consequent necessity of erecting a new structure in its place, are circumstances that have given rise to the question of removing the seat of government to some other point. St. Louis would like to be chosen as the future capital of the state wherein it now ranks indisputably as the metropolis. But opposition has already developed, and if St. Louis shall eventually succeed it will be only after a sharp contest.

In some respects Jefferson City is an ideal location for a state capital. The site of the quondam capitol is particularly beautiful—a bluff overlooking the Missouri river, with rolling country for many miles in all directions. The Kansas City Star reflects a prevalent view of the matter throughout the state when it says that the life of Missouri has been faithfully mirrored in Jefferson City for several generations. The great river determined its location, and the big Missouri's largest affluent, the Osage, was a contributing factor. History of the place is woven into the history of the state so closely that it would be impossible to separate the one from the other. Yet, St. Louis has in reality some prior claims based upon historic grounds. It was at St. Louis that the province of northern Louisiana was transferred to the United States. St. Louis was the first capital of Missouri. The first Governor and the first Lieutenant-Governor were inaugurated there. The first Legislature met there. The state's first representatives in the United States Senate—David Barton and the great Thomas Benton—were elected there. The capital remained in St. Louis until it was removed to St. Charles in 1821. Later it was transferred to Jefferson City.

In reply to two of the arguments raised against the St. Louis proposal, the Globe Democrat of that city says: "Nobody has ever heard the people of Massachusetts grumble because their state capital is on the verge of the state or in the state's largest city." This is true. The objection to the populous city as a seat of government cannot hold good any longer, in view of the fact that all of the smaller capitals are now practically accessible to the multitude through improved transportation.

Missouri, of course, will decide this question for itself. It will matter little in the long run where the state capital shall be located. What will matter is the character of the state government, and in this respect Missouri can find as much justification as any of its sisters in looking confidently toward the future.

WITH France ordering fifty locomotives from Glasgow, who can doubt the cordial relations between Gaul and Britain?

Montenegro and Its King

CONTENTMENT and Balkan affairs are not usually considered synonymous terms. Southeastern Europe has furnished more than one incident which has caused apprehension, in that particular section of the continent as well as elsewhere. But King Nicholas and the Montenegrins, at any rate, seem to be getting along satisfactorily, and it actually appears as if the elevation of the principality into a kingdom had strengthened the ties between ruler and subjects. It may be said that a change from princely sovereignty to royal rule is a matter of degree and not of kind. Nicholas of Montenegro undoubtedly has no more authority today than when he bore a less regal title. At the same time, adding one more name to the list of kings is a sufficient novelty to turn the popular gaze upon the mountain regions where Cetinje is capital.

Smallness of Montenegro may be responsible for the intimacy which exists between King Nicholas and his people. This alone, however, could never have wrought the affection which is evident in all dealings between the ruler and his subjects. As a matter of fact, Montenegro is the last of the patriarchal governments in Europe, and it is the parental care of the King in matters of smallest importance which makes the relationship unique.

The American minister to Greece, George H. Moses, who is also the accredited representative of the United States in Montenegro, has recently had an opportunity to view King Nicholas and his people at close range. It is not to be wondered that the scenes enacted at Cetinje, when Nicholas received a deputation of veterans of the war of '58, were of peculiar interest to the American minister, accustomed as he had been to popular demonstrations in his own republic. But what happened at Cetinje apparently went republican one better. King and peasant embraced each other, while their tears mingled. That Nicholas called each veteran by name as he came forward is not surprising when it is told that the King is personally acquainted with every resident of the capital with its 5000 inhabitants.

The Montenegrins in their relations to King Nicholas furnish a welcome counteraction to influences that aim at widening the breach between present-day rulers and subjects. Where the will of the people is summed up in the so-called ruler, harmony within the nation is established and even a monarchy is not oppressive.